1	Page 1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
_	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
2	老师的人,她没有她的人,我就是这些人的人,她也没有一个人,我们也没有一个人,我们也没有一个人,我们就会看到了一个人。""我们是"
2	CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION
3	<u> 이렇도 보는데, 다른 사람들은 이번 보면</u> 보면 환경된 경기에 보는 데 보고를 통해 보였다.
	STEVEN T. VETTERS, INDIVIDUALLY *
4	AND AS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE *
	ESTATE OF SHARON G. VETTERS, *
5	DECEASED, AND FOR AND ON BEHALF *
	ALL THOSE ENTITLED TO RECOVER FOR*
6	THE DEATH OF SHARON G. VETTERS *
	UNDER THE TEXAS WRONGFUL DEATH *
7	AND SURVIVAL ACTS, ERIN VETTERS *
	RUEL, STEVEN B. VETTERS, JOHN W. *
8	STOCKTON, AND HAZEL L. STOCKTON *
	전 : ^ : ^ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
9	vs. * CA NO. 05-03
10	DAIMLERCHRYSLER CORPORATION *
11	
12	THE VIDEOTAPED ORAL DEPOSITION OF
13	JOHN STILSON
14	October 13, 2005
15	OCCODEL AL 2005 PAR AND
16	APPEARANCES
17	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFFS:
18	MR. CRAIG SICO
10	Sico, White & Braugh, LLP
19	802 N. Carancahua, Ste. 900
	Corpus Christi, Texas 78470
20	중인 사용으로 한 경험 사용 회사 이 기가 가는 경우 가는 모든 사용으로 취임하는 것이 되었다. 현대
21	ATTORNEY FOR DAIMLERCHRYSLER CORPORATION:
22	MR. ROBERT SONNIER
	Clark, Thomas & Winters, P.C.
23	300 West Sixth Street, Suite 1500
	Austin, Texas 78701
24	
	ALSO PRESENT: Mr. Robie Rowley, Videographer
25	
	REPORTED BY: REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, C.S.R.

Page 2	<b>■</b>
1 INDEX TO TESTIMONY	1 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are on the record.
PAGE	2 This is the videotaped deposition of John Stilson.
3	3 Today's date is October 13, 2005, and the time is 10:02
4 Examination:	4 a.m.
5 By Mr. Sonnier 4	5
6 By Mr. Sico	6 JOHN STILSON,
7	7 having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
Re-examination:	
8	9 EXAMINATION
By Mr. Sonnier	10
	11 BY MR. SONNIER:
10 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
	12 Q Sir, could you please state your name for the
12	13 record.
EXIBIT INDEX	14 A John Michael Stilson.
13 PAGE	15 Q Mr. Stilson, my name is Robert Sonnier. I
14 44 Deposition notice 12	16 represent DaimlerChrysler Corporation in a lawsuit
15 45 CD with photos from 9/6/05 19 16 46 CD with photos from 10/3/05 20	17 styled Vetters versus DaimlerChrysler Corporation, and
17 47 DVD with testing 20	18 you're aware we're here to take your deposition in this
18 48 Accident investigation report 42	19 case today.
19 49 Photo of vehicle 275	20 A That's my understanding, yes.
20 50 Copy of handwritten notes 307	21 Q Okay. It's my understanding, sir, that you
21	22 have been identified as an expert in this case by
22	
23	23 plaintiffs; is that right?
24	24 A If you under if that's your understanding,
25	25 then I guess
Page 3	Page 5
1 THE ORAL DEPOSITION OF THE WITNESS, JOHN	1 Q Okay.
2 STILSON, was taken by MR. ROBERT SONNIER before me,	2 A it's my understanding.
3 REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in	3 Q Okay.
4 and for the State of Texas, on the 13th day of October,	4 A All right.
5 2005, between the hours of 10:02 a.m. and 5:15 p.m., at	5 Q So our understandings meet, correct?
6 the offices of Sico, White & Braugh, LLP, 802 N.	6 A That's right.
7 Carancahua, Suite 900, Corpus Christi, Nueces County,	7 Q Okay. And also, and correct me if I'm wrong,
8 Texas, pursuant to the Rules and the following	8 but it is further my understanding that you have been
9 stipulations and agreements of counsel, to-wit:	9 retained as a consulting expert to specifically address
10 It is stipulated and agreed by and between	10 issues relating to the design, manufacture, marketing
11 counsel and the respective parties hereto that the	11 of the transmission system in the 2002 Durango, which
12 deposition of the witness named in the caption hereto	12 is the Vetters's vehicle.
13 may be taken at this time and place pursuant to	13 A Well, yes, but more specifically the gear
14 agreement, and that the said deposition or any part	14 selection system.
15 thereof, when so taken, may be used on the trial of	15 Q Qkay.
16 this cause the same as if the witness were present in	16 A That's probably the term of art.
17 Court and testifying in person.	17 Q Okay.
18	18 A All right.
19	19 Q So your focus, then, in this case is the gear
20	20 selection system on this particular vehicle?
21 22	21 A Correct.
	t // () () Now and just for elarification obviously
	22 Q Okay. And just for clarification, obviously,
23	23 you're not a biomechanical expert, correct?
23 24	23 you're not a biomechanical expert, correct? 24 A No.
23	23 you're not a biomechanical expert, correct?

Page 6 Page 8 reconstruction in this case, are you? A With the exception of the proximate cause 2 2 issue, that's true. 0 You are not a -- a warnings expert in this 3 Q Okay. And when you talk about proximate 4 case. Would that be correct? cause issue - well, let me ask you this: Have you A I'm not sure how the designation would work in reviewed Mr. Locke's report? that category. I do have opinions as expressed in my No. 7 report about warnings. 7 Q Okay. Have you spoken with Mr. Locke? 8 O Okay. 8 No. 9 Okay. 9 Okay. Do you know anything about his 10  ${\bf Q} - {\bf And} - {\bf and} \ {\bf I}$  appreciate the amendment. 10 opinions with respect to the reconstruction in this 11 We'll -- I did see that in your report, and I will 11 case? cover that and ask you some specific questions about 12 it. But generally speaking, and I -- like I said, 13 13 . Q With regard to the human factors area, have we'll go over them later, but you may have some 14 you done any studies regarding the shift habits or opinions with regard to informing consumers about characteristics of operators of motor vehicles? 15 certain conditions that exist because of the design of 16 16 A Over the years, yes, I have. Going back to 17 this system, correct? 17 the C802 investigations, all the -- all the 18 A That's correct. 18 documentation by Ford, and then the National Highway 19 Q Okay. You're not a human factors expert; is 19 Traffic Safety Administration, and then independent 20 that correct? 20 contractors to the automotive industry, as well as A I am. I don't know if they've been -- I've 21 NHTSA, who did all these studies. 22 been designated that in this particular case, but it 22 In addition, in the course of the cases 23 will -- my human factors expertise will come to bear in 23 that I was involved with, well, investigative wise, we 24 24 did studies. One report came out of Minneapolis, 25 Q Okay. And generally speaking, could you just 25 Minnesota, and another report -- other things that I Page 7 Page 9 tell us how your human factors area or -- of expertise have done randomly, I mean, just asked people 2 will come into play in this particular matter. 2 individually about some of their habits and reactions 3 A Well, basically, it will be ergonomics. It's 3 to this kind of system, advised them of what I believe going to be the interaction of the person with the was inherently wrong with the system, and -- and to get system, humans with systems. In this particular case, 5 their reactions as to what that meant to them, so I obviously, the issue is the gear selection system and 6 have done that, but I haven't done it in the form of -- but it also extends to how the humans interact with where I did a study and published it, okay. that gear selection system in making decisions. 8 Q Okay. And that was my next question. Have Q Okay. You're not a statistician; is that you ever published anything with regard to human factor 10 correct? 10 study regarding shift habits or characteristics of an 11 A I am, but I'm not going to be one in this 11 operator of a motor vehicle? 12 case. 12 A Only -- only in the form of deposition and 13 Q Okay. trial testimony, --13 14 Okay. A 14 Q Okay. Q And since you brought the issue with regard 15 -- that kind of publication. No -- no formal 16 to – to human factors, you are going to address, in 16 technical publication through any journals or anything. 17 this case, generally how an operator interacts with Q Okay. One thing I'm assuming you would tell 17 18 this gear selection system in this particular vehicle; me is that you have done an analysis from a human 18 19 is that correct? factors standpoint of shift characteristics with motor 20 A Yes. That would be one of the things that 20 vehicle operators in a particular case that you've been 21 I'll be addressing, correct. 21 hired to consult on. Okay. But in terms of the reconstruction of A That's true, but it goes beyond that. Like I

23

74

said, it extends into the C802 and then the -- up

investigation of Ford and other automotive

through 1981 and then a post 1981 continued NHTSA

23 this particular accident, I assume you're going to tell

the accident reconstructionist in this case.

me to go depose Mr. Locke who has been designated as

- 1 manufacturers for what they used to call park to
- 2 reverse syndrome, and so those studies are all open
- 3 public record and I -- I've reviewed all of them.
- 4 Q Okay.
- 5 A Okay.
- Q And when you talk about the C802, you're
- 7 talking about the -- NHTSA's investigation of the Ford
- 8 vehicles. I I think the final deal came out
- 9 some like in 1980; is that correct?
- 10 A Yeah. Of course, you understand that in that
- 11 particular process General Motors and Chrysler became
- 12 intimately involved in the -- in the investigation,
- 13 it's just that Ford had the highest compliment of
- 14 problems, but they -- NHTSA investigated GM and
- 15 Chrysler and the Japanese.
- 16 Q Okay. And as a result of C802, the -- the
- 17 only recall that was issued was with respect to Ford
- 18 vehicles, correct?
- 19 A That's correct.
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A That's true.
- 22 Q And when you talk about your involvement with
- 23 C802, you're talking about reviewing the -- the
- 24 documentation from both NHTSA and the auto
- 25 manufacturers relating to that investigation?

- 1 this case?
- 2 A I don't know. There's a yellow folder that

Page 12

- 3 has all the pleadings, and if it's in there I got it --
- I -- I received it, and if it's not, I didn't.
- Q Okay.
- 6 A But I don't recall reviewing it.
- 7 Q Let me just show you this, Discovery Exhibit
- 8 No. 44.
- 9 A Okay.
- 10 Q I'm representing to you that's the deposition
- 11 notice that we served in this case relating to your
- 12 deposition here today, and having looked -- looked at
- 13 that right now, do you recall reviewing that?
  - A I did not review this.
- 15 O Okav.

14

21

- 16 A I'm not saying I didn't get it. I'm saying I
- 17 didn't review it.
- 18 Q Okay. Now, Mr. Stilson, you brought your
- 9 file materials here with you today; is that correct?
- 20 A I did.
  - Q Okay. Earlier, Mr. Sico produced to me a
- 22 couple of boxes of documents that I think were -- were
- 23 produced that are part of your file, and in going
- 24 through these two boxes it appears that what is
- contained in those boxes would be documents that were

## Page 11

- A That, and -- and then Ford internal
- investigations that they did independently. In other
- 3 words, which would not be part of the NHTSA record, but
- 4 they did internal investigations on their own, several:
- 5 shopping centers, fleet, their fleet environments where
- 6 they went out and tested their fleets, had people do --
- 7 even -- even company people. They took out
- 8 secretaries, engineers, etc., and did surveys within
- 9 the corporation of -- of what they would probably be
- 10 directed at driver behavior, operator behavior.
- 11 Q Okay. Did did you participate in any of
- 12 those studies when you were at Ford?
- 13 A Indirectly we did. We -- I did those studies.
- 14 In other words, when when I was a development group
- 15 leader, I did studies-like that at Ford Motor Company
- 16 and, yes, I did use employees for some of the work that
- 7 we working on the in the human factors area and in a
- 18 sign-off area. We had vehicle sign-off.
- 19 MR. SONNIER: I need exhibit stickers.
- 20 COURT REPORTER: Craig.
- 21 MR. SICO: Oh, sorry.
- 22 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) I'm going to go ahead and
- 23 mark a couple of things real quick before I hand them
- 24 over to you. I'm going to first of all, you
- 25 received the deposition notice for your deposition in

- Page 13 produced by DaimlerChrysler in this litigation, other
- 2 records that either one of the parties have subpoenaed
- 3 or or ordered with respect to this matter, discovery
- 4 responses by the very -- by the two parties, and the
- 5 various deposition transcripts from this case. You --
- 6 all of that material is part of your file, correct?
- A Part -- part of the file that was copies from
- 8 the -- there's three boxes, but they have been -- Box 1
- was -- has been incorporated into Box 3.
- 10 Q Okay.
- 1 A And the -- there's an index to all the file
- 12 material that is in the boxes, and they should be in
- 13 there. The things that you probably don't have would
- 4 be -- what are the things I just got? I just got a
- 15 copy of the photographs of my inspection, I got a DVD
- 16 of some testing an analysis that Mr. Sico provided to
- 17 me, and then I have the 2005 recall of the Wrangler and
- 18 Durango, and then there may be a couple of more
- 19 documents, plus the bucks, of course, that we produced
- 20 at the time of the tear down. Those, of course -- one
- 21 of them's here, but the rest of them are at the
- 22 warehouse, but we showed them to the Chrysler expert
- 23 that was present, as well as the attorney, and advised
- 24 her that we might use them as trial exhibits. Other 25 than that, we -- those boxes contain everything, except

Page 14 Page 16 pretty much what I outlined for you. I -- I don't know. I don't see it in my Q Okay. Other than the -- the two bucks that file. I didn't -- it's not mine. I didn't take it. 3 are exhibits that are not in the conference room with It may be Mr. Sico has that video, or whatever -us today, is there anything else that's part of your whatever, and it's -- it's his. It's not mine. He file that -- that is not here? may doing that as work product. I don't --A Subject vehicle. 6 MR. SICO: Which video are you talking Q Okay. And you understand that's still over 7 about? The -at Mr. Sico's warehouse? 8 THE WITNESS: The September 6, 2005 where A That's correct. 9 we did the inspection. We did a couple - my Q Okay. You mentioned photographs from your 10 10 recollection, I thought we did a videotape of the some vehicle inspection. I know you first inspected this 11 of the conditions. vehicle at his warehouse on September 6th, 2005. Would 12 MR. SICO: Right. No. I think it's in 13 that be accurate? 13 your file. I think when I looked through it this 14 A That's correct. 14 morning, I thought I saw it in there. 15 Q And then you've seen that vehicle how many 15 THE WITNESS: Okay. I didn't see it, sir. other times after that date? 16 MR. SICO: It's in a -- it's in the hard 17 Twice. 17 cover, the one that Matt and I did was in the soft. 18 Q Okay. Do you -- do you have the dates handy 18 cover. 19 on when the subsequent inspections took place? 19 THE WITNESS: Oh! Well, then, that's in 20 A Well, if you're talking about inspections, 20 here. just one. It would be the tear-down of October 3rd. 21 MR. SICO: It may be in your green file. 2005. I've seen the vehicle, obviously, at the 22 THE WITNESS: No. August 8, that's yours. 23 warehouse, responding to your question. 23 MR. SICO: Right. Q Okay. So in terms of doing an inspection of 24 THE WITNESS: Oh, here's September 6th. this particular vehicle for purposes of your work in 25 I'm sorry. There it is. Thank you, sir. I'm sorry. Page 15 Page 17 1 this case, you've -- you've done that on two different Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Okay. So you handed me a CD, 2 occasions? or DVD, excuse me. It's 2002 Durango, or Dodge 3 A That's right. Durango inspection; is that correct? Q That would be the September 6th date and the A Yes. And that would be, in fact, Mr. Sico's October 3rd tear-down? videographer's copy to me of that inspection. Thank A That is correct. you, sir. Q Okay. And the photos that you have, they're Q Okay. And when we say video, it's contained on a CD; is that correct? 8 actually -- it's actually --9 A That's right. 9 A DVD. 10 Q And are those photographs that were taken both O -- formatted in a DVD, correct? 10 11 on the September 6th vehicle inspection and October 3rd 11 Right. 12 inspection? 12 Q Okay. 13 A No. The October 3rd -- that CD is only the 13 MR. SICO: Craig and I -- and I just --14 October 3rd. The September 6th, I think, are in --14 just so you know, I think I've got extra copies of both 15 no. And then these are -- these are photographs, 15 of those for you. I don't think they're in those 16 actually, off the CDs. I have a book for the October 16 copies. I think that's just his stuff, so if you 17 3rd. The September 6th was taken by an independent 17 remind me at the break, I'll get you copies. videographer. I don't know that any photographs were 18 MR. SONNIER: Okay. 19 taken. I think it was a videographer. So there's a 19 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) This -- the video or the DVD 20 videotape of that inspection, as I recall. 20 that was shot in your inspection from the September 6th 21 Q And do you know who the independent 21. inspection, did you direct the individuals shooting 22 videographer was? 22 this video as to what they were to tape? A No. It was -- they were retained by Mr. Sico. 23 23 A In the areas of where I wanted specific Q Okay. And do you have a copy of that 24 information related, I directed them, otherwise, no. 25 videotape? 25 Q Okay. Is there sound associated with this, or

Page 20 Page 18 do you know? 6th, 2005 inspection -- or not photographs, but actually they're DVD. 2 A I don't know. 3 MR. SICO: I think there is. Yes. (By Mr. Sonnier) Okay. Now, the October 3rd Okay. Correct. inspection, the tear-down, you have some photographs 6 from that particular inspection; is that correct? (WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 46 WAS MARKED.) A I do. Q (By Mr. Sonnier) And Discovery Exhibit No. 46, Mr. Sico has indicated to us that those - or that CD Q And are those contained on a -- on a separate 9 CD or prints in a notebook? contains photographs that were taken at your October 10 A I -- I was given -- I -- I was given the 10 3rd, 2005 inspection. prints, and I don't know if they -- I thought they were 11 A That's correct. 11 also a CD. Yeah, here it is. I knew I had a CD. 12 (WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 47 WAS MARKED.) There it is. That's why I couldn't find it, it's in 13 (By Mr. Sonnier) Okay. And then Discovery 13 14 here. 14 Exhibit No. 47, I've put that sticker on the -- the cover for this CD, but I've written No. 47 on it. 15 15 MR. SICO: Extra copy of that for you, as 16 well. What -- what is that? What's on that CD? 17 MR. SONNIER: Okay. And everything that's 17 A That's some testing that Mr. Sico did at the on here is -- the prints are in that? 18 scene of the accident with the subject vehicle and some 19 MR. SICO: That's what I asked him to do. testing that was done by an attorney of Mr. Sico's 20 I can't promise you. I didn't check it. office again doing some -- to demonstrate the function MR. SONNIER: Okay. 21 of the gear -- gear selection system on that date, or 21 22 A That's the understanding, let's put it that near -- on or about that date. 23 23 Q Okay. And just for clarification, you were wav. not present at the vehicle testing of August 8th of Q Okay. Why don't I do this: Just so I don't 24 get screwed up later on, --2005: is that correct? 25 Page 19 Page 21 A Yeah. I was not. Q -- I'm going to -- I'm going to put an exhibit Q Okay. You've reviewed this material, though? sticker on these. A I've reviewed it. 4 MR. SICO: Let me get copies right now. Q Okay. And who -- who partic -- I haven't Do you want to take a quick break? seen this, so I obviously have to ask you these MR. SONNIER: We can do that. questions, but who conducted the testing on -- on the 7 MR. SICO: Let me just do that so I'll get 7 vehicle? 8 your set. Mr. Sico. Α 9 MR. SONNIER: Yeah. We'll just put the Okay. 10 stickers on mine. 10 And Mr. -- and Matt --11 VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at 11 MR. SICO: Dotin. 12 10:18 a.m. 12 -- Dotin. 13 (WHEREUPON AT THIS TIME A SHORT 13 Q And I take it you didn't have any part in 14 **BREAK WAS TAKEN.)** directing this testing that they performed on the 15 (WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 45 WAS MARKED.) 15 vehicle at the scene. 16 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record 16 A I did not. 17 at 10:24 a.m. 17 Okay. Now, the -- Okay. So we've talked 18 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Okay. Mr. Stilson, Craig about all the -- the videos or DVDs or photographs that was kind enough to make some copies of some CDs here, you've either taken or reviewed in relationship to your 19 20 so I just want to make sure we have all that straight 20 work in this case, right? so I know all the photos and CDs and whatnot that you 21 A That's correct. 22 have as part of your file. 22 Q Okay. Is there anything that you've reviewed 23 Discovery Exhibit No. 45 is - is in -- in preparation for reaching your opinions in this 23 24 labeled -- has a -- his firm's name on it and case other than the subject vehicle and the two bucks -24 25 everything. Those are photographs from the September that are not in this room today? Anything that you've

1 reviewed or relied upon that's not here other than

2 those items?

A There's a small fixture that was shown to them

to show how the brake light -- lock -- interlock system

6 Q And --

7 A That was shown to the Chrysler expert and the

attorney at the time of the tear-down, as well.

9 Q Okay. You said a small feature?

10 A Small fixture.

11 Q Fixture. I'm sorry. What -- what was the

12 fixture?

17

13 A It has the cable and brake interlock with some

14 batteries to activate the solenoid as to how the pin

engages to -- and locks out the cable. It's a

16 demonstrative aid.

Q Okay. Is that something that you brought with

18 you to that inspection?

19 A Yes, it was at the tear-down. It was at the

20 tear-down and they observed it and operated it.

21 Q Okay. And -- and just so I understand, since

22 I wasn't there that day, it's -- it's a cable that

23 contains the brake-shift interlock feature?

24 A Well, it's -- it's -- it's a production cable

25 that has the interlock feature in the solenoid, —

1 have the design drawing, so it's all --

2 Q Okay.

A -- if it's not identical, it's substantially

Page 24

Page 25

4 similar.

3

5 Q Where is the pin on that fixture? I'm talking

6 about the pin that inserts --

7 A It's inside the solenoid assembly.

Q Okay. You mentioned there are three mock-ups

9 that have been done in this case. One is -- is in

10 here with us today. Could you explain to me exactly

11 what that is we have over here?

12 A It's a buck we call -- I would call it a buck,

13 a body buck. It's -- it's got the steering column,

14 brake pedal assembly, the brake interlock system, the

15 cluster bezel, a brake light simulated, and then the

16 cable hardware from both the steering column, shift

17 mechanism down to the transmission and to the interlock

18 system, and then the transmission has been

19 disassembled, except -- and cut away for the purposes

20 of showing the inner mechanisms for the gear selection

21 system which incorporate the valve body, the linear

22 rooster comb, the shift -- outside shift manual, the

23 inner shift manual, and then the parking gear system,

24 and that's all demonstrated and shown on this buck. And

5 the -- all -- and the cable attachments and everything

Page 23

Q Okay.

A -- but it's -- it's so -- it's to show

3 demonstratively how the pin engages the slot of the

4 cable to lock it out, so it's electronically set up.

5 It also has a brake light on it.

6 Q Okay. And where did you purchase that from?

7 A Mr. Sico obtained that, and I believe that

8 also came through Mr. Rosenblueth.

9 Q Okay. Is there a part number on it or

10 anything? If -- if I went and looked at it at the

11 warehouse, is there a part number or any identifying

12 mark on it that -- that I could find that you're aware

13 of?

14 A I didn't -- I didn't really pay attention to

15 whether that has a part number on it or not, -

16 Q Okay.

17 A -- so I can't answer. It may have, and I just

18 don't remember.

19 Q Okay. So it was just represented to you that

20 that was one -- an exemplar part that would have been

21 in this vehicle?

22 A Well, it was represented to me and then, of

23 course, I've seen the -- we've got this buck, we've got

24 the other -- we got the second buck, and then we have

the subject vehicle, and then we have the draw -- I

1 are all hooked up.

Q Okay. So the — the linkage is part of this

3 exhibit, correct?

A That's correct.

Q Okay. Who -- who built that buck?

A Mr. Rosenblueth's people, to my knowledge.

7 Q Gerald Rosenblueth?

A Yeah. That's correct.

9 Q Okay. As opposed to William Rosenblueth?

10 A Yes. Not Bill, Jerry. Jerry. My

11 understanding is Gerald, yes, or Jerry.

12 Q Okay. Do you know Jerry Rosenblueth?

13 A I do.

14 Q You've worked with him in other matters

15 before?

8

16

A I have word with him previously.

17 Q Okay. And it's your understanding that he,

18 or someone in his shop, constructed this buck?

19 A That's what I've been advised. That's my 20 understanding.

21 Q Okay. And whether it was Jerry, or someone

22 in his office, is it -- is it your understanding that

it was built under his direction or supervision?
A I was advised that that is the case.

Q Okay. Now, this particular buck that's --

Page 28 Page 26 1 that's in the conference room this morning is one that -- so you know. 1 has parts that would have been present in the Vetters 2 Q Right. vehicle, correct? 3 Those bags hanging on the side are extra A That's correct. interlock switches in the part of the -- or, excuse me. They're for the brake pedal switch. They're not part Q This does not have any of the fixes, or what I of the cable system, so you know what they are. may refer to as alternative design parts? A That is correct. They're just extras in case something happens. Okay. The -- the light there on top of the Q Okay. Have you spoken to Mr. Rosenblueth instrument panel, --9 about this case? 10 A No. 10 A That's the brake light ----that's --11 Q Okay. 11 12 A I have not. 12 -- simulated. Q Have you -- other than the bucks that -- that 13 -- the simulated brake light? 13 he produced, or his office produced, have you reviewed 14 Right. any of the material that he has produced relating to 15 Okay. Okay. Now, describe for us the other 15 16 two bucks that -- that have been prepared in connection 17 A Nothing. Not spoke with him, nor have I seen 17 with this matter. any of his writing or have I been present at any of his 18 A Well, the -- the other two -- the one I 18 inspections. explained to you was the -- just the cable interlock 19 20 Q Okay. The exhibit here this morning system, that's the other buck, and then the second buck 21 that's -- that's in the conference room with us, will 21 to this one with the -- what Mr. Sico described as the brown steering wheel, it has three of the alternative 22 you be relying upon that to support your opinions in 23 this case? design fixes associated with -- with the defects 24 A Sure. involved with the sub -- subject vehicle system. One 25 Q Okay. Now, -of them is the brake interlock functioning, second is Page 27 Page 29 the key interlock system functioning, the third --MR. SONNIER: Craig, do you -- do you want third is the false detent condition is less likely to to put a sticker on it just so we --3 occur on this -- on that because the -- the insert MR. SICO: No, I don't. I mean, we're offering it up so you can look at it today. I don't plate has a tapered land toward the part which was want to make it a piece of evidence that I can't modify represent -- which was recommended by Ford back in it if there's a decision by the plaintiffs that they 1974, and it has a higher tension spring for the roller 7 need to modify it. ball or cam -- for the cam system in the transmission. 8 We can videotape it, you can take a 8 The only thing that isn't in that picture of it, whatever you need. I will tell you 9 particular buck that may have to be, and that's why -10 this: The other one -- if you want to make the one reason I think Mr. Sico doesn't want to mark them 11 distinction between the two bucks, the other one has a at this point is we -- the looseness in the cable. The 12 tan steering wheel, this one has a black steering cable looseness is demonstrated on all of the -- both 13 wheel. That's the way I tell them apart. these bucks, and we haven't addressed that issue yet on 14 MR. SONNIER: Okay. Can we get our the bucks at all. So that would be the -- the next condition, and that would be that the -- the cable 15 videographer just to pan over there just so if we have 16 questions later on --16 looseness would be eliminated. 17 MR. SICO: Sure. 17 Q Okay. So I ended up writing down four 18 MR. SONNIER: - I want to make sure that 18 different things that are actually on this third buck. 19 you and I are not talking about apples and oranges. 19 No. 1 would be a functional brake interlock cable, 20 A Yeah. And by the way, so you know, you -- the 20 correct? 21 guy that was there, the Chrysler guy, took extensive 21 A Correct. 22 videos -22 Q The second one would be a functional key 23 23 Q Right. interlock system. 24 A -- of that buck, --24 A Correct.

Q Third one would be a modified insert plate,

25

25

Q Right.

Page 30 which is in the steering column of the vehicle, exactly when in spring they contacted me. I think it correct?

3 A That's correct.

Q And the fourth would be a higher tension spring which is in the transmission behind what you said was the roller ball --

Yeah.

7

-- internal to the transmission?

Roller -- roller cam system for the linear 10 rooster comb.

11 Q Okay. And the one thing that's -- that's not in that third buck that -- that you may need to deal 13 with at some point in time, if asked to do so, would be to modify it such that you eliminate the looseness in the shift cable.

16 A Correct.

17 Q And when you talk about the shift cable, are you talking about the cable linkage from -- from the 19 steering column down to the transmission?

20 A Iam.

21 Q Okay. That's a cable system, correct?

22 Correct.

23 Okay. Let me -- let me ask you, then, a few 24 questions, I started to earlier, about your particular inspections in this case. So let me -- let me kind of 3

was this spring. 2

Q Okay. So you weren't sent any file materials

when first contacted. Do you know when you first received any file materials relating to this matter?

A Maybe. It looks like the first communicative

Page 32

Page 33

7 letter in my file is September 7th of 2005.

Q And let me take a look at that real quick.

9 A And here's September 9th where they --

September 14th where they started sending me 10

11 information, --

8

12

13

Q Okay.

-- so it's a continuous flow there.

14 Okay. So the -- the first correspondence you

15 would have received from them is, as you've indicated,

16 September 7, 2005, a letter addressed to you from Ms.

17 Reyes, who works with Mr. Sico, confirming that October

18 13th had been reserved for deposition regarding this

19 matter; is that correct?

20 A Unless there's documentation elsewhere in -

in the individual file folder somewhere that didn't get 21

22 into this correspondence file, that would be the first

23 one that I -- that I'm showing you.

24 Q Okay. Does that letter indicate that any

25 materials were -- came with it?

Page 31

get back to that.

My understanding is the first time you saw this vehicle was on September 6th, 2005 in Mr. Sico's

warehouse.

A That's correct.

Q Okay. Do you have, Mr. Stilson, anywhere in

your notes, a date on - on which you were first

contacted about this case?

A No, but it was last spring.

Q Spring of 2005? 10

A I believe so, or the end of 2004. It was in

12 that time frame.

13 Q Okay. And who contacted you about this the

14 first time?

A I believe it was Mr. Braugh or Mr. Sico, but I

16 can't remember. They contacted me at that time.

17 Q Okay. Did they send you file materials at

18 that time?

19 . : A No, because they told me that the trial at

20 that point had been scheduled for the summer, and I

21 take the summer off, my vacation, so I told them that

22 it was very unlikely that I could assist them at that

time and, as you know, since then there's been a

continuance so they called -- recontacted me and that's

how I got activated. But -- and I don't remember

No, it doesn't.

Q Okay. The next correspondence, then, you

would have received is dated September 9th, 2005, which

happens to be the first date you actually saw the

vehicle in the warehouse, correct?

6 A · No.

8

16

20

25

7 Q I'm sorry.

September 6th.

9 0 You saw it the 6th.

10 Right.

Okay. I stand corrected. Let me rephrase 11

12 that, then. The -- the next correspondence you would

13 have received is September 9th, 2005, and it indicates

14 they were sending you some file materials for review,

15 correct?

A That -- that's correct.

17 Q And to your knowledge, that's the first time

you received any materials regarding this accident? 18

19 Well, officially received them, yes, --A

Okay.

21 -- or I had seen them before.

22 Q You had actually looked at the vehicle three

23 days before this letter, correct?

24 A Right. And Mr. Sico had provided me with

the -- some information at that point, the police

9

11

16

23

2

4

9

Page 34 report, maybe some photos that he had, and I looked at his information.

- Q Okay. And I take it you would have looked at that when you were down here looking at the vehicle?
- 5 A Correct.
- 6 Q Okay.
- A Well, yeah. A day before that, maybe. I
- 8 don't know, but it -- it was during that inspection
- 9 that I was first provided materials associated with the
- 10 police report, scene photographs, and information from
- any discovery that had been going on, in other words,
- 12 and then I requested they send it to me, so you -- it
- 13 looks like she complied three days later, which is
- 14 pretty good.
- 15 Q Okay. Now, when you first inspected this
- 16 vehicle on September the 6th, 2005, do you know all
- 17 who -- excuse me. Do you know who all would have been
- .8 present at -- at that inspection?
- 19 A Mr. Brink, Mr. Sico, and a videographer
- 20 person. I think that was -- and me.
- 21 Q Okay. Now, it's my understanding, in
- 22 reviewing your report, that you had the opportunity to
- 23 do some testing of the subject vehicle on that date.
- 24 A That's correct. Well, let's -- we gotta be
- 25 careful with those words. I evaluated the system in

Page 36

Page 37

- 1 A They use shift gate, gate plate. Insert plate
- 2 is a Ford and NHTSA term, so that's fine.
- 3 Q Okay. But it's -- it's the metal component
- 4 within the steering column. It's essentially situated
- 5 at the bottom end of the shift lever and there are
- 6 various notches in that component that are supposed to
- 7 represent different gear positions, correct?
  - A Detent positions we call them, correct.
  - Q Okay. On your first inspection, did you also
- 10 have the opportunity to evaluate the parking system --
  - A I did.
- 12 Q -- of the vehicle? And -- and I'm going to
- 13 break that down into two categories. No. 1, you have
- 4 a -- a -- a park brake. Some people refer to it as an
- 15 emergency brake.
  - A Right.
- 17 Q Do you know what I'm talking about?
- 18 A I do
- 19 Q There's a -- a pedal that's kind of on the
- 20 left-hand side. You depress it with one of your feet
- 21 and engage the park brake system of the vehicle,
- 22 correct?
  - A I did evaluate that.
- 24 Q Okay. And to release that brake, I think
- 25 there's a handle you pull to release the brake,

Page 35

- its normal operation mode.
- 2 Q Okay.
- A No. There was no testing done, just I
- evaluated it as if it was -- I was a -- a customer who
- bought the vehicle and was operating it.
- Q Okay. So -- and when you say you evaluated
- 7 the -- the systems, that would involve you getting in
- 8 the vehicle, cranking the engine, manipulating the
- 9 shift lever so you could evaluate the different gear
- 10 positions in the -- in the transmission, correct?
  - A At some point, that's correct, that was done,
- 12 and that's on the videotape, --
- 13 Q Okay.

11

- 14 A -- I believe.
- 5 Q I take it, then, as part of that first
- 16 inspection you would have evaluated the -- the shift
- 17 lever and the -- the insert plate which is in the
- 18 steering column, correct?
- 19 A I would have done that through my normal
- 20 non-ob -- I can't observe it, but I can sense it.
- 21 Q Okay.
- 22 A It's a sensory condition, yes.
- 23 Q Now, just so we're not confused later on.
- 24 Insert plate, I've also heard that particular component
- 25 referred to as a gate plate or shift gate.

- 1 correct?
  - A It's a lever, correct.
  - Q Okay. And did the park brake work?
    - A It's functional.
- 5 O It's functional?
  - A Right.
- 7 Q Okay. Meaning that if -- if applied, it -- it
- 8 can restrain the vehicle from movement?
  - A Yes. If you press hard enough on the parking
- 10 brake system, if you're capable of pressing hard
- 11 enough, yes, you can restrain this vehicle.
- 12 Q Okay. Now, I take it in this particular case
- 13 you're not critical of either design or performance of
- 14 the park brake in the Vetters vehicle. Would that be
- 15 accurate?
- 16 A No. That's accurate. I'm not critical of
- 17 that ---

19

- 18 Q Okay.
  - A -- in terms of the parking brake --
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A -- as opposed to -- we can differentiate the
- 22 parking brake from the parking gear. There's a
- 23 difference, --
- 24 Q Okay.
- 25 A -- so we use parking brake.

10 (Pages 34 to 37)

Page 38 Page 40 Q And now getting into the second part of the 1 fumes. 2 parking system I'm going to refer to as, or direct your 2 Q Okay. You didn't want to get carbon monoxide attention to the park gear which is internal, the 3 poisoning, right? transmission, and also the park pawl which is a related A I didn't want to kill everybody, yeah. component, correct? Q Did you measure the slope outside where you A That's correct. 6 6 were doing the evaluation? Q Okay. During your inspection September 6th, A No, I did not. did you have the opportunity to evaluate the park gear Q Okay. Would you agree with me that the and the park pawl -surface where a vehicle is situated can affect or can 10 A I did. 10 influence how and whether a vehicle moves in any 11 - function? 11 particular gear position? 12 A I did. 12 Some surfaces, yes. 13 Okay. Did you also have the opportunity to 13 Okay. Getting back to your file. In -- in 14 evaluate the function of the inner manual lever in the 14 terms of the -- the work product that you have done in 15 transmission? Some people refer to it as the rooster this case, I kind of want to focus on that. We've 16 comb. 16 already talked about the photographs that you took, and 17 A I did. 17 I know there were photographs taken during your October 18 Q Okay. Backing up to the -- to the park gear, 3rd inspection, correct? 18 there's also something in the transmission that's 19 A Correct. 20 called the park apply rod. Do you know what I'm 20 Q And all of those photos, which are on a CD and 21 talking about? 21 contained here on Exhibit No. 46, are those photographs 22 A Ido. 22 that you yourself took? 23 Q It's - it's a component that extends from the 23 Some of them, others were taken by Mr. Braugh. rooster comb to the -- the park pawl; is that correct? 24 24 Okay. 0 A The -- the rooster comb linear locking member, 25 He wanted to take his own photographs, so --Page 39 Page 41 1 but that's attached to a cam plate, which is attached 1 Q Okay. to the rod. A -- he did, and they're -- that's why they're Q Okay. Your evaluation of this particular 3 all contained in there. Most of the photographs he vehicle on September the 6th, 2005, was it done inside took were of the interaction of the shift lever and the the warehouse, or did y'all take the -- the vehicle rooster comb, -outside of the warehouse? Q Okay. A Most of it was inside, and then for a couple -- or, excuse me, the insert plate. of short tests it was outside, but very short. Q The photographs that he took, were they taken Q Okay. The -- the evaluation you did on the 9 at your direction or suggestion? 10 system inside the warehouse, that's a flat concrete 10 A Indirectly. What happened is I had taken all 11 surface, correct? 11 the photographs that I wanted to show certain specific 12 A In that inspection area, yes. 12 areas of the vehicle. The one -- the most difficult 13 Q Okay. When you went outside, is it also a 13 thing was to take a picture of the interaction of the 14 flat concrete surface? 14 shift lever, the insert plate, because of the 15 A Some areas are flat, some are tapered, graded, environment, and so Mr. Braugh, attempted at the best 16 so --16 he could, being younger, more youthful and able to 17 Okay. contort himself underneath the instrument panel and the 17 18 A -- that's why I went outside, one of the seat, he took pictures as best he could of the 19 19 intera -- that interaction. It doesn't show what I

would like to show, and that's why I recommended that

taking it at a Chrysler dealer or appropriate -- or --

that would be the best approach, and then have them

clear picture of what the shift mechanism looks like,

independently remove the steering column so we have a

we have the steering column removed from the vehicle by

20

22

23

20

23

24

25

22 the slope --

Okay. So one of the reasons you did some

A The other reason is because of the engine

evaluation outside is because of the -- the grade of

A That was one reason.

Q - of the vehicle?

- like this buck here, and that's what I'm recommending
- because you really can't get in, as you'll see from
- even Mr. Braugh's photographs of the contortions, get a
- good shot of the interaction of the shift lever and the
- insert plate.
  - Q Okay. Has the steering column been removed
- yet?

6

19

- A No. We would do -- that will be done -- I
- recommend it be done in joint -- jointly with the
- defendants, --10
- Q Okay. 11
- 12 A -- but that's up to Mr. Braugh or -- and Mr.
- 13 Craig Sico.
- Q Getting back to your work product in this 14
- 15 case, besides the photographs that you took, you also
- produced a -- a report that contains your opinions with
- respect to this Vetters matter; is that correct? 17
- 18 A At that time, that's correct.

## (WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 48 WAS MARKED.)

- 20 (By Mr. Sonnier) Okay. I have marked here,
- 21 and I'll show it to you, Discovery Exhibit No. 48.
- I'll tell you that Mr. Sico also has it marked with his
- internal numbers 3818. Let me just show you this, and 23
- 24 just identify for the record whether this is your --
- your report, and I'll also represent to you that back

- A That's correct.
- Could you put your hand on that real quick for

Page 44

Page 45

- 3
- A Yeah. Here's -- like, here's one. Here's
- what Box 1 was -- is.
  - Q And is there another one?
- A Here's Box 2. I want to be careful because
- they integrated these two. Let me just fix this.
- Hang on. And then Box 3 is underneath that. Those
- are my indexes.
  - Q Okay.

11

17

- A My office's indexes. 12
- Q When we take a break, I'll probably just get a 13
- copy of these. For now I'm just going to leave them
- right there, okay, in case you need to look at them or
- I need to look at them.
  - A Okay.
- 18 Q Your report, you'd mentioned earlier that this
- report does contain -- contain, excuse me, some of the
- opinions that you have in this case. My question is,
- are there further opinions that you have relating to
- this matter that are not contained in this report?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Okay. This report was done before the
- tear-down?

Page 43

- behind here is also your CV and testimony list. So
- could you please, sir, just thumb through that and
- 3 confirm that's what that particular exhibit contains.
  - A (Witness complies.) Yes, with the exception
- that Exhibit 1 doesn't have a copy of my indexes.
- Q File index?
- Right.
- Q Okay. There is -- there's a file index here
- behind what's marked Exhibit No. 1; is that correct?
- A That's correct. 10
- Q Whose is that? 11
- 12 A I believe that was a record that was sent to
- 13 me by Mr. Sico.
- 14 Q Okay. And it contains his particular
- document numbers in reference to a lot of these 15
- 16 entries; is that correct?
- A Yes, which would have been introduced into my 17
- system, but he has them by Bates numbers so that's 18
- 19 probably why they --
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 Because most of documents that are in my file,
- with -- except the working stuff, came from the Sico
- 23.
- 24 Q Okay. You have your own separate file index,
- 25 correct?

- A Correct
- Q Okay. So I take it that the additional
- opinions you have relating to this matter would be the
- result of the work and your observations from the
- tear-down. Would that be accurate?
  - A Basically, with the exception that there's
- still, obviously, some discovery that came through. So
- with the addition of the combination of the discovery
- and the tear-down, the -- those are -- would be the
- extension of the opinions. And as you know, I -- I
- made that exception in my report, okay.
- 12 O Prior to inspecting this vehicle for the first.
- time on September the 6th of this year, did you examine
- an exemplar vehicle? 14
- 15 A No.
- 16 Q Have you ever examined or evaluated an
- 17 exemplar vehicle?
- A Not 2002, no. I've had other -- obviously, 18
  - I've had other vehicle cases where -- other models, but
- 20 not the 2002.
- Q Okay. Have you evaluated any other Dodge 21
- Durango vehicles relating to the shift selector system?
- A Yeah. I've seen 2001, 2000. There may be
- some others, either through the course of rollovers
- and/or issues that -- where I've investigated those

12 (Pages 42 to 45)

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1 issues and and at some point incorporated some	1 which I believe I am, then there's some differences
2 analysis of the park parking gear system.	2 which I am aware of which I I've evaluated, and it
3 Q Okay. So you've — you think you've	3 would be through Haller, and these other cases where
4 evaluated 2000, 2001 model year Durangos?	4 I I've found that there is no brake interlock on the
5 A I believe so.	5 2000, 2001, but on the 2002 there is. I have not done
6 Q Okay.	6 anything with the transmission in those other
7 A And there might be some others.	7 investigations, just the gear selection system.
8 Q And specifically do you remember the names of	8 Q Okay. Now, the Haller case, which was in New
9 any of those matters that you could use as reference?	9 Jersey, that was a Jeep Grand Cherokee, correct?
10 A No, because they're investigations, and I	10 A That is correct.
11 don't even know if I've been designated as an expert in	
12 any of them, so I'd have to say no.	e = 7 / o / o / o / o / o / o / o / o / o /
13 Q Okay. Of those other vehicles that you have	
14 — other Durangos that you have inspected or evaluated,	13 Q Okay.
15 were any of them specific as to evaluation of the	14 A I think it was in '98.
	15 Q And was that one of the vehicles that was the
Jon School System	16 subject of the earlier recall regarding a secondary
17 A Indirectly, because although these vehicles	17 detent system?
18 the vehicles that and these inspections that I've	18 A Yes, it was.
19 been discussing were not operational because they were	19 Q Okay. Did that vehicle, the Haller vehicle,
20 damaged, there were some vehicles that were exemplar,	20 have the secondary detent system at the time of that
21 so I might have evaluated in the course of that, not	21 accident?
22 intentionally to check it out, but obviously I would	22 A No.
23 have driven the exemplar.	23 Q Okay. That occurred prior to day of the
24 Q Okay.	24 recall?
25 A Some of these cases have exemplar vehicles.	25 A Correct.
Page 47	
Page 47 1 That's that's what I'm informing you of.	Page 49 1 Q Okay. Is it your opinion that the
2 Q And in relationship to the opinions you have	2 transmission system in the Haller vehicle is
3 in this particular case, are you relying upon anything	
you saw or found relating to those other model year	substantially similar to the transmission system in the     Vetters vehicle?
5 Durangos in support of your opinions in this case?	
6 A Well, I think what it will boil down to is	and the system's
7 the the fact that the 2001 doesn't have the brake	6 designed and operates, yes; as far as the configuration
8 interlock system, but the 2002 does.	7 of the parts, no.
9 Q Other than that particular point, are you	8 Q For example, the Haller vehicle, the Grand
	9 Cherokee, the the shift lever is on the console,
11 rolating to the through the same to the	10 correct?
·	11 A That's correct.
그렇게 그리 지속 왜 되었다. 나는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 보는 중 사람들은 사람들은 본 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.	12 Q Okay. Whereas, obviously, in Vetters it's on
	13 the column?
가능을 하게 되고 싶다. 그리는 그들은 사람들은 문제가 되었다면 그 그 사람들이 되었다. 그 사람들이 되었다.	14 A Correct.
15 don't know, there was the Jeep Grand Cherokee case in	15 Q Okay. The the insert plate, or the gate

16 New Jersey.

17

18 A Haller. I received a lot of discovery in --

19 of what I believed to be a substantially similar

transmission similar to the 2001, and so I'm also aware

that if -- that there appears to have been a

22 significant number of changes made to the 42RE

transmission from the Grand Cherokee into this, what I

would call, new version of the Durango. 24

So if that's -- if I am correct in that,

Q Okay. The — the insert plate, or the gate

16 plate, those would be different, Haller versus Vetters.

17 Would that be accurate?

A They're different in geometry, but in function 18

19 they're the same.

20  $\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{d}$  when you — when you say the same in

function, what do you mean by that? 21

22 A It's a shift gate.

Q Okay.

A The function is to identify gear -- a specific

gear so that the operator can use the shift lever to

- 1 place the vehicle in that particular gear selection,
- 2 and whether it's a column shift or a -- a console
- 3 shift, the shift insert plate is performing the same
- 4 function, it's just different geo -- geometry and --
- 5 and shape.
- 6 Q So when you say --
- 7 A And -- and -- well, geometry. I said
- geometry. Different geometry and shape.
   Q So when you say they're -- they're similar --
- 10 the shift selection system is similar, what you're
- 11 talking about is that it -- it performs the same
- 12 function.
- 13 A Correct.
- 14 Q Okay. And --
- 15 A It's intended to perform the same function.
- 16 Q Okay. Meaning that they are supposed -- they
- 17 are, by design, supposed to be different distinctive
- 18 gear positions?
- 19 A That's correct. And the -- and the operation
- 20 of the -- of the insert or -- or plate has the same con
- 21 -- conceptual configuration. In other words, you have
- 22 a lock gate for park, you have stop gates for the
- 23 interruption between each gear selection, --
- 24 Q Okay.
- 25 A -- depending on whether you're going --

- Page 52
  VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record
- 2 at 11:09 a.m.
- 3 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, I want to now
- 4 cover some of the components in the transmission system
- 5 that -- that may or may not be in play in this
- 6 particular case, and I kind of want you to help me
- 7 understand what they are and -- and whether they may be
- 8 important to you in your evaluation.
  - First of all, we've already talked about
- 10 the -- the shift lever. On this particular vehicle,
- 11 the shift lever is -- is mounted on the steering column
- 12 of the Vetters vehicle, correct?
- 13 A Correct.
- 14 Q And is -- I mean, just -- I mean, the jury
- 15 obviously is going to see photographs and whatnot, but
- 16 just for the record it's it's a handle that is
- 17 actually situated on the right-hand side of the
- 18 steering column.
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Okay. And at the end of that steering
- 1 column, there -- there is what is referred to as a
- 22 tang.
- 23 A Correct.
- 24 Q And that tang is a little metal component that
- 25 will go into, as -- as you move the shift lever,

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- shifting from a low gear to park, or whether you're
- shifting from park to low, have the same functionality.
- 3 And in -- in addition, they have a land between park
- 4 and reverse on the insert plate. So what I'm saying is
- 5 functionally, they are substan -- and operationally,
- 6 they are substantially similar. And by engineering
- design, they're substantially similar.
- 8 Q You couldn't take the insert plate from the
- 9 Vetters vehicle, put it in the Haller vehicle and have
- 10 it operate; is that correct?
- 11 A You could if you re-configured the rooster
- 12 comb. You can do that.
- 13 Q Okay. But it's not the same part, correct?
- 14 A It's not the same part. No question about
- 15 that.
- 16 Q Okay.
- 17 MR. SICO: When you get a chance, take
- 18 just a quick break?
- 19 MR. SONNIER: Sure you want to do that
- 20 now? It's a good -- if you want to stretch, go right
- 21 ahead. This is a good time to do that.
- 22 VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off record at 11:02
- 23 a.m.
- 24 (WHEREUPON AT THIS TIME A SHORT
- 25 BREAK WAS TAKEN.)

- 1 different gates within the inset plate?
  - A That's correct.
- 3 Q Okay. Did you -- did you find anything
- 4 unusual or are you critical of the shift lever or the
- 5 tang on this particular system?
  - A I am.
  - Q Okay. And -- and tell me about what your
- 8 criticism is.
- A Well, the first one would be the packaging.
- 10 The handle is -- is -- unfortunately, there's --
- 11 there's a double edge sword to that one, but we'll --
- 2 we'll address that. But first of all, it's -- it's --
- 13 when it's on the land between park and reverse its
- 4 proximity to the steering wheel is -- is very close.
- 15 Q Now --
- 16 A That's No. 1.
- 17 Q Okay. Now -- and let me make sure I
- 18 understand that. When -- when it's on the land,
- 19 you're talking about the -- the tang being on the --
- 20 the flat spot between the reverse and the park gates?
  - A Correct
- Q Okay. And you said it's too dose to the
- 23 steering wheel. Are you talking about the lever
- 24 itself?
- 25 A The lever where you actually -- the operator

Page 53

Page 54 Page 56 actually would function or operate the shift lever is A Correct. 2 too close to the steering wheel. Q And what we have on the -- the buck over here 2 3 Q Okay. So -- and I understand, and I've 3 is the same as what is in the Vetters vehicle? operated this thing before, but if I'm in gated park in A Geometrically, yes. this vehicle, in order to get to gated park -- excuse Q Okay. Now, it's also my understanding, and 6 me. we'll get into greater detail later, but you are I'm in gated reverse. If I need to get to critical of the geometric shape of the insert plate. 8 gated park, I have to grab that shift lever and I have A Well, that, but the tang. We -- we need to 9 to pull it towards me, towards the steering wheel, in get past the tang. order to then move it up or - like in a 10 Q Okay. counterclockwise direction to go towards the park gate, 11 11 A We started there and then we kind of shifted 12 correct? 12 back. I have a criticism of the tang. 13 A That's correct. 13 O Okay. Q And your criticism is that this particular A It's too wide. That's a tube that's 14 15 lever, when you pull it towards you to overcome the 15 flattened out in two spots and it's very common in 16 gate, is too close to the steering wheel. 16 Chrysler design where they -- they flatten out the 17 A Well, not that, but because of the defect that tubing and configured the tang, and in this particular 17 18 you can put the shift lever on -- release the handle 18 case I believe it's too wide because it's too easy to and have it land on the -- or -- have it position 19 get on -itself on the land and remain stationary between -20 Q In which direction -between park and reverse, the handle is too close to 21 A -- it's too easy to get that wide tang on 22 the steering wheel at that point. 22 23 Q Okay. Did you take any measurements of how 23 Q Okay. Now, would you agree with me that it 24 close it is? 24 is not too wide so that it is unable to insert in -- in 25 No. I can demonstrate it right now on the 25 any of the gates for any of the various gears? Page 55 Page 57 buck. I mean, it's -- I didn't do any tape A I'd agree with that. measurements, no. Q Okay. Your criticism of the width of the Q Okay. And -- and when you say it's too chose 3 tang is that it is wide to the extent that it allows to the steering wheel, in - in your mind that's a greater opportunity to hang up on the land on the hazard, or creates a hazard? insert plate? A Under the conditions of the -- the defects 6 A And remain there, that's correct. Remain 7 that we'll get to in this case, yes, it is a hazard. there. Remain stationary, right. Q Okay. And -- and why is it a hazard? 8 Q Any -- any other criti -- criticisms of the Because the person can inadvertently contact 9 tang? 10 the shift lever and force it into reverse or a powered 10 No. 11 gear. 11 Okay. Now, getting to the insert plate 12 Q The insert plate, we've already talked about 12 itself. You -- you are critical of the geometric that. It's mounted in the steering column, you know, 13 shape of the insert plate. in very simplistic terms, at the end of the shift 14 In certain areas, yes. 15 lever. If I'm to go --15 Q Okay. And would that be the gates, the --16 A Oh, I understand. Where the tang is. the -- the part between the reverse gate and the park 16 17 Q Correct. 17 18 A Let's go there because that's easier to 18 A No. I have a -- I have a criticism of the 19 communicate. 19 park gate, too. 20 Q Okay. 20 Q Okay. Why don't you go ahead and tell it,

because I think I know where you're going, but why

don't you go ahead and just explain the criticism you

A Well, the criticism in the insert plate is,

No. 1, it's nota -- there's no positive engagement

have of the insert plate.

21

22

23

24

25

21

25 correct?

A Where the tang is, yeah.

Q And if I look on this buck over here, I - I

the orientation it has within the steering column,

can see how that particular insert plate is mounted in

- mechanism to assist the operator to ensure that they
- get it into the park -- park lock gate, which goes to
- 3 human factors associated with shifting sequencing,
- higher efforts, and bounce back where you hit the --
- because this has a stop in the insert plate, the
- operator hits that stop and then, in the process of
- moving the lever, human factors have shown that you get
- bounce back and the shift lever will actually end up on
- the land between park and reverse. That's one. You
- also go on the lock gate. I mean, there's -- but the 10
- problem is there's not a positive detenting system 11
- there, so that's -- that's a criticism. 12
- 13 The land between park and reverse is
- problematic because of its shape. You can place this 14
- vehicle in false park positions along that land. You 15
- can -- and you can put the shift lever along there and 16
- it will remain there, and there's no warning to the 17
- operator that it's in those positions. 18
- 19 Q Any other criticisms about the -- the insert
- 20 plate?
- A Possibly. I don't know whether in -- in 21
- Haller, you know, the Carr's guys did the -- they do 22
- their little -- well, maybe not. I don't know if they 23
- can do that or not. They do in Haller. They go and 24
- they measure the -- the coordination between the entire

- with the positive interlock, there's no need for that
- stop plate being where it is. You could have a much
- wider gap to ensure that that person gets it into lock
- park without bounce back or -- or positioning problems.
- So yes, I think they could have opened up the stop,
- made this gate wider with this cable and interlock
- system and -- and designed it in such a way that the
- cable interlock would operate even though you had over
- travel of the shift lever. 9
- 10 Q Would you agree with me that it's a good idea
  - that you do have some stop gate at the at the far
- side of the park gate? 12

13

21

- A I think you have to have that. The question
- -- the balance is, there's a -- there's a -- you have
- to design a balance between the rooster comb and the
- insert plate. For instance, in Haller, they use that
- -- they actually used the transmission rooster comb as
- the stop rather than the shift lever, so you have to
- balance that equation. You have to get both systems
- operating to provide the best safety.
  - And in this particular case, this insert
- plate in the transmission doesn't -- or not the 22
  - insert -- the rooster comb, linear comb, doesn't have a
- lot of over travel potential. It's got a stop, too, so
- there's a problem here. It's a dual problem.

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- system. It hasn't been done in this case, but in
- Haller I was very clear on my -- my criticisms of
- the -- of the relationship of the insert plate to the
- hydraulic system of the transmission.
- Okav.
- So I have a direct criticism of how that
- coordination occurs, so I don't want you to be unaware
- that I do criticize the design of the insert plate in
- relationship to how its correspondence relates to the
- rooster comb and the bleed points of the hydraulic
- system of the transmission. 11
- Q Now, with respect to the park gate itself, the 12
- geometric size of the park gate, is it your opinion 13
- 14 that that should be wider?

15.

- A Well, that's a catch 22 now. With the old
- rod linkages, that was bad. That incorporated the 16
- torsional bars that Ford and Chrysler and GM used to 17
- 18 use in the inner relationship between the chassis and
- the engine and the body, how that would interact to --19
- to self shift the system. In addition, you have the 20
- park blockage problem where you have feedback of the 21
- -22 gear selection system from park back to reverse.
- 23 Now, in the old days those systems had a
- 24 problem with the over travel of park where you could
- shift past the insert and have -- with a cable system

- Page 61
- Q Now, let me ask you this: With respect to 1
- the -- the insert plate and the column, generally speaking it's a fairly common design among American
- auto manufacturers; is that correct?
- A It's substantially similar in all cases.
- It's just a matter of how they stamp it, how -- the 6
- angular correspondence, the depths, and all that, and 7
- the way that they lock in the system.
  - Q And this design has been around for quite a
- while; is that right? 10

11

- A Since the '70s.
- Okay. Now, can you name for me any insert
- plates in any other vehicle, any manufacturer, that you 13
- 14 believe are non-defective in design?
- 15 A They -- there can't be non-defective because
- of the in -- intrinsic false park defect. So the 16
- answer is that's -- it's not that the insert plate by 17
- itself is defective, it's the fact that the system has
- 19 an inherent false park defect which the insert plate
- becomes part of -- an integral part of that because of 20
- the way it's designed. So you can't separate these 21
- 22. components and say, "Okay, that's defective."
- The insert plate is not defective in the 23
- sense of the way it's -- how it's manufactured and 24
- designed. It's defective because it allows the rest

16 (Pages 58 to 61)

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Dags 6	
Page 62	rage of
2 the false park defect.	1 to be in, correct?  2 A That's correct.
3 Q So the insert plate in and of itself is — is	
4 not defective, but it is when you consider how it	3 Q Okay. And I think in the past you've been
5 interacts with other components within this park or	4 critical of that type of indicator with the little
6 the — the gear selection system?	5 moving flag.
7 A That's correct in in this particular case.	6 A My criticism was that the they had a cable
	7 that would stretch and it would indicate incorrectly
The state of the s	8 the the gear selection mode. That's one of them.
and the second and design, and they	9 The second one is that there was no indicate well,
10 they've loosened up or they bent or broke. I don't	10 it's the same criticism I have of the electronic system
11 see that problem here, so my criticism is not	11 that is that there's no indication of false park
12 directly directed at the inset plate, per se, but	12 provided in the PRNDL. It doesn't tell you that you're
13 the false park system means that you have to change	13 in false park.
14 this design to try to minimize the opportunity for	14 Q Okay. And and false park is not something
15 false park and/or inadvertent shift lever contact.	15 that is prescribed or even identified in FMVSS 102; is
16 Q One thing I did not ask you about earlier,	16 that correct?
17 I'm kind of going in my own mind back upstream, there's	17 A That's correct.
18 a — a gear shift or gear indicator on the instrument	18 Q Now, you have evaluated other vehicles with
19 pane.	19 substantially similar insert plates; is that correct?
20 A Correct.	20 A That's correct.
21 Q I've often heard it referred to as a PRNDL	
22 indicator.	tiate you ever testined in any
23 A Yes.	and all most place like we have in
24 Q Okay. PRNDL being P, R, N, D, L, kind of an	, and the first we have in vetters, trial
25 acronym for the various gear	24 you do not believe we should change the geometric shape
And the second s	25 of the reverse and park gates?
Page 63  1 A Park, reverse, yeah.	Page 65
2 Q positions?	1 A No. I think I've testified that there was no
3 A Correct.	2 necessary you didn't necessary you didn't have to
	3 do that if you eliminated the false park. If you
The state of the s	4 eliminate the false park, you don't have to change
The state of the s	5 anything because the problem goes away, or if you if
6 A That is correct. FMVSS 102, I think it is. 7 Q 102?	6 you create a positive detenting system that always
	7 automatically forces two two conditions, lock park
8 A I think that's right.	8 and park detent in the transmission, you don't need to
9 Q Okay. And that that's been in place for	9 do anything to the insert plate. That's what I've
10 sometime, correct?	10 testified to.
11 A Yes.	11 Q Shift linkage, it's kind of the next
12 Q Okay. This particular PRNDL indicator on the	12 component. You've evaluated the shift linkage on this
13 instrument panel is an indicator that has those letters	13 vehicle, correct?
14 that we described and it's it's electronic in	14 A I have.
15 nature, correct?	15 Q And — and I think you stated for us earlier
16 A Yeah. The distinction is that most of those	16 it's a cable linkage.
17 are are mechanical with letters systems and a	17 A It is cable.
18 pointer. This is a electronic indicator.	18 Q Okay. Going further on down, internal
19 Q Okay. Like some — if you — if you go back	19 transmission we have the inner manual level or rooster
20 to 100- 170 1	20. comb correct?

17 (Pages 62 to 65)

21

22

23

24

25

20 comb, correct?

A Correct.

Q And I think you said this earlier, but

obviously that's something you as an operator cannot

Cannot see. That's one of my criticisms of

20

21

23

to '60s, '70s and -- and '80s, and even some early

22 there would be letters in a window and there's like a

little orange or red flag or indicator that moves

across the -- the viewing area and indicates to the

operator what gear, supposedly, the vehicle is supposed

'90s, there would be PRNDL indicator systems where

the whole system, but that's -- that's on the record,

- as you probably know.
- Q Okay.
- A I criticize the whole system because the
- stylists control the company, and the stylists think
- that this mechanical system is ugly and that the
- operator shouldn't see the system, and I've said that
- before. If you showed them the system, they'd know
- what they had and what gear they were in and they would
- have a visual observation of what they've done. But 10
- that's just one way of getting rid of this problem. 11
- 12 Q Describe for me the inner manual lever or
- 13 rooster comb in this Vetters vehicle.
- 14 A Well, this one has a linear system which is
- basically if you go back to the old C6 transmissions in
- the early -- late '60s, early '70s, the C6, before it 16
- 17 went to the positive detent system, had a control valve
- type system detenting where it was a linear system, and
- all this is a -- instead of a curved rooster comb, a 19
- -- the detenser -- the detent plate, or inner manual 20
- lever, if you want to call it that, is linear, travels
- linear, and the peaks and valleys are on a linear bar, 22
- 23 which -- which is operated by an outer manual lever
- that the cable rotates and then the linear inner manual
- 25 moves forward aft and engages the cam roller or cam

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- of this block, with the exception of geometrically
- there's actually radii between the triangles or the
- peaks, you've got the concept. It's probably about --
- physically about three inches long, maybe, and height
- is about total -- total height would be probably about
- three-eighths to a half inch.
  - Q Okay.
- So that's the physical concept of it and then
- it has width.
- Q Between the -- the -- the park and reverse 10
- 11 detents, there's a -- a crest or a peak; is that
- 12 correct?

13

14

16

- A That's -- that's what we call it, yes.
- Okay. Essentially, or pretty close to a
- 15 pointed peak; is that right?
  - A You're getting there.
- 17 Q Okay. It -- the -- the point between the
- reverse and the park detents on the rooster comb does
- not have a flat land like you have described on the
- insert plate; is that correct? 20
  - A That is -- that is correct. I would call it a
- peak or a crest. And the -- and the park has also a
- deeper valley for the park position. In other words, 23
- it goes below the other --24
- 25 Q Okay.

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1

2

- follower, cam lever spring that pops into the detent.
- 2 Q The - on the inner manual lever or rooster
- comb in this vehicle, the different gear positions are
- designated by detents in that component, correct?
- 5 A That's -- that is correct. That's the
- Q And that's basically peaks and valleys across
- 8 this component, correct?
- A Correct. 9
- On this particular rooster comb in the Vetters
- vehicle, can you describe for me or do you know that 11
- the -- the shape of the detents for both park and 12
- A Well, Chrysler did give us the drawings. I 14 -mean, I -- I -- describing them for you is sort of --
- 16 Q Well, just to-be the best of your knowledge, I
- mean, describe it for me. 17
- 18 A I guess the best way to try to define it would
- be a block with -- with a -- with the top of it having
- crests and -- and radii, for the radii is between each 20
- 21 crest and these little crests look like a triangle.
- 22 only they're not. They're not perfectly shaped into a
- 23 triangle because they're radii.
- But the -- if you think of the triangle, 24\_
- tri -- a group of triangles cut out and inverted on top

- -- radii.
- And that's by design?
- That's by design.
- Okay. And you -- and you have previously
- testified in other cases that it is preferable to have
- a a deeper detent position on the park detent of the
- rooster comb?
- A That's correct.
- Q Okay. Now, you've examined other vehicles,
- Chrysler, Ford, other other manufacturer vehicles
- where you have evaluated a rooster comb that does have
- a -- a flat land or an extended radius between the park
- 13 and reverse detents, correct?
  - A I have.
- Q And you have been critical of the -- the
- 16 geometric shape between those detents because it's a
- 17 flat or an extended radius, correct?
- A Well, that -- that was Haller. That's --
- that was the 42E -- RE Chrysler in that Grand Cherokee,
- and they had it all the way back into the '70s where
- they had -- instead of a peak they have a flat -- it's
- actually radius, but it's almost flat land between park
- 23 and reverse, that's correct, and I am very critical of
- 24 that.
- Q Okay.

A That's a bad design, in my opinion. Okay. And there are still vehicles

manufactured today that contain that type of rooster 3

comb, correct, or do you know?

Up -- the ones I've evaluated, G -- Chrysler is still using that design, not on this transmission,

but on other transmissions. As far as I know of,

Chrysler hasn't dumped that design, so all I can get

you through is 2000 -- 2001 or 2002, maybe. That's as

far as they -- they extended out the information to me.

11 Q Let me ask you this: In those cases where

12 you've evaluated the - the rooster comb where there is

13 a - an extended radius or a flat peak between park and

reverse detents, you -- you have actually testified

15 in - in some of those cases that the fix to the

16 system — in order to eliminate a false park condition

in the transmission, there needs to be a peak, a

pointed peak between the park and reverse detents; is

19 that correct?

20

Not to eliminate it, to minimize it. A.

21 0 Okay.

22 In other words, all you do -- everything you

23 do to this system is never going -- until you -- until

24 you create a -- there's two things that have to be

done. There has to be a separate system, whether it

Page 70 correct.

14

15

19

25

2 Q Okay. And isn't it true that in the past you Page 72

3 have testified that by minimizing the land or

incorporating a pointed peak on the rooster comb

between the park and reverse detents you achieve this

positive engagement of park detent?

A Well, no. You never achieve it because I

can -- I can still put it in false park, but the

likelihood. I'm -- the -- the probability of someone

getting it between park and reverse -- park and reverse 10

and staying there in false park is reduced as you make 11

a -- make this peak, A, higher, and, B, the crest much 12 13

more triangular.

The more triangular and peaked you make that, the more difficult it is for false park to be

achieved. It does eliminate it. It can't eliminate 16

17 it. It's inherent to the design. You cannot -- you

cannot by itself in this system. 18

And I've had the GM systems that have 20 peaks that are no question, that they're peaks, and I

still put it in false park in front of the jury back in

1970, so -- or '80s, excuse me, so peaks and -- peaks 22

23 don't solve the problem, they just lessen -- lessen the

likelihood of false park occurring. 24

Q Let me ask you this: The next component I

Page 71

be electronic or -- or mechanical, I don't care, and

2 these are -- these are explained in patents that

already exist and that are in the -- in the United

States patent system and they've been presented in

Haller and I presented them to Ford, you have a system

that positively engages the parking position of the

linear rooster comb or the -- or -- or the rooster comb

that has the extended land.

Some -- there's -- there is an external 10 system that positively forces that system to engage

park detent. In addition -- or you can have a system

where the -- the steering column insert plate and shift

lever has a positive device that positively locks in

14 the park lock system.

Now, if you don't get rid of that, all

you're doing is -- is continuously making it less

17 likely that false park will be achieved. You're never

going to solve the defect, you're just going to make it

19 less likely for it to occur, and that's strictly in

20 relationship to powered park reverse.

Q Okay. Now, one - one of your goals in - in

designing a transmission system is to have a system 22

23 that pos -- positively engages the park detent,

24. correct?

25

15

A And the lock -- and the lock gate, that's

Page 73 was going to address is -- is the ball -- the plunger

ball. I think you refer to it in your report, the ball 2

plunger detent. There's --

A That's -- that -- that system is on the -- the

ball plunger is actually part of the 42RE in this

transmission. This is a -- this is the same as the 6

7. Ford. It's the cam lever -- cam follower, so if it's

referred to that way, then that's -- it's not -- that's 8

9 not correct in this system.

10 Q Okay. The roller, or what -- whatever it is,

explain to us what it is that goes into and situates in 11

12 those various detents on the rooster comb -

A So ---

13

14 Q — as — as someone is moving the system from

15 one gear to the next.

16 A It's a cyn -- cylindrical roller on the end of 17 a cam lever spring.

18 Q Okay. And one of the criticisms you have in

this case is that the spring should have greater force. 19 A As far as interaction force for detenting, 20 21:

that's correct, it should be higher. 22 Q You have park gear and the park pawl. Are

23 you critical of either one of those components in this 24 particular vehicle?

A Sure.

Page 74 Page 76 A Correct. 1 1 Q Okay. Because there's a series of -- I don't know if A You have -- you have the blockage problem 2 3 you want to call them peaks and valleys, but there -designed in again. there are teeth on the park gear, and if you move the Q Okay. In your -- when you're talking about a shift lever to gated park it sends a signal through the blockage problem, you're talking about the linkage through the rooster comb through the park apply configuration or the geometric shape of the park gear. A That's one problem. The other problem is rod to have that park pawl engage the park gear, correct? that the -- that the -- the design into the -- again, A Yeah. There's a spring on -- in -- in a cam they don't have a positive engagement of the parking which, when you push the rod the rooster -- if the pawl --linear rooster comb or the inner manual lever, that rod Q Okay. 11 then is forced -- forces a -- a cam shape plunger to A -- as configured with the -- what they call a 12 force the pawl into the gear. Now, if the gear is in -- com -- a compromise for over travel because if the position where the -- the pawl tooth contacts the flat -- if the pawl blocks against the land and the gear part of the gear and can't engage the -- the gear tooth, then you could never go into park, so you have 15 : tooth, then the spring is compressed. 16 to have a system that will -- allows that over travel 16 17 Well, that spring is also an assist and still go into lock gate, but it doesn't park --17 spring, so when the gear does rotate it will force the doesn't lock the pawl into park gear. 18 18 Q Okay. But if that gear rotates somewhat --19 pawl to pop into the tooth --19 20 Q Okay. 20 for example, if one of the tires begins to roll, that -- or -- or the land. That's what -- that's 21 park pawl will drop down into that notch and it would 21 be in secure park; is that correct? how it operates. 22 23 Q So if -- if you're on a slight grade and you 23 A If it's in lock park. If it's the false reach what I'm going to call like an abutted situation park, that means it's not fully engaged and you get -where -that -- that can kick the system back in reverse. Page 77 Page 75 That's why that's bad design. A Right. 2 - the park pawl is abutted to the -- the park Q Okay. A It's also feeding back through the linkage gear. You know what I'm talking about? It's not --3 mechanism. When you block that pawl, that pawl system it hasn't dropped down into the tooth. A Yeah. You guys like abutted, I use blocked. is pushing back on that rod to try to force that rooster comb from park back to reverse. That's why 6 O Okay. that's a problem. Okay. Q Let me -- let me -- let's talk about the --Q If I'm in gated park on the column and at the the function of the park pawl and the park gear. rooster comb, that pawl, because of -- because of the We've all gone out and we've -- we -- we've driven a grade, the gears 's going to rotate somewhat because the tires rotate and that pawl, because of the spring 11 vehicle and pulled over on the side of a hill or a slope, okay, --12 force you've described, will drop down into latch park. 12 A If you don't have it in park -- if you don't 13 14 Q - city street, and you bring the vehicle to a have the parking brake on, that's true. stop with the service-brake and you shift to - to 15 Q Okay. gated park, and when you let your foot off the service 16 A Okay. brake you feel that little bit of a roll. O This -- I may have asked you this earlier. I 17 18 A A little roll back, yeah. know I asked whether you had evaluated the park brake on - on the Vetters vehicle, but when you were testing 19 Q You know what I'm talking about? or evaluating the Vetters vehicle would you agree that 20 21 Q Now, that sensation that an operator feels, if you engage the park brake, I mean, pick a number, you know, 30 percent, 50 percent, and you leave the what they are feeling is that park pawl dropping down 23 into the park gear, correct? vehicle in drive, any forward gear or reverse gear, if you let your foot off the service brake, that park 24 A That is correct. Q Securing the vehicle? brake will hold the vehicle even though it's in gear,

Page 78 Page 80 correct? allows you to pull it out of gated park. 2 At idle, yes, I agree with that, --2 A No. There's a tolerance there. 3 Okay. 3 Q What do you mean by that? -- or high cam idle. That's true. A You don't have to be in gated park before it Okay. Okay. Let's talk about the brake-shift interlock system. You've -- we've talked 6 Q Okay. Where -- where do you have to be before about that somewhat. That is a system in the vehicle it engages? where if the operator is in gated park in the vehicle A There's a range somewhere between the gate and and the engine is running, that operator is unable to the -- the -- the edge of the land on park. move the shift lever out of gated park unless he 10 Q What — what mechanism or what component depresses the service brake. That's by design, within this system in the Vetters vehicle, the '02 12 correct? 12 Durango, activates the brake-shift interlock system? 13 A That's -- that's by design. 13 A Well, there's two. The brake -- the brake 14 Okay. 14 pedal and the solenoid. That's the intended function of the brake 15 15 Q Okay. And I'm saying - I'm getting further 16 interlock. You are correct. 16 into it. Q Okay. I mean, these started appearing and 17 17 A Okay. manufacturers started putting these things in vehicles 18 18 Okay. 19 when? '80s? Late '80s? 19 A I don't --20 A Well, it started with the Audi problem. 20 Is there a sensor or something in the column 21 The -- the real -- the real attention that started this around the insert plate that once you achieve gated 21 22 whole thing was basically when the Audi sudden 22 park it sends a signal to the solenoid, "Hey, stick the acceleration issue started up, the industry responded 23 pin in, this system is now activated"? 24 to that with the brake interlock system. But in A Yeah. In other words, the way it's set up, 24. 25 addition, it also helps out the park to reverse 25 it's electronic. The solenoid is activated by the fact Page 79 Page 81 syndrome, too. So it's a combination of the two. It 1 that you shift to a certain position in the -- in was to help the industry try to overcome those two 2 insert plate and then that advises the solenoid to issues. remain engaged. In other words, this is a -- a system 3 Q Okay. that's not off. Sudden acceleration was the primary target. O Okay. Okay. So -- so by design, the -- the 6 A It's either on or it's off, and it's -brake-shift interlock feature in this Vetters vehicle, Q And -- and the light switch, and I guess by design, will operate once the operator achieves 8 that's what I meant, -gated park, correct? 9 A Right. A It -- with the engine on, yes. 10 10 Q -- the light switch that turns it on is in the 11 Q With the engine on. 11. insert plate in the column. Is that what you're 12 A I -- I had to qualify. 12 telling me? 13 Q Okay. The brake-shift interlock is not 13 A The connector. something that would come into play if you were in 14 Q The connector? rever - reverse or drive. For example, if I'm in 15 A Yeah. That's in that. 16 reverse, I don't have to have my foot on the brake in 16 Q Okay. order to shift down to drive, do I? 17 17 A But the interlock system is -- is all 18 A No. interactive with the brake pedal. 19 Q And likewise, if I'm in drive I don't have to 19 Q Okay. And -- yeah. And I -put my foot on the brake to shift to reverse? 20 20 A In other words -- in other words, it's self --21 A That is correct. 21 it's auto -- it's an automatic on when you get to park,

and to get it off you have to activate the power -

activate the service brake, then it -- if it's

brake system, the service brake. And if you don't

functioning properly with the engine on and electronic

22

24

Q Okay. The -- the brake-shift interlock system

is only applicable when the operator is in gated park.

In order to get it out of gated park, you have to put

your foot on the brake which activates the system and

- 1 -- electricity and the -- and ignition key, it will at
- 2 any time always remain positively locked in lock -- in
- 3 lock park, --
- 4 Q Okay.
- 5 A -- or in the vicinity of lock park.
- 6 Q This brake-shift interlock system, have you
- 7 done an evaluation, when you're moving the shift lever
- 8 from reverse towards park, as to what -- at what point
- 9 the system the brake-shift interlock system is
- 10 activated?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q And what -- what did you find?
- 13 A It activates just before you get to park lock.
- 14 Q Just before the tang drops down into park
- 15 gate?
- 16 A Just before. At the edge of -- in other
- 17 words, on the edge of the insert plate between park and
- 18 reverse, this system will in fact engage the pin into
- 19 the lock mechanism --
- 20 Q And -- and how --
- 21 A -- of the cable.
- 22 O and how did you determine that?
- 23 A I determined it on the -- on the exemplars.
- 24 The subject vehicle, as you know, it was a
- 25 malfunction, --

- Page 84
- mark. What it does is eliminates the proximate cause
- 2 issue of the vehicle potential for it going from park
- 3 to reverse. That's what it does. Re -- once you're in
- 4 park lock, or in the vicinity of park lock, the brake
- 5 interlock system removes the problem, but does not
- 6 eliminate false park.
- 7 Q Okay. The -- you mentioned you -- you found
- 8 that the brake-shift interlock system in the Vetters
- yehicle is not functional.
- 0 A Absolutely.
  - Q Okay. And do you know why it's not
- 12 functional?

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- 13 A At this point in time, we haven't taken the
- 14 column out, but the best -- it's a manufacturing defect
- 15 that, from my observations at this point, it appears
- 16 that the housing was not properly coupled.
- 17 O Housing of what?
  - A There's a -- the solenoid housing is separate
- 9 from the cable, and so then they have a -- a plastic
- 20 clip interlocks which lock it in so you can assemble
- 1 it, and it -- at least the top part is separated. I
- 22 don't know if that's because it wasn't coupled at the
- 3 time of manufacture properly, or if the tab is broken,
- or if the tab has become worn. I don't know the
- 25 answer to that without taking it apart. We haven't

Page 83

- 1 Q Okay. On -
- A -- so I couldn't --
- Q on the exhibits that we have here.
- A This one, the other one, and then the -- well,
- these two bucks, this one and the other one, I can show
- 6 you that you can put this vehicle in -- the shift lever
- 7 on the land at edge of park and that it will still
- 8 be -- engage the brake interlock system.
- Q Okay. And -- and how is it that you can
   sense or tell that the brake-shift interlock system has
- 1 activated?
- 12 A You can't. You -- you release the brake
- 13 pedal and you can't move the shift lever till you hit
- 14 the brake pedal. You must -- you must engage the
- 15 brake pedal to override the pin or release it.
- 16 Q Mr. Stilson, have you ever testified that a
- 17 brake-shift interlock, its functioning properly, does
- 18 not solve the issue of false park?
  - A I -- I'll testify to it in this case. It
- 20 doesn't solve the issue of false park. False park is
- a defect, it is inherent, intrinsic and latent in all
- 22 the -- all these vehicles that I've inspected,
- 23 particularly this one. Not all vehicles, but this
- 24 one, it's latent.

19

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It does not eliminate the problem of false

- Page 85
- 1 done that yet. Any one of those three explain why
  2 it's loose and the pin cannot engage the -- and retain
- 3 the -- the cable slot. And it's, at this point, my
- 5 the -- the choic slot. And it s, at this point, my
- 4 best -- it's my opinion that that's a manufacturing
- 5 defect.
- 6 Q And and how are you able to arrive at that
- 7 conclusion?
- A Because it -- it appears that -- I know
- Chrysler didn't design that tab not to -- to break or
- 10 -- or to -- to come out, so...
- 11 Q Do you -- do you know when or how this housing
- 12 became not properly coupled, as you've described?
- 13 A Well, based on the fact that this is an early
- 4 build, in other words, this vehicle was manufactured as
- 15 a -- one of the first productions at the plant, or in
- 16 early -- early introduction, and the fact that the --
- 17 the 2001 didn't have the interlock, but 2002 did, I
- 18 think it's because of, A, the inexperience of Job --
- 19 Job 1 start-up, plant problems, or -- and, two, the
- 20 people in the plant, problems with training them and
- 21 the inspectors to appropriately pick up this defect.
- 22 So the most -- at this point, until I take
- 23 this thing out and look at it and find out what the
- 24 failure -- exact failure mode is, the visual
- 25 observations of it are -- is that the -- the part has

separated. Now, whether that's because it wasn't 2 properly connected at the time of manufacture of the steering column, or whether that occurred as a result of the failure of the tab at the plant, I don't really care, but it would have -- it would have come out of

the plant that way.

R

There is also the possibility, and I'm not -- I'm not ruling this possibility out, that over time the tab broke because of the function of the pawl park braking system slowly either worked itself loose or wore the tab off. That's a possibility, but I'm 12 not, at this point, barring additional examination of the parts. I'm not ruling it out, but I'm not saying it's as probable as the manufacturing defect in the --

14 15 in the assembly plant. Q Is it your opinion most -- that the most

17 probable cause of this is some issue at the assembly 18 plant?

19 A Well, we gotta understand this is a -- I think 20 this is a vendor part. Steering column comes in assembly. They purchase an assembly, then they install it, so it's a combination. It would have left the control of Chrysler's supplier in that condition 24 and then got through the system, then to the vehicle

Page 88 Q Okay. So you can't just state -- you can't

2 state, based on reasonable engineering probability.

that it was in fact damaged before it came out of -- or

when it came out of the plant?

MR. SICO: Objection.

A I don't know. I'm sorry.

Let me restate. I -- I'll restate that.

I don't know what that means.

9 Okay. Q

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A Okay.

You indicated, or have just told us that you

12 can't rule out the possibility that this tab somehow

failed or became separated after the vehicle left the 13

14 plant.

15 A I can't rule it out because we haven't had the opportunity to -- I didn't function it with the G --16

17 with the Chrysler guy there. He didn't function it.

18 We didn't change it. We need to take the column out

19 and -- and/or do an evaluation that's on -- of the part

on the vehicle, so neither one of us -- we moved it, 20

21 but we didn't try to reengage it, and until that is

22 done, so I can't rule it out.

.23 But I can tell you, looking at it in the 24 condition that it's in, and knowing that it's a 25 maintenance free, knowing that this is an early

Page 87

Q Okay. What -- what evidence can you point

and then to the plant, so it's a combination.

2 to for me that -- that indicates or suggests that this

particular component was -- was separated when it left

the plant at Chrysler?

Because it's not locked. There is -- this is a maintenance free area, this is a -- the only reason someone would go in there to work in this area would be

for repairs, and we have no information whatsoever that

anybody did any repairs in this area of the vehicle

from the time that it was built until time of the

11 accident, so it's a maintenance free. 12

Therefore, the -- the condition that I'm seeing could only have existed in that environment where you have the -- the kick panel or the instrument panel, under panel, which the Chrysler engineer and I, for the first time, or, I'm sorry, Chrysler

representative and I for the first time took that off. 17 That's a protected area. It's guarded by that panel.

Nothing can get in there to do this damage, therefore,

20 the most probable indication is -- taking all that into

21 consideration is that it was the -- it left the control

22 of Chrysler Corporation in that condition --

23 Okay.

15

24 A -- with the possibility that it could have

been wore -- wear over time and usage.

Page 89 production build, knowing my experience at Ford Motor

Company and Chrysler with Job 1 start-ups and the

3 problems they have and the quality issues and the

training problems in getting these vehicles out from

the early productions, that this -- this is the kind

of thing that slips through, so I base my opinion

within a reasonable degree of engineering certainty,

lacking some other information that's not available at 8

this point, that most probably this existed at the time 9

10 it left the plant.

11 Q So you assume that this brake-shift interlock 12 device was not functional as designed after it left, or

when it left the assembly plant? 13

14 That would be my opinion based on the

15 information and my evaluation and investigation at this

16 point ves.

Q You -- you mentioned, you know, early 17

18 production component and you mentioned inexperienced

19 personnel. What -- what evidence have you seen in

20 this case allows you to conclude that there was

21 inexperienced personnel that was responsible for this

22 particular component?

23 A Well, evidence would be the -- my -- as I

said, I work -- I went -- Chrysler and Ford Job 1, I --

I participated in probably, as I recall, ten launches,

different Ford and Chrysler plants, and I was drive

team captain at Kansas City, had to sign off the

vehicle for Ford Motor Company, and I can tell you that

this is -- during start-up, the training -- I -- I had

to go as the engineer, stay at the site and train these

people. That's the job. That's you why have

engineers from the corp -- at corporate level in --

joining in with Job 1 or start-up because you're there

to make sure that these people are trained properly.

Now, the assembly plant does train these 10 people, but this was a new system for that model and it 11

was an early introduction, and that's where, like I 12

said, my experience at Ford and Chrysler both is where 13

these kinds of problems slip through the system. It's 14

just -- it's the way it happens. 15

16 I can tell you by experience we had

recalls at the Ford plants. We had repairs at the 17

Ford plants. We had all kinds of problems where this 18

kind of stuff slipped through even with trained 19

inspectors -- quote/unquote, "trained inspectors, 20

trained personnel." Exactly the kind of problems we're 21

talking about here slip through and we had to recall 22

and redo at the railhead or go out and catch them in 23

24 the field because it's an early production model, and

that's the kind of problems you run into. That's my

1 to a place.

2 MR. SONNIER: Okay. Yeah. Let me get

through these --

MR. SICO: Sure.

MR. SONNIER: - and can probably take a

6 break.

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(By Mr. Sonnier) Would you - would you agree Q

with me that if there were evidence in this case, were

to be evidence in this case that the brake-shift

interlock feature on the Vetters vehicle worked

properly at some point after it left the plant, would

that affect your opinion as to when this thing became 12

nonfunctional?

MR. SICO: Let me object to speculation 14

15 and an incomplete hypothetical.

Q (By Mr. Sonnier) You can go ahead and answer.

A That would depend on what the information was. 17

I mean, share that information with me I'd be glad to

review it and consider it. I mean, I don't have it, so

20 at this point, --

21 Q Okay. 22 A -- you know, I -- I don't have the quality

inspection records of the vehicle at the plant at this 23

point through discovery. I've advised Mr. Sico, of

course, that there are certain inspection procedures

Page 91

2

14

experience.

2

Did that happen here? Certainly nothing's changed that I know of. Quality assurance programs

and the -- and the people who have testified for

Chrysler in terms of qual -- their representatives and

in-house guys hasn't indicated that there's any major

improvement in terms of Job 1 start-ups where these problems don't occur. They occur all the time.

9 MR. SONNIER: Okay. Let me object to

10 responsiveness. Q (By Mr. Sonnier) I may have asked a bad 11

12 question.

13 A Okay.

21

25

14 Q But what I specifically want to know from you

is what evidence, what document have you seen, what 15

statement have you seen, what person have you talked to 16

in this case that indicates that any of the personnel 17

that were responsible for releasing this particular 18

19 vehicle were inexperienced or lack training to identify

20 a problem with this bitsy?

A Well, it -- I no -- I have no document or

testimony of anybody in this particular case. It's 22

23 prior testimony and experience, correct. At least I

24 have no testimony at this point.

MR. SICO: Lunch is here whenever you get

Page 93

Page 92

and quality assurance standards that -- that Chrysler

uses in the processing of a vehicle.

3 I have reviewed those, I reviewed them in

Haller. I've read the PFs, I read the PSs, all the

5 standards associated with the design of the

transmission. In general, those are generic. Those

are not case specific, they're generic. They apply to

any vehicle. And from my reading and review of the 8

quality assurance, PS and PF standards, there's nothing

that would have prevented this condition from -- from 10

slipping through the plant. It would have made it.

And if you have an inspection report or something that

overrides that, I'd be glad to look at it. 13

Q Okay.

MR. SICO: And I'm just going to state for 15

the record at this point, based on that question and 16

17 that answer, that we have sent out discovery in this

case asking for the kind of documents that would --

would address any kind of inspection. We have not been 19

provided that to date and, even though we've sent out

21 requests, we wouldn't even need to under Federal Rules.

That would be germane to this case based on the

disclosures that have been made, and I believe it

unfair to ask those questions if, in fact, Chrysler's 24

withholding documents. I've said my peace. Go ahead.

Page 94 Page 96 MR. SONNIER: Okay. provided to you at what point in time and the - the (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, you are a 2 qualifications of that individual to test it. 3 consultant that at times when you're consulted on a 3 Any - to the extent we've got some guy matter you're asked to assume certain facts, correct? that Chrysler's found at a Jiffy Lube that says, "Yeah, A If I -- if I have no way of proving them, I'm I tested it one day," and all of a sudden wants to walk given a legal hypothetical, that's true. in, that would be different than a Chrysler engineer Q Okay. who's got a doctorate degree and did it. It has to be a legal hypothetical, though. MR. SONNIER: Craig, you -- we're in Q Okay. I want you to assume with me that federal court. You only need to object to form of someone were to come in here and say "I tested the 10 responsiveness without the speaking stuff. If you'd Vetters vehicle, and when I tested it the brake-shift please keep it that way, it will go a lot faster. 12 interlock feature was functional." 12 MR. SICO: All right. Well, I'm going 13 A Okay. 13 to - I'm going to request that you don't answer that, Would that change your opinion in this case? 14 and I'm allowed to do that to my own experts and my own 14 A I would have to know when, why and where. 15 witnesses until the hypothetical is complete. 15 Timing is -- I mean, if it's at the plant level, that 16 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Can you answer? would -- that would be one thing. Let me explain A Yeah. My answer would be basically lacking 17 something to that -- to that. Let me address that as 18 sufficient information to make an appropriate 18 19 this -19 engineering judgment of what -- of what the -- that --20 Q Well, I --20 the facts associated with that testimony or -- or A It would have to be -- let me -- let me 21 statement. I have no comment at this point. I would 21 22 address that. It would have to be a particular type of 22 -- I told you, I would weigh it, definitely. I would person because you cannot find this defect unless -- in give -- I would weigh it as to whether it was something 23. a conventional manner because if you always put your that's relevant and whether it has an affect on -- on 24 foot on the -- on the brake, you'll shift and you won't 25 my opinions, but I would weigh it. Page 95 know that the brake interlock was malfunctioning, so 1 Q Would you agree with me that if the you couldn't figure that out unless you did what was brake-shift interlock feature in the Vetters vehicle 2 done in the subject vehicle, and that is start the functioned as designed and the operator let the shift 3 vehicle and just move the shift lever out. lever in reverse, detented gated reverse, that the Now, if somebody comes in and says that, I brake-shift interlock feature with not come into play

would weight that. Definitely, I would weigh that. In other words, I drove this vehicle, I started it up, I didn't -- I didn't hit the brake pedal and I tried to shift it and it was locked. I would weigh that in my -- but I'd have to know who that is, why it is, when it and what it is. I mean, I -- it would depend on who 12 that person was and what they did. 13 Q Okay. And that's what I'm asking. I'm asking you to assume --15 A Uh-huh. 16 - that someone specifically tested this vehicle as to whether or not the brake shift interlock 17 18 was functional -19 MR. SICO: Okay. I'm going to ask --2Ò - and if they - if they were to say it was 21 functional, would that cause you to change your 22 opinion? 23 MR. SICO: Let me - let me object and request that you don't answer that hypothetical because 24 it is so incomplete the -- the information has not been

Page 97 in that particular instance? A I'd agree with that. Q Okay. You mentioned key interlock. You examined the keep interlock feature on this vehicle, and I think you said it was nonfunctional. A It's defective. It -- it violates FMVSS 105. Q Okay. Tell -- tell us what you found with respect to the key interlock. A You can put the key in and you can put this vehicle in a -- the -- on the land between park and reverse right near the edge of the gate and you can take the key out, move the key, and that's just the key defect. The interlock defect is that the -- when you engage the off position to remove the key, the key interlock does not lock the steering shift lever. It won't lock it. Q Okay. - A And -- and it -- because the pawl doesn't

Q Okay. In the Vetters accident, I think we all

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engage the slot.

agree the engine was running at the time of this event. 2

Α Correct.

3 Okay. And it was found running?

Correct. We agree.

And the key was in the ignition, correct?

We agree.

5

6

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20

21

Okay. Would you agree with me that the issues

that you found with the key interlock on this vehicle 8

do not or did not have a causative factor in this

10 particular accident?

A No, because that's another indication of

this -- this -- and this is an important one because 12

the fact that I -- and this is a -- in addition to the

factors that I considered in why this vehicle brake 14

interlock switch left the control of Chrysler 15

defective. This key FMVS 105 system left this plant 16

defective and malfunctioning, so it got by the quality 17

assurance and -- and inspectors on the subject vehicle 18

19 at the time.

There's no question that this system, the

key interlock system, was defective when it left the

control of -- of Chrysler. This can be traced 22

23 backwards.

Now, that -- does that defect which 24

violates a federal motor vehicle safety standard is a

Page 100

1 that I didn't tell you what my opinion was going to be

at -- you know, I said I had new opinions, and that's

one of the new opinions that I would -- I -- I have is

what I explained to you about how the key interlock

defect interacts with the brake interlock defect.

I don't want -- I want -- I'm trying to be

open and disclose as much information as I can so that

you're aware of what I would testify to at the time of

9 trial.

16

10 Q Okay.

A Okay. 11

But out of fairness, you -- you agree with me 12

13 that the -- the fact the key interlock didn't operate

as designed had no role in the vehicle backing up in

this particular accident.

A That's where we -- that's where I have the

problem with the question. It does have a role because

it's asymptomatic of the defect that created this --

the situation in the first place, and that's the brake

20 interlock malfunction as a role in that respect.

21 Now, when you -- if -- and I'm trying to

walk the line with you, so -- but if you say "Is it

directly related to the proximate cause of the reason

the vehicle backed up?" I'd have to say no in the

sense of a direct relationship. But indirectly, it's

Page 99

supportive evidence in this case that this brake

interlock was defective and left the same plant under

the same conditions because of the lack of proper

quality assurance and -- and Job 1 start-up, and that's

a -- a direct indication of two things: One is bad

quality manufacturing defect; two, is -- and -- and

even as important is that the cable system was loose. That's what allows this system to do what it does.

MR. SONNIER: Objection, responsiveness.

Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, I just want to

focus on the key interlock feature. The fact that it 11

didn't function as designed, did that have anything to\_ 12

13 do with this vehicle backing up and running over Ms.

14 Vetters?

9

10

A As I stated, the --15

16 Q That in and of itself, just the key interlock?

Oh, just by itself?

18 Q Yes.

19 A It didn't interplay in the cause of

the vehicle -- of the reason that vehicle backed --20

backed up as part of the accident scenario. I agree 21

22 with that.

23

Q Okay. And that's what I'm asking. I

24 appreciate that.

A But I explain that so I don't want you to say 25

Page 101

asymptomatic of the reason this vehicle backed up.

VIDEOGRAPHER: There's five minutes of

3 tape remaining.

2

Q (By Mr. Sonnier) The PRNDL indicator, I asked

you some questions about that earlier. The -- the

indicator itself on the Vetters vehicle -- vehicle

functioned as designed. Would you agree with that?

A I -- I'm waiting to find that out because I --

as you see in this 9/6 videotape that I did, September

6, or October 3rd, I'm not -- I don't remember which

one it was, I think it was September 6th, you could put

this vehicle with illuminated reverse and have it in

false park --

14 Q Okay.

15 A -- on the crest. I'm not sure that's

intended by design, and I need to find that out. If it

is, then that explains part of the problems. 17

18 Q Would you agree with me in this particular

case, on the Vetters vehicle, if the P is highlighted

on the PRNDL indicator on the instrument panel that the 20

vehicle, at that point, is in gated park? 21

A That's one position where they will highlight

it. It will also in false park just on the edge

before it gets in the lock gate, so it illuminates

there, too.

Q So it's your opinion that the P will be

2 · highlighted before an operator achieves gated park?

It can. It's a -- it's a -- it's -- it's not

consistent in terms of that. Sometimes it illuminates,

sometimes it won't.

Q Did it on the Vetters vehicle?

A It does on the Vetters vehicle. It's not

consistent. In other words, sometimes when you're

shifting, it'll illuminate just before you get into

park lock, sometimes it won't illuminate until you get

into park lock, so it's -- it's because of the lag in

12 the -- and the looseness in the cable.

13 Q Let me ask you this: In terms of the -- the

14 PRNDL indicator, where does the indicator that -- on

the instrument panel, the one the operator sees, where

does the signal come from telling you which letter to

highlight? Is it --17

A The neutral safety switch. As far as I know 18

19 of, it's the neutral safety switch, part of it. It's

-- it's consequential to that electronic mechanism.

Q And for -- for example, the vehicle on the --21

on the instrument panel, the D --22

23 A Uh-huh.

24 0 -- for drive is highlighted.

25 A Correct. Page 104

neutral, the -- the signal comes from the -- the insert

2 plate where the shift lever is on that particular

3 component.

A Well, I think -- I think this has a column

neutral safety neutral switch is what you're saying

6 because what that is -- all that is is it's an

electronic device which makes electrical connection to

illuminate the bulb.

9 Q Okay.

10

17

25

A That's all it is when you move the lever.

11 It's not -- the lever is not doing anything other than

12 communicating to a device where to send electronic

13 signal to illuminate the bulb.

14 Q Okay. And that's -- and I probably asked a

15 horrible question.

16 A Okay.

Q What I'm getting at, the electronic signal is

picked -- there -- there's some device there on the 18

19 insert plate in the column that picks up that signal

20 that then tells the -- the light bulb to go on on the

21 R, or the D, or whatever gear you're in.

22 A Well, I think it's more -- I think it's more

23 associated with -- connected to a shift lever system --

24 Q In the column?

-- as opposed to the insert plate. The insert

Page 103

Q Where does that signal come from? Does it

2 come from the position of the shift lever on - on the

3 insert plate in the column?

Well, indirectly. What happens is you have a

5 relationship between the neutral safety switch and

that -- where that -- which is a requirement under

federal standards that it has to be in there, and that

device is electronic and that -- that device has the purpose of preventing the vehicle from being started in

10 anything other than park and neutral. And that also

11 has a direct electronic communication when you shift

12 the mechanism from park to reverse.

So the insert -- the shift lever is the 14 mechanism which is telling electronically the

15 electronic system where it's at, and that's the -- what

they call the neutral safety switch.

Q Where is the neutral safety switch located?

18 A I don't know on this one. I haven't got that

19 far. I'm waiting for -- I don't have any drawings.

Q Okay. Where is it typically located in

21 similar

13.

20

A It can be on the trans -- on Fords and some

23 GMs on the transmission, sometimes in the column.

Q Okay. But -- but you're aware in this

25 vehicle, at least with respect to - if I'm in drive or

Page 105

plate is just a system that -- where you put it in a

gate position, it selects the gate. But there's -- the

3 electronic system is a -- I believe it's associated

with the shift lever movement.

But I haven't studied that on this vehicle A

yet.

6

7

8

10

11

13

In the column? Q

9 I believe it's in the column.

Okav.

I don't -- I didn't see it in the

12 transmission.

VIDEOGRAPHER: Excuse me. We need to

14 change tapes.

15 MR. SONNIER: We can go ahead and do that.

VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of Tape 1 16

17 at 12:15 p.m. We're off the record.

(WHEREUPON AT THIS TIME A SHORT

18 19 **BREAK WAS TAKEN.)** 

20: VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of

21 videotape No. 2 of the deposition of John Stilson.

22 Today's date is October 13, 2005. It is 12:46 p.m.

23 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, I - I need to

back up for a second and revisit some questions I was

asking you about the brake-shift interlock feature on

Page 106 Page 108 this vehicle. 1 Q Okav. 2 You had told me earlier that the The gear shift lever is in gated park lock, 3 brake-shift interlock feature on the Vetters vehicle, 3 yes. as designed, if you do achieve gated park, the Okay. 4 Q 5 brake-shift interlock should be functional as designed. A I agree with that. A If your foot isn't on the brake pedal --And -- and when the gear shift lever is in 7 Correct. Now -gated park on the Vetters vehicle, would you also agree 8 A -- and the engine is running, yeah. that it's in locked secured park in the transmission? Q -- now, I asked you some questions about when 9 No. It could be blocked. 10 the -- at what point in time the brake shift interlock 10 Okay. And if it's --11 device becomes functional as someone is shifting into 11 We talked about that. 12 -- into park, and I think you told me that -- that you 12 And if it's in a blocked condition, you're 13 believe that it -- it's your opinion, based on your 13 talking about the park pawl being on top of one of the 14 analysis, that it -- it activates that feature as --14 little peaks on the park gear, correct? 15 right on the edge of gated park on the insert plate; is 15 That's the land, --16 that correct? 16 Q Okay. 17 A Well, on the bucks -- on the Vetters -- on the 17 A -- that peak. Vetters vehicle, it's not functional, but I did, and so 18 18 Q And if that vehicle were to move ever so 19 did the Chrysler guy, move the -- without -- as lightly 19 slightly, meaning the tires rotate, that would turn the 20 as possible the solenoid hosing to a position where it 20 park gear, correct? 21 wouldn't engage or relock the housing and then try to 21 A Should drop it into the gear. 22 see where that engagement point was, and it would 22 Q And then the park pawl would go into the 23 happen on the edge on the Vetters vehicle, but that's 23 tooth, correct? 24 -- that's not testing it as if the brake interlock 24 A That is correct. system was functional and in a functional mode. 25 Q Okay. In -- in a situation where you have Page 107 Page 109 So on the Vetters vehicle, my -- my achieved gated park at the shift lever and the park initial analysis would be that it happens just before pawl is sitting there on top of the -- one of the 3 park lock. Now, that same condition occurs on the tooths or teeth on the -- on the rooster -- not the rooster comb, but the park gear, would you agree that Q Okay. And in the course of your evaluation 5 5 that's not a hazardous condition at that point? 6 of this system and evaluation of the brake-shift MR. SICO: I am going to object to interlock feature, specifically, did you take any video speculation and an incomplete hypothetical. or photographs that would depict the point in time A I think the problem is with respect to powered 9 where the brake-shift interlock feature becomes reverse engagement, that's not a hazard. But with 10 functional? respect to people's feet, or children, or other things 11 A No, because it's -- the system is that are in the area of the tires rolling, I think that 12 nonfunctional on the Vetters vehicle. I can't. 12 could be hazardous. 13 13

- Q Okay. But what about on the buck?
- 14 A No. I -- I don't recall doing any videos of 15 the buck at this point. None. I -- I don't re -- I
- 16 don't recall ever demonstrating it with a videotape.
- 17 Q If you achieve gated park on the Vetters 18. vehicle and the P is highlighted on the indicator on
- 19 the instrument panel and you take the shift lever and
- 20 you kind of, you know, wiggle it and it won't go
- 21 anywhere, you can tell it's in that gate, would you
- 22 agree that at that point in time the vehicle is in
- 23 secure gated park?
- 24 A Well, the shift gear -- the gear lever -- the
- shifting gear lever is, yeah.

- Q Okay.

14

16

17

- A The roll -- the roll back isn't just -- the
- tire actually rotates.
  - Q Okay.
  - The wheel rotates.
- 18 Q Okay.
  - Okay.
- Q And in terms of rotating, in -- when it
- rotates in -- the distance that tire would have to roll
- 22 before that park pawl engages the park gear and secures
- 23 the vehicle is a matter of inches; is that correct?
- A I didn't look -- I haven't checked that out on 24 this vehicle. Some -- some are inches. Less than a

foot, that's for sure.

- 2 Q Okay. When that tire begins to roll, though,
- 3 it's not going to roll across the street?
- 4 A No.
- 5 Q The park pawl is going to catch and stop it.
- 6 A The -- by design intent, if everything is
- 7 working properly, it will stop.
- Q Okay. Have you been to the accident scene?
- 9 A I have not.
- 10 Q I take it you've reviewed photographs of the
- 11 accident scene?
- 12 A Photographs and a video.
- 13 O And -
- 14 A Part of that video recording of Mr. Sico is at
- 15 the scene.
- 16 Q Okay. So you -- you've done -- you yourself
- 17 have not done any testing of the accident vehicle at
- 18 the accident scene, correct?
- 19 A I have not.
- 20 Q The inspections that we've talked about, the
- 21 first one on September the 6th of 2005 you indicated
- 22 you didn't do any testing, per se, but you did an
- 23 evaluation of the vehicle. Describe for me the
- 24 evaluation that you conducted on the vehicle that first
- 25 time.

- 1 the PRNDL indicator. I think I heard you say earlier
- 2 that -- that based on your evaluation that the PRNDL
- 3 indicator was properly -- properly aligned in your
- 4 view.

5

- A Well, the detents line up but, as I said, I
- can -- I can put this vehicle, and it's on the
- 7 videotape, on the land between park and reverse and

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- 8 it'll indicate reverse.
- Q So when you say on the land, you're able to
- 10 put the tang of the shift lever on the land between the
- 11 park and reverse gates and the indicator itself still
- 12 shows reverse?
- 13 A That's correct.
- 14 Q Okay.

15

- A And then I evaluated the engine on, all the
- 16 synchronization again, and then a bleed point between
- 17 park and reverse. I evaluated that, plus I evaluated
- 18 the -- whether or not reverse -- if you engage reverse
- 19 that it powers every time, and I -- I evaluated what
- 20 sometimes is called break away. I also evaluated --
- 21 Q What is that?
- 22 A That's that the -- the tires -- if you put it
- 23 in reverse, the vehicle will not remain stationary.
- 24 Q Okay
- 25 A It's called break away because some vehicles

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- A Well, I started out by looking at the
- 2 synchronization. I always do that, documenting the
- 3 synchronization of the system.
- 4 Q And specifically synchronization of what?
- 5 A Of the gear shift lever and the insert plate
- 6 with the transmission detent.
- 7 Q So you want to know if I'm in reverse there at
- 8 the shift lever that I'm in reverse in the
- 9 transmission?
- 10 A Correct.
- 11 Q And likewise, if it -- if I'm in drive at the
- 12 shift lever, I'm in drive at the transmission?
- 13 A Correct.
- 14 Q And that applies did you evaluate each
- 15 individual gear?
- 16 A Each individual -- well, yeah. I think I went
- 17 from one all the way up and back down, but I would have
- 18 to look at the videotape. I did, yes. I did -- at
- 19 some point I evaluated every gear.
- 20 Q Okay. What other testing or evaluation did
- 21 you do of the vehicle at that time?
- 22 A Checked PRNDL to see how -- see if it was
- 23 properly indicating, checked the key interlock, checked
- 24 the brake interlock, checked the vehicle idle.
  - Q Let me stop you right there. You -- you said

- Page 113 you put it in reverse and it will remain stationary.
- 2 This one does not.
- Q Meaning it would -- when you -- when you
- 4 engage reverse, take your foot off the service brake,
- 5 it will roll immediately --
- A Correct.
- 7 Q on a on a flat or a downward sloping
- 8 surface?
- 9 A Well, a slope -- no. Even upward sloping
- 10 within reason.
- 11 Q Okay. Depending on the grade?
- 12 A Depending on the grade.
  - O Okav.

- 14 A Now, the -- I also evaluated the parking gear
- 15 system to find out block -- to evaluate the blockage
- 16 condition and then -- let's see. I -- I evaluated
- 17 ratchet. That's what it was. I -- I evaluated the
- 18 ratchet position.
- 19 Q Now, ratchet, I've also heard that referred to
- 20 in the past as like a ratchet point or even a tick
- 21 point. Is --is --
- 22 A Some people call it a tick point.
- 23 Q -- is that where you have a situation where
- 24 you are in hydraulic reverse, the vehicle is moving
  - rearward and you begin to move the shift lever towards

Page 114 park and the park pawl begins to make contact with the

2 park gear?

3 A Correct.

Q And so the -- the noise you hear resulting

5 from the park pawl starting to engage the park gear

is — is that noise created by that interaction?

A It's the pawl ratcheting on the gear tooth

8 because if you're backwards in powered reverse, or --

9 or you are operating the vehicle at a high speed, you

0 drop that parking gear in, you're going to rip out the

11 whole system --

12 Q Okay.

13 A -- so it ratchets.

14 Q Okay.

15 A It's designed to do that.

Q And that's the pawl kind of going up and

17 down --

16

18 A Yeah --

19 Q — just bumping on those teeth without

20 engaging, correct?

21 A Well, sometimes you get bumping, sometimes you

22 just get it contact and it'll just skip and you hear it

23 "Tick, tick, tick."

24 Q By listening for -- and it's an audible sound

25 that you're -- you're trying to pick up, correct?

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between reverse edge and park edge on that land, and I

2 evaluated the positions between the -- those two edges

3 to try to find out what happens to the corresponding

4 hydraulic actuation and how the -- that coordinates

5 with the linear rooster comb in terms of where the ball

-- ball plunger will stay.

The ball plunger can be anywhere either going up the reverse ramp to staying on the peak to

9 coming down the park ramp, --

10 Q Okay.

11

A -- and it will stay there.

12 Q Now, when -- when an operator on the Vetters

13 vehicle achieves gated park on this system, that is

4 actually -- in the transmission, that's hydraulic

15 neutral, correct?

16 A Yes.

17 Q Okay. So you -- basically, you have three

18 positions in the transmission. You have neutral, you

19 have a forward gear, or you have a reverse gear,

20 correct?

21 A Those would be the three drive modes, power

22 drive modes, that's correct.

23 Q Okay. And I probably used bad terminology.

24 Drive mode.

25 A Okay. That's right.

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A Correct.

Q And when you -- you're doing that, you're

evaluating the ratchet point, you are trying to

evaluate at what point the park pawl begins to make

5 contact with the park gear in park.

A Or disengage. What I do is there's two

points, there's two tick points. One is when you --

8 from -- from park to reverse and the other one is from

9 reverse to park.

10 Q Okay. And you evaluate both ways?

11 A Both of them, yeah.

12 Q Now, you mentioned earlier with respect to the

13 PRNDL that you did notice a condition here where if the

14 tang is on the -- the land between gated park and gated

15 reverse the -- the PRNDL indicator still shows R.

A That's correct.

Q Okay. And at that point you're also still

18 actually in hydraulic reverse in the transmission; is

19 that correct?

16

17

20 A No. You're in neutral. That's the problem.

21 You're not in reverse, you're in neutral, hydraulic

22 neutral.

23 Q Now, -

24 A Depending on where that is. In other words,

25 there's -- I -- there's -- as I say, there's a position

Page 117

Q Okay. Now, when you achieve a -- a point

where the P is highlighted on the PRNDL on this

3 particular system you are in gated park.

A The -- the P -- the P will be highlighted when

you're -- the correct statement is the P is highlighted

or illuminated when you're in gated park, that is

correct.

Q Okay. And in this vehicle you do not have a

9 situation where the P is highlighted that you're not in

10 gated park?

A Yes.

12 O Is that correct?

A This vehicle does have that condition.

Q Okay. And how did you go about evaluating

15 that?

13

14

16

21

A Just turn the key to start and move the lever

17 up and down. That's part of the synchronization test

18 to look when the P comes on, when the comes off. It's

19 very close, but it will be illuminated. It's not in

20 lock park.

Q At the steering column?

22 A At the steering column.

23 Q Would you agree with me that when the P is

4 highlighted on the PRNDL indicator that you are in

25 detented park in the transmission?

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Page 118	Page 120
1 A For my testing, I haven't had a transmission	1 Q that night?
2 apart, but it's it's it felt to me like it was.	2 A No, I haven't seen that.
3 I'm telling you that we haven't we haven't we	3 Q Okay.
4 haven't gone into the transmission on this vehicle, but	4 A I was told that that's her custom and practice
5 my my my sensing system said yes, it's in the	5 and that the husband always says that she does that.
6 park detent.	6 Q Okay.
7 Q Your testing or evaluation back on September	7 A That's all I've been told.
8 6th, approximately how much time do you think you spent	8 Q Have you read his
9 with this vehicle that day?	9 A I haven't seen any testimony.
10 A The videotape would give you a pretty good	10 Q — have you read his deposition, by the way?
11 idea, but I think I I spent about six hours,	11 A I have not.
12 guessing. It was all day.	12 Q Okay. Do you know if you even have it?
13 Q Okay. Now, let me kind of turn to Ms.	13 A (Witness reviews document.) I have Steven
14 Vetters's accident, if I could. Is there any direct	14 Vetters's deposition.
15 evidence that you're aware of that indicates what Ms.	15 Q Okay.
16 Vetters did and did not do with her vehicle prior to	16 A I have not read it.
17 this accident?	17 Q Okay. Now, I think we probably also agree
18 A I would have to have a definition of direct	18 that at some point she backed the vehicle out of the
19 evidence because that	19 garage.
20 Q Let me okay. Fair enough.	20 A Yes. I think we have.
21 A I don't understand.	21 Q That's something you assume, as well.
22 Q Let me ask you this: You there were no	22 A Yeah.
23 eye witnesses to this accident, correct?	23 Q Okay. And the most likely scenario for
24 A That's my understanding.	backing out of the garage would be to have started the
25 Q And Mrs. Vetters, after the accident, never	25 engine and put it in reverse gear, correct?
Page 119	Page 121
1 made any statements to anyone about what she did or how	1 A Correct.
2 this accident happened, correct?	2 Q Okay. Now, are you aware of any direct
3 A I have not been advised she did.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	3 evidence on where Mrs. Vetters stopped the vehicle
4 Q Okay. And so when I'm talking about direct	
4 Q Okay. And so when I'm talking about direct 5 evidence, —	<ul> <li>evidence on where Mrs. Vetters stopped the vehicle</li> <li>before she exited?</li> <li>MR. SICO: Objection, vague and ambiguous.</li> </ul>
4 Q Okay. And so when I'm talking about direct 5 evidence, — 6 <b>A Okay.</b>	<ul><li>3 evidence on where Mrs. Vetters stopped the vehicle</li><li>4 before she exited?</li></ul>
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- she would probably use that to go to the mailbox as
- 2 opposed to backing too far and getting the vehicle
- 3 sticking out into the street because from what I saw at
- 4 the scene, the further she goes down that driveway, the
- 5 more the rear end of that vehicle is going to stick out
- 6 into the street.
- 7 Q Okay. Do you -- do you have an opinion as to
- 8 let me I may be asking you questions, and it's
- 9 not your area to address this, but is it -- is it your
- 10 assignment in this case -- are you the person
- 11 addressing the actions of Mrs. Vetters and exactly
- 12 where she stopped the vehicle before she exited? Is
- 13 that something that you're handling in this case?
- 14 A Within the scope -- first of all, I have to
- 15 assess how this system was operated prior to the
- 16 accident. I'm not addressing specifically where the
- 17 vehicle was beyond the range I gave you, somewhere near
- 18 the sidewalk. I'm also -- in terms of where the door
- 19 would be.
- 20 It would make sense that she's going to
- 21 park the door somewhere near the sidewalk, whether --
- 22 and the other thing is, is that this vehicle -- the
- 23 driveway is on a grade, so she would have to, at least
- 24 at some point, without the parking brake, set it into
- 25 park so it wouldn't roll. So we know that it's on a

- That she obviously didn't have it in park
- 2 lock.
- 3 Q Do you have do you have any, or or are
- you aware of any direct evidence as to whether Mrs.
- 5 Vetters moved the shift lever at all before exiting her
- 6 vehicle to get the mail?
  - MR. SICO: Objection, vague and ambiguous.
  - A Well, direct evidence, again, we've -- we've
- eliminated that. I mean, there's no eye witness
- 10 testimony and there's no testimony from her because
- 1 shows's dead, so -- and there's no statement from her,
- 12 so when you eliminate the direct evidence, I have no --
- 13 so we get through all that, I have no -- we have no
- 14 direct evidence that I've been advised of or aware of
- 5 as you defined it whatsoever, as you define it,
- witness testimony or her statements.
- 17 When we get past that to the physical
- 18 evidence, we can discuss that at a little different
  19 level. But as far as direct evidence, we have to find
- 20 it. I have none. But physical evidence we have a
- 21 lot.
- 22 Q Okay. Let -- let me ask you, then, about
- 23 physical evidence. What physical evidence do you have
- 24 that indicates where in this area she stopped the
- 25 vehicle?

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- 1 ramp surface. The other part of that equation is we
- 2 know that the door was open.
- 3 Q Okay. Let -- let me stop you.
- 4 A The vehicle door was open at the time of this
- 5 -- at the rest position.
  - Q Okay. Let -- let me ask you this to kind of
- 7 back up here: You said a ramp surface. You're
- 8 talking about the slope driveway, correct?
- 9 A Correct.
- 10 Q Okay. You don't know where within that
- 11 driveway precisely she brought the vehicle to a stop
- 12 before she exited, correct?
- 13 A Well, not within inches, but I say in the -- I
- 14 think she -- she would have parked it in a general
- 15 vicinity where she would exit the door near the
- 16 sidewalk, I think that makes sense, --
- 17 Q Okay.
- 18 A -- to go to the mailbox.
- 19 Q Are you aware, or can you point to any direct
- 20 evidence on how Mrs. Vetters moved or manipulated the
- 21 shift lever, if at all, before she exited the vehicle?
- 22 MR. SICO: Objection, vague and ambiguous.
- 23 A Well, we have direct evidence, physical
- 24 evidence.
- 25 Q Physical physical evidence of what?

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- 1 A The fact that she was going to the mailbox and
- 2 the fact that the vehicle was backed up. We know
- 3 that everybody agrees it was running, backed up, and
- 4 the fact that there was no reason for her to project
- 5 this -- the rear of this vehicle extensively into the
- 6 roadway. It doesn't make any sense.
- 7 Q Okay. What physical evidence is there as to
- 8 how she moved the shift lever before exiting the
- 9 vehicle to get her mail?
  - A The -- the condition of the system itself.
- Q And what is it about looking at the system
- 12 itself that tells you how Mrs. Vetters, on this
- 13 occasion, moved that shift lever?
  - A Has -- this has the bounce back defect, and
- 15 this vehicle can be -- this shift lever can be inserted
- 16 at the edge of the park land or in false park and
- 17 remain there.

- Q Okay. Was there any --
- A That's the positive. And that vehicle must
- 20 have engaged at some point the parking system or --
- 21 because otherwise it would have rolled down the -- or
- 22 moved down the ramp so she couldn't exit the vehicle.
- 23 Q Okay: What is it about looking at the shift
- 24 mechanism in this vehicle that tells you Sharon Vetters
- 5 moved the shift lever to a particular spot before

exiting her vehicle?

- 2 A If she left it in reverse she couldn't exit 3 the vehicle. The vehicle would have moved. As soon
- 4 as she puts that vehicle in reverse, this vehicle is
- 5 going to move, especially on a ramp. It's gone. So
- 6 there's no way that she could have left this vehicle in
- 7 reverse on the parking ramp and exited that vehicle
- 8 without it backing up, so we know that didn't happen.
- 9 At least my opinion would be based on the physical
- The read my opinion mount be based on the physical
- 10 evidence that this vehicle, when it -- when it's put in
- 11 reverse, it always backs up immediately, and if it was
- 12 at high cam idle it's going to have -- it's going to
- 3 back up even faster. So that fact alone tells me that
- 14 this vehicle could not have been re -- in reverse, --
- 15 Q Now --
- 16 A -- so, therefore, she had to have shifted the
- 17 lever, moved the lever, otherwise she couldn't have got
- 18 out of the vehicle.
- 19 Q Okay. So if the vehicle's left in reverse,
- 20 whether or not it moves in reverse can be dependent on
- 21 whether anything is blocking or introducing some
- 22 resistance to that vehicle moving in a rearward
- 23 direction. Would you agree with that?
- 24 A At some level I would agree with that, sure.
- 25 Q Okay. So if there were some obstruction

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  1 park pawl out of park gear. Would you agree with
  - 2 that?
  - 3 MR. SICO: Objection, vague and ambiguous,
  - 4 calls for speculation. Go ahead.
  - 5 A Well, the testing that I've done that can
  - 6 happen. In other words, you -- because of the gear
  - 7 load, side load. Yeah, you can. If there's enough
  - 8 torque, it can increase the efforts of trying to shift
  - 9 the shift lever to remove the park pawl from the gear.
  - 10 But on this vehicle, the testing -- the ramp testing as
  - 11 I said we did, I didn't -- it didn't indicate that
  - 12 there was a significant increase in shift lever force.
  - 13 Q Now, the -- the ramp testing you did, what was 14 the grade?
    - A I don't know. I said I just did it, --
  - 16 Q Okay

15

20

- 17 A -- you know. I didn't have the slope or grade
- 18 of the driveway at the scene, but the ones that I did I
- 19 didn't see a significant effort increase.
  - Q Is there any physical evidence that you can
- 21 point to that tells us where the shift lever was on
- 22 this vehicle before she exited to get the mail?
- 23 A Yes and no. Physical evidence is that she --
- 24 it had to be in a parked position that restrained the
  - vehicle on -- on the grade if it's on the ramp because

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- behind the rear tires of this vehicle, for example, and
- 2 she left it in reverse, depending on the size or the
- 3 configuration of that obstacle it could prevent that
- 4 vehicle from moving rearward immediately even though it
- 5 is in reverse.
- 6 A As I said before, there are so -- some
- 7 conditions that could prevent this vehicle from backing
- 8 up. I agree.
- 9 Q Okay. Now, on on this vehicle, if the
- 10 Vetters vehicle, if you bring the vehicle to a stop on
- 11 a slope, such as the driveway at the Vetters's home,
- 12 and you achieve gated park and the park pawl's inserted
- 13 in the park gear to the extent it will hold the
- 14 vehicle, in order to get the shift lever to move out of
- 15 gated park and have that park pawl withdrawn from the
- 16 park gear, it would require an operator or some other.
- 17 person to physically move that shift lever out of that
- 18 position. Would that be accurate?
- 19 A Yeah. Absent some failure -- other failure
- 20 mode, that's true. I have no -- I haven't looked in
- 21 the transmission, but the testing says that the parking
- 22 gear should have hold -- should hold.
- 23 Q In fact, when you're on a slope, because of
- 24 the slope itself it introduces a little extra force to
- 5 the effect, it may even be a little harder to pull that

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  1 the vehicle would have -- if it was in reverse, it
- 2 would have backed up, and if it wasn't fully in park it
- 3 would have rolled down and ratcheted.
- 4 Q Okay.
- A So we know that didn't happen because she
- 6 couldn't exit the vehicle without the vehicle moving.
- 7 Now, the other thing is that depending on the position
- of the rear wheels relative to the roadway.
- 9 Q But my question is --
- 10 A That makes a difference as to how this vehicle
- 11 is going to operate, so we -- we have to take that into
- 12 consideration.
- 13 Q My question is, though, what physical evidence
- 14 is there on the vehicle, or on Ms. Vetters, or -- or
- 15 whatever physical evidence at all tells us what gear
- 16 she was in or what position the shift lever was in
- 17 before she exits to get her mail?
- 18 A I gave you that.
  - MR. SICO: Objection, asked and answered.
- 20 A The physical evidence is clear. She couldn't
- 21 exit the vehicle through -- and open the door and exit
- 22 the vehicle if it was in powered reverse and/or not in
- 23 a parking gear on that ramp. It -- the vehicle would
- 24 have moved.
- 25 Q Okay.

- 1 A So --
- 2 Q And --
- 3 A -- that's what I'm telling you. There is
- 4 physical evidence. Physical evidence is that
- 5 physically at the scene you can't get this vehicle to
- 6 stay in reverse on the driveway ramp without either
- 7 being -- and -- and if it's not in park, it's going to
- roll.
- 9 Q And you're limiting that testimony or that
- 10 conclusion on the assumption that the vehicle all
- 11 four wheels are on the ramp -- on the slope?
- 12 A That's exactly what I'm telling you. I'm
- 13 saying when -- when you look at it that way, so that we
- 14 can eliminate. The next step is as -- as the vehicle
- 15 gets further and further to that gutter how that
- interacts with the system, and I have some opinions
- 17 about that, but that's in the course of this, I think,
- 8 discussion.
- 19 Q Okay. Now, in the Vetters vehicle, if you
- 20 achieve fully gated park, this this shift lever,
- 21 this system doesn't jump out of park, does it?
- 22 A No. Not -- not in my opinion, no.
- 23 Q Okay.
- 24 A It won't.
- 25 Q I don't know if I asked you this specifically

- A The brake interlock.
- Q Okay. Let's forget about the brake interlock

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- 3 system for a second. I just want to focus on the gear
- 4 selection system --
- A Okay.
  - Q of this vehicle. If you're in fully gated
- 7 park, the vehicle will not shift from park to reverse
- 8 unless someone manually shifts out of park, correct?
  - A On this vehicle, I'll agree with that.
- 10 Q Okay.
  - A That's not always true, but on this vehicle,
- 12 yes.

11

14

16

- 13 Q Okay. Now, in this vehicle -
  - A And let's be careful with that. We're talking
- 15 about the shift lever locked in the insert plate gate.
  - Q Yeah.
- 17 A And let -- let me -- when you are saying gated
- 18 park we have to be careful with that because that
- 19 terminology can be misunderstood. When I say gated
- 20 park, and you say gated park, we've been talking about
- 21 the shift lever released from the person's hand and in
- 22 the lock gate -- the tang is in the lock gate -- fully
- 23 in the lock gate park on the insert plate. If we
- 24 agree with -- if that's what you're saying by gated
- 25 park, we are in agreement.

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- earlier, but when the P is highlighted on the indicator
- on the instrument panel is it your opinion at that
- 3 point the vehicle in lock secured park in the
- 4 transmission?
- 5 A No. We've talked about that. You can -- you
- 6 can have an indication of park before you get it into
- locked gate.
- 8 Q When you -- in your --
- 9 A And that includes bounce back.
- 10 Q Okay
- 11 A That incorporates my bounce back opinion, so
- 12 you understand that.
- 13 Q All right. In your report, you say "The
- 14 vehicle was in full gated park," and I'm looking at
- 15 page five, "and all safety systems were in place and
- 16 functional. The vehicle would not shift from park to
- 17 reverse unless Ms. Vetters depressed the brake pedal
- 18 and manually shifted from park to reverse."
- 19 A If the brake interlock system was park -- was
- 20 working properly, that's correct. That is correct.
- 21 Q Okay. Now, let's fo --
- 22 A And again, you said that all the safety
- 23 systems were in place and functional, okay.
- Q Okay. And and what safety systems are you
- 25 referring to there?

- 1 Q Okay.
  - A Okay.
  - Q Yeah. And I was -- I was just reading your
- 4 report here and you used the term fully gated park, -
  - A That --
- 6 Q so that's what I'm asking about.
  - A Yeah. That's why I defined it for you.
- R O Yeah

5

- A Fully gated park means that that shift lever
- $10^{\circ}$  is fully in the insert plate, the tang is in the --
- 1 fully in the insert plate ---
- 12 Q Now, --
- 13 A -- and locked in park.
  - Q -- when you're in fully gated park, as you
- 15 said, the vehicle would not shift from park to-reverse
- 16 unless it's manually shifted out of gated park,
- 17 correct?

- 18 A I agree with that.
  - Q And if you're in fully gated park up there on
- 20 the insert plate, you're also in the detented park in
- 21 the transmission, correct?
- 22 A I believe that to be true. Again, I
- 23 haven't -- we didn't take that apart, but from my
  - inspections -- well, let's put it this way: By di --
- 5 design intent that should be true. In other words,

- 1 that's the intended design synchronization. My sensory
- system, I believe that that's true in the transmission,
- but we haven't taken it apart to evaluate it, but I
- think if we did we'd find out that yes, if you had it
- fully gated park, the ball detent would be in the full
- park detent in the transmission.
- Q Now, in in your evaluation of this vehicle,
- did you determine, when -- when moving the shift lever
- from reverse gear towards park, when hydraulic reverse
- 10 drops out in the transmission?
- 11 A Yes. The bleed point, I evaluated that.
- 12 It's on the videotape, and I don't remember where it
- was. I'd have to go back and review the tape.
- You'd have to look at the tape? 14
- 15 But I can tell you that it's -- it's greater
- 16 than plus or minus one-eighth detent.
  - Q And what do you mean by that, plus or minus
- 18 one-eighth?
- 19 A Ford Motor Company had a specification to try
- 20 to solve the -- the bleed point problem, which they
- 21 were aware -- aware of, and they added to their valve
- 22 body and the -- and the manual valve a -- the assembly
  - plant to try to control this. The specification was
- 24 plus or minus one-eighth detent. That means a full
- 25 detent is from, for instance, reverse to park. That's

- Page 136 but my recollection is -- I can tell you it's more than
- -- more than one-eighth detent. In other words, 2
- one-eighth of the travel distance, whether it be
- angular or linear. I don't care how you do it. But
- it's -- it's more than one-eighth of the -- it's more than one-eighth, and I think -- my recollection is that
- I think it was -- it -- minimum was one-third, maximum
- 8 was one half.

12

13

15

25

- Q When you say more than one-eighth from the
- 10 reverse detent, where would the tang be in relation to
- the insert plate when reverse drops out?
  - A I couldn't observe that. Remember?
  - Can you tell from your evaluation?
- 14 It's very difficult because you can't see it.
  - Do you -
- 16 You can -- you can guess at it, like I said.
- I -- my -- my -- my evaluation, without being able to
- observe it, or do it instrumentally like FAA does, or
- Exponent, would be -- or Lee Carr now -- would be -- I
- 20 said it -- my recollection was one-third to one half of
- the distance on the land which would be the detent. 21
- 22 Q So you do think the tang is on what you call
- .23 the land between park and reverse detents when you have
- 24 reverse release?
  - A Oh, absolutely. Absolutely. No question

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- full detent to full, that's one detent.
- 2 So what the specification allowed, it
- would be plus or minus one-eighth of a detent.
- One-eighth of the total travel is acceptable for
- hydraulic shut off of reverse without any bleeding. 6 Q So if you're leaving reverse, you could go
- one-eighth of the distance towards park --
  - A That's correct.
- 9 O: - and you - and still be in hydraulic
- 10 reverse?

5

8

11

- A Up to that point.
- 12 Q Up to that point?
- 13 A Right.
- 14 Q And after that point?
- 15 It shuts off.
- 16 Q It goes in hydraulic neutral?
- 17 A Hydraulic neutral and it shuts off and there's
- no bleed, that's correct.
- 19 Q Okay. Now, on this particular vehicle, the
- 20 Vetters vehicle, you said you did determine when
- reverse drops out and the shift reversed towards park.
- 22 Based on -- on your evaluation, where is the -- the
- shift lever on the insert plate when you achieve
- 24 reverse release?

25

A I don't remember that. I -- I documented it.

- about that.
- 2 Q Now, when you have - when you achieve reverse
- release in that movement from reverse towards park,
- what is the position of the rooster comb in the
- transmission, or do you know?
- 6 A I understand. It's either on the pink -- it's
- either on the peak or it's on the ramp between the peak
- 8 and reverse.
- 9 Q Either on the peak meaning on the top of the
- the very top of the peak, -10
- 11 A Very top of the peak.
- 12 Q — or on the down slope into the park detent?
- 13 That's correct. Now, I haven't had -- like I
- 14 said, we haven't had a chance to look at that
- 15 transmission operation. It could be the ball is past
- 16 the peak toward park, but obviously I can't see that.
- 17 Q Okay.

18

- A And it's --
- 19 Q And I'm assuming in your evaluation you have
- 20 some feel and you can - you can feel and approximate
- 21 where that ball is on - on the - on the rooster comb
- 22 when you're doing that evaluation. Is that how you're
- 23 able to determine that?
- 24 A I was able to determine it, but the problem is
- 25 this has loose cable. That's one of the defects in

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- this system, a very loose cable, and that loose cablehas problem of allowing you to manipulate the lever
- 3 without moving the transmission system.
- 4 Q But -- but when you're --
- 5 A There's a delay.
- 6 Q but when you're moving the lever and you
- 7 eliminate the looseness from the cable, can't you get
- 8 that feel and determine where the ball is on the
- 9 rooster comb?
- 10 A Well, you can from detent to peak, but in
- 11 between there, you know, it's -- how far up and down
- 12 the ramp it is, there's no way to configure that. I
- 13 mean, there's -- you'd have to be there sitting there
- 14 with a video camera actually looking at that ball
- 15 riding up and down.
- 16 Between the detent and the peak, there's
- 17 no question, and you can -- you can use shift lever 18 travel as percentage detent, or you can use it as
- 19 linear, I don't care, or angular. It doesn't matter.
- 20 But there's -- my recollection, between one-third and
- 21 one half detent rotation on -- with the shift lever on
- 22 the land that there was hydraulic reverse bleed, or it
- 23 engaged.
- 24 Q Let me ask you this: With respect to a shift
- 25 from reverse towards park, and again trying to identify

- Page 140
- of the vehicle. If you're -- if you're in reverse --
- 2 hydraulic reverse or bleed at that point, the vehicle
- 3 -- you have to have your foot on the brake pedal
- because the vehicle would be backing up. It's not in
- park. The park pawl is disengaged.
- 6 Now, that's when you get to the ratchet
- 7 point, and the ratchet point is where the vehicle is in
- 8 fact in reverse and the parking pawl would in fact
- 9 start or be in partial engagement, --
- 10 Q Okay.
  - A -- and that happens on this vehicle.
- 12 Q And I think you said that earlier.
- 13 A Yeal

11

18

- 14 Q When you -- when you reach the ratchet point,
- 15 which is where the park pawl begins to contact the park
- 16 gear, --
- 17 A Right.
  - Q -- you're still in hydraulic reverse.
- 19 A Yes, or even -- it'll -- in this vehicle, you
- 20 can get it to actually start to engages at the tooth.
- 21 Q Okay. The -- you may have answered my -- my
- 22 question in another way, but -- so that means -- since
- 23 you've evidence the ratchet point, would it be accurate
- 24 to say that the park pawl has at least begin -- begun
- 25 to engage the park gear when you have release dropout?

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- 1 where things are when you -- when you, you know, notice
- reverse dropout, where is the park pawl in relation to
- 3 the park gear when you have reverse release in the
- 4 transmission?
- 5 A I didn't control that. I allowed that to
- 6 flow. In other words, it could have been blocked or it
  - could have been engaged.
- 8 O Okay.
- 9 A I don't --
- 10 Q That's something you just don't know?
- 11 A Well, I could -- all I do is push the vehicle
- 12 backwards, but it was -- it's not important to my
- 13 evaluation at that point. That's not -- that's not an
- 14 important part of that evaluation of hydraulic reverse,
- 15 but all you have to do is push the vehicle backwards or
- 16 forwards and it'll drop in if it's -- if it's blocked,
- 17 and if it's unblocked it'll just -- it won't move.
- 18 O Okay.
- 19 A So that's -- that's how I do it.
- 20 Q Well, when you when you are moving the
- 21 shift lever from reverse towards park and you sense
- 22 reverse release in the transmission, can you also
- 23 evaluate the position of the park pawl to the park gear
- 24 at that point in time?
- 25 A You can only do that from -- from the reaction

- Page 141

  A Hydraulic release, and that's -- that test is
- a -- is a verification that you have -- you have
- 3 greater than one-eighth -- plus or minus one-eighth
- 4 detent for hydraulic reverse disengagement.
  - O Now, --
  - A That's an absolute fact. It proves that
- it -- that's what happened.
- Q -- when you have reverse release in the
- 9 transmission in that shift from reverse towards park,
- 10 at the moment of reverse release do you -- what is
- 11 indicated on the PRNDL indicator, or do you know?
- 2 A Sometimes the light is off, sometimes it's on.
- 13 As I said, the light will remain on when you can have
- 14 the false park peak to peak.
- 15 Q So on -- which letter would be on?
- 16 A Well, no. There's a position between there
- 17 where there's no letter on. Both are off.
- 8 Q So you're -- you're able to achieve a position
- on the PRNDL where neither the reverse or park is
- 20 highlighted?
- 21 A That's correct.
- 22 Q Okay.
- 23 A And it will stay there.
  - Q But -- but my question is: When you reach
- 25 the point of reverse dropout, what letter's indicated

Page 142 Page 144 gate on the insert plate. I'm saying detent is based on the - on the PRNDL indicator? A Again, I'd have to go back and review the on the transmission detents. videotape. My recollection was that I thought, as I Q I understand. Let me re-ask my question -said, I could get the vehicle on the peak with reverse Okay. indicated, and I can't recall whether the vehicle was Q -- and maybe we'll clear this up. When the backing up at that point. I'd have to go back and park pawl begins to engage the park gear, where is the review the videotape. I did that test. tang on the insert plate? Q When the park pawl begins to engage the park 8 A My recollection is one-third to one half, the gear, where is the PRNDL indicator? What's detent in the transmission. There is no detent in the 10 highlighted? 10 insert plate, except for park. A Same -- same answer. It's a variable because 11 ... 11 Q I understand that. of the -- the lag and looseness in the cable. You can 12 A Right. get it either with the reverse light on or the reverse 13 Q But can you quantify where it is on the shift park light boat off -- both off. There's a -- there's 14 lever when you began the -- to have the pawl contact an in between position where you can have the system in 15 the park gear? that condition, park pawl either locked or partially 16 A I don't remember. I didn't measure the engaged, and no illumination. 17 angular trail, so I can't answer that. I don't know. 17 18 Q So - so what you're telling me is, and you've I'd have to go back and do it. seen it, when the park pawl begins to engage park gear, 19 Q Okay. you've seen it where the reverse light is - is still A I do it to the detent and the transmission 20 21 on and you've seen it where none of the lights are on? because that's the one that's controlling the hydraulic 21 22 A That's correct. 22 bleed or hydraulic engagement. 23 Okay. I got you. 23 Q And when -- when you were talking about 24 Now, when the park pawl begins to engage 24 measuring the distance in the reverse detent, is it the park gear for the first time, where is the shift 25 from the bottom of the valley? Is that where your Page 143 Page 145 lever on the insert plate? 1 reference point is? 2 A We talked about that. It's a variable. It 2 A It's -- it's the bottom of the valley in the 3 can be one-third to one half, depending on the --3 sense of the cam follower achieving a detented Like one-third distance from reverse -centering position because you can take the shift lever 5 A Towards park. and move it and the -- you can tell that the -- towards park? transmission detent is secured. That's what I'm A Or half. talking about. 8 Q Or half --8 Q Okay. So --9 A Right. So those are the --10 -- of the distance between reverse? 10 - you're talking about from the point where Depending on how you -- how you -- if you move 11 it's secure? 12 the shift lever and then engage the lag and then 12

- retighten it, it makes a change in the system.
- 14 Q Now, when you -- when you say one-third or one
- 15 half the distance, I − I guess I need your reference
- 16 point because you have been using the reverse -- the
- 17 reverse gate. Are you talking about the edge of the
- 18 reverse gate, the edge towards park, or are you talking
- about the center of the reverse gate?
- 20 A Not -- the detent, not the gate. The detent
- 21 in the transmission.
- Well, you you've been using gate. You've
- 23 been using the word gate, and that's why I asked you
- 24 about gate.
  - A No. No. You asked me where it was on the

- Q And hypothetically I guess what we could do is
- 14 draw a line right down the middle pointed to the bottom
- 15 of that valley, correct?
- A Right. And you'll see me move the shift. 16
- I've been asked that before. They asked me why I was 17
- manipulating the shift lever back and forth. The
- 19 reason is to make sure that the ball team has -- ball
- 20 detent in the transmission is detented, that's why.
- 21
- 22 Not to change anything, just to make sure it's
- 23 in, and that's how you check it --
- Okay.
- 25 -- without doing instrumentation.

٠.	Case 2:05-cv-00003 Document 32-	2 F	Filed in TXSD on 10/19/05 Page 38 of 8
	D 146		
1	Page 146 Q So if I understand you correctly, when the	1	Page 148
2	when you first noticed the park pawl begin to engage		Q — through the park apply rod.
3	the park gear, the ball on the rooster comb is	2	A Correct.
		3	Q Okay. When you're moving this shift lever on
4	one-third to one half distance from a fully seated	4	the Vetters vehicle from hydraulic reverse towards
5	reverse detent?	5	park, would you agree that there's nothing about the
6	A Yeah. I think it's closer to one half detent.	6	system that causes someone, an operator, to stop the
7	Q And would that be at the top of the peak -	7	shift movement between park and reverse?
8	A Close.	8	A I'd agree that there's nothing in the system
9	Q of the detent?	9	that prevents that.
10	. 그 사이 아이 아이트를 하하는 하는 사람이 많아 되는 사람이 없다는 것을 마시하는 사람들으로 .	10	Q Okay. For example, there's not a stop, for
11	Q Okay. Somewhere either at the peak or on the	11	example.
12	reverse side of the detent?	12	A That's correct.
13	A You've got it.	13	Q Now, as I understand that C802, one of the
14	Q Okay. I understand now. The rooster comb or	14.	problems Ford had at that time with that certain
15	inner manual lever in this transmission selects the	15	transmission, or transmissions, was there was what
16	hydraulic position of the valve body and operates the	16	engineers refer to as a double force peak.
17	park gear system, is that correct, I mean, generally	17	A Right.
18	speaking.	18	Q Do you know what I'm talking about?
19	A Indirectly it does, but it's the cam it's	19	A At least. Yeah, at least a double force.
20	the hydraulic what used to be called the manual	20	Q So when when you get when you're moving
21	lever, but now they use Chrysler went to that cam	21	out of hydraulic reverse, you would encounter a force
22	plate where you have the pin in slot that follows the	22	and then the force would drop off and then another
23	cam, so that system is what selects the hydraulic	23	higher force, and it's that higher force was sending a
24	control mode and the valve body.	24	signal to the operator that he had achieved gated park
25		25	when, in fact, he had not achieved gated park.
	Page 147		D140
1	Vetters vehicle moves in relation to the roller or the	1	Page 149  A That was one of the allegations, yes.
2	ball, correct?	2	
3	A Yes. And that but that moves the cam	3	this: On the Vetter I have not asked you this.
4	plate. It moves the hydraulic manual valve.	4	When you're when you're shifting this shift lever on
5	Q The rooster comb. The movement of the rooster	5	the 2002 Durango, as you move out of hydraulic reverse
6	comb	6	
7		1	into gated park, can you actually feel the tang go down
8			into the park gate?
9	Q moves	8	A Can I?
I	A the cam plate	9	Q Yeah.
10	Q the cam plate	10	A Oh, yeah.
11	A which moves the manual	11	Q Okay.
12	Q - which moves	12	A I can, yeah.
13	A valve that sets the hydraulics.	13	Q Is that something that is detectable by an
14		14	ordinary user of this product?
15	A That's why I say it's not a it's not a	15	MR. SICO: Objection, speculation.
16	direct one to one.	16	A I think that this is detectable, that a the
17	Q I I understand.	17	average person can detect that the shift lever is
18	A Okay.	18	locked.
19	Q So I think indirectly the rooster comb selects	19	Q Okay.
20	the hydraulic position	20	A I think that's certainly detectable. Whether
21	A Indirectly it does.	21	they've got it in the they don't know anything about
22	Q in the in the transmission.	22	this locked gate. See, that's the problem. The
23	A Correct.	23	the that's why I hesitated on my response.
24	Q And it also operates the park gear system	24 .	Q Okay.
25	A. That is somewhat	25	

The assumption is that the person knows

A That is correct.

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there's a slot there. They don't know.

Q Okay.

2

3 A They have no concept of what that system looks

4 like. They're just manipulating the shift lever.

Q Okay. But there is --

A And if they -- if they get it in there and

7 they try to pull it down, yeah, they'll know about it.

Q Now, when you achieve, when you're actually

going into gated park, there is -- there's -- the

10 system is giving you some feedback that you've actually

11 gone into a -- a notch there. You can sense that,

12 correct?

13 A I can. Would the average person? Not

14 necessarily because they don't even know what -- that

5 there is a notch. They just know that when they let go

16 of the shift lever, if they try to pull it down, it

17 won't go down.

18 Q Okay.

19 A Okay.

20 Q But, I mean, most people when they are

21 shifting to park, for example, they're -- they're

22 looking for a defined space where the -- the lever will

23 stay there and you can move it back and forth and it

24 won't -- it won't move, correct?

A Well, yeah. That's false park. You just

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1 just show it to them? Let them look at it. If they

2 see these notches, they'll put it in there.

Q Okay.

3

5

12

17

25

A It's so simple, but --

Q Now, you raise --

6 A -- that's way it goes.

Q -- a good point. In fact, you've testified in

8 the past that with respect to insert plates that the

9 only type of insert plate or gate plate that is not

10 defective in any vehicle is one that can actually be

11 seen by the operator; is that correct?

A Well, it's not that it's not defective. It's

13 still defective, but you just -- what you're doing

14 is -- it's got false park. That insert plate, no

mater what you do to it, intrinsically, latently, has adefect in it called false park.

The difference is that you've -- you've

18 let the operator know that there are particular

19 positions where you put the shift lever where it will

20 operate the vehicle, and one of them is this slot that

21 you keep -- you say they should know it's there. No,

22 they don't know it's there, but if you show them

23 there's a slot -- and I'll give you a good example of 24 that.

If you look at Mercedes, the old Mercedes,

Page 151

1 defined it. That's what can happen. You can put the

2 system -- the person can shift this towards -- from

reverse into park, drop it on the land, it'll stay

4 there and it looks like it's -- and the ve -- vehicle's

in neutral. That's part of the problem.

6 Q Okay. Well, I'm -- I'm not talking

7 about that. I'm talking about when the tang drops into

8 the park gate on the -- the insert plate in -- in the

9 column. That is something you can sense, correct?

A I can, yes.

11 Q Okay.

10

12 A Absolutely.

13 Q And you would expect operators can sense that

14 as well, don't you?

15 A I don't know.

16 MR. SICO: Objection, speculation.

17 A I -- I don't -- they don't understand what a

18 notch is. I do. I know -- I know the design, I've

19 studied it, I understand that, I've seen the drawings,

20 I've taken it apart. I don't think an operator has

21 any concept of what an insert plate looks like.

22 Q Okay.

23 A The average consumer, --

24 Q Okay.

25

A -- and that's why I complain. Why don't you

Page 153 which probably was the first one, Audi's, they have a

2 gate for the shift lever on the column on the console.

3 They have a little gate just like the insert plate, and

4 so they know. You go "Cha Chi" and you slip -- you

slip it over in reverse and it locks into that insert

6 plate. That's showing them the gated positions in the

7 insert plate visually on the console, and they do that.

8 They have that shift pattern on Audi's,

they had it on Volvo's, Mercedes, then they started to

10 integrate that to try to prevent this problem so that

11 that was a quote/unquote "visual connection" between

12 the driver and the insert plate. That still doesn't

13 tell you that you have it in the insert plate in the

14 vehicle that's underneath all that beautification by

15 the stylist.

16 Q Okay.

17 A So I'd like to just show -- why don't you just-

18 show the people this insert plate? It's -- if it's so

19 ugly, I'd rather have something ugly than killing

20 people.

21 MR. SONNIER: Let me object to

22 responsiveness.

23 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) You've introduced the term

24 false park here during the deposition, and I - I want

25 you to explain to me what false park is.

Page 154 False park is a position of the vehicle where 1 A Yes, and the ball detent will remain in that you -- you -- the person can shift the -- the shift position. That is -- that is possible on lever between park and reverse, that the engine

mode, and that the shift lever can be placed on the

transmission will be disconnected and in a neutral

land between park and reverse and remain there. That

is false park. Then there's classic false park, which

is different, but that's false park.

Q Now, you've used false park in your report with respect to the Vetters vehicle.

11 Correct.

12 When you use that term false park, is that the

definition that you just gave me? 13

A Yes. And then there's the classic false park

definition. 15

14

16

Q. What is that?

That's where you have the -- false -- classic

18 false park is where you have the rooster comb of the

transmission on the peak between park and reverse 19

detents, the park pawl -- parking pawl is blocked from

21 the parking gear and the shift lever is between park

22 and reverse on the land somewhere and the vehicle is in

23 hydraulic neutral. That's classic false park.

24 Q And classic false park, you said rooster comb

25 and I don't think I caught what you said after that.

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transmissions, but the concept of the peak in the

classic park to reverse eliminates the potential to

either shift forward or backwards if it's not on -- if

it's on the ramp.

Q Let me ask you this: When this vehicle is in

a configuration where you say it's in false park, what

is indicated on the PRNDL indicator located on the

instrument panel? 10

11

A Well, I got it in reverse. As I said, I put

it in -- on -- on the detent. I put it on the crest of

the rooster comb and the shift lever was between park

and reverse, and whether or not the -- the transmission

was in block, I didn't care. It could have been

blocked or unblocked, but if it would have been blocked

17 that would have been cla -- classic false park.

Q Okay. So what you're saying is when you

19 achieve this false park position on this vehicle, the

PRNDL indicator is still highlighted with the R.

Yeah. And it's in neutral.

And it's in hydraulic neutral?

. Δ

23

24 Okay. Now, I think you answered this, but

you don't know where the position of the rooster comb

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Is that when the ball is resting on the peak between

park and reverse detents?

That's classic false park.

And you're talking about the old rooster?

Or -- or in Chrysler you've got -- well, you

don't have a peak. That's the problem.

0 Okav.

On the old rooster comb, you don't have a

peak, but in the Ford and GM where you have that peak

10 the classic false park is on the peak on the rooster

11 comb in the transmission between park and reverse.

12 Okay. Vetters -

That's one of the elements. I gave you the

14

13

15 Q: Okay. The -- the rooster comb on the -- the

Vetters vehicle, it does have a peak, correct? 16

Yes.

18 Okay.

19 A It does.

20 Q Now, -- so false park, as defined by you, is a

position where an operator can shift the lever between

22 park and reverse, the transmission is in hydraulic

23 neutral, and the shift lever stops between the park and

24 reverse gates on the insert plate and that lever can

25 remain in that position, correct? 1 is at that point in time.

A What point in time?

Q When you -- when you're in this false park

mode as you've defined.

A Well, I know when it's on peak. I can't tell

6 where it is exactly. I can tell you which side it's

7

9

8 Which side is it on?

When -- when what?

10 Q When you're in false park as defined by you

11 that we've just been discussing.

12 Generally, on this vehicle, the particular

13 vehicle, the way I found is that if the bleed point

doesn't actuate at one half, then you can put it in a

position where it's not --- where it's on the ramp

between reverse -- or between the peak and reverse. I

17 think we talked about that before.

18 O Okav. So in --

19 Remember when you said you understood when I

20 said peak and down the ramp?

21 Q In your false park mode, the -- the rooster

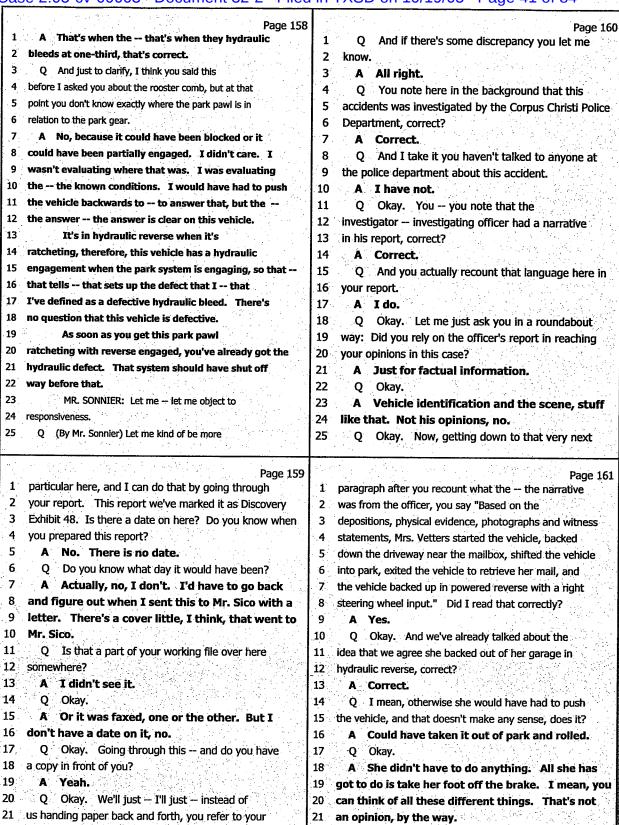
comb is in a position where the ball is on the -- the

23 ramp on the -- the reverse side of the ramp, reverse

24 Correct.

O -- side of the peak?

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Q Okay. Going down here at the bottom of that

page, preliminary opinions, this is when you get into

kind of the -- the meet --

A Yeah.

22

23

24

25

22

23

24

25

copy --

A

Okay.

A All right.

Q - and I'll refer to mine.

Page 162 Page 164 A Yes, but that doesn't exclude testing of other Q -- of your report. You state that "The following opinions and conclusions are based upon a exemplar transmissions, okay. 2 .3 reasonable degree of scientific and engineering Okay. But we discussed previously. certainty and the information available." The information available that you're talking about, Back up for a second. You agree that operators of motor vehicles can make mistakes. would -- would that be documents and statements and 7 A Sure. They're humans. depositions, things that are contained in your file? Is that what you're referring to? O I mean, you've testified many, many times A Yes. What I had at the time of the report. that -- that certain accidents may be the result of That would be -- that would be the available 10 operator error or operator mistake. information. I think you saw the letters. 11 A Absolutely. 11 12 Okay. Turn to the next page. You talk 12 Q Yeah. A So the report had to be after those dates when about you're relying on discovery materials for 13 I received the materials because I had those materials supporting basis, da, da, da. I guess discovery available at the time I wrote the report. materials would be those items that Mr. Sico provided 15 to you that were produced in this case, correct? 16 Q Okay. Then you go on to state, you know, "My inspection of the subject vehicle" --17 A Well, that and the stuff in Haller --17 18 A Right. So it's after that. Q Α -- that's relevant to this case. Q -- "examination of exemplar vehicles/bucks." 19 19 20 And talking about exemplar vehicles/bucks, we've Okav. 20 already talked about three exhibits or bucks produced 21 I don't want to exclude that. Q And -- and that get back -- gets back to just 22 by Mr. Rosenblueth, correct? 22 the general concept about having different positions 23 23 A Yes. for various gears in the transmission. 24 Q And those are -- those are things you're 24 relying on to support your opinions in the case, 25 A Oh, no. That establishes Chrysler's safety Page 165 Page 163 policy because of their responses to NHTSA in the -- in correct, -the response. That establishes foreseeability and 2 That's correct. notice to Chrysler of the defective condition. I 3 -- those three exhibits? mean, there's more than that. A I am relying on them as a portion of my Q Okay. opinion, yes. Q And -- and the exemplars, you haven't All right. independently evaluated a 2002 Dodge Durango in the What -- what else? A The standards that were provided that are Vetters case, correct? 8 generic in -- in Haller, which I can't use. I think 9 A That's correct. they're under protective order. I can't apply them to 10 Q Okay. here in the sense of using them, but I sure remember Not an exemplar, no. 11 them. The PF and the PS and the corporate FMEA, the 12 Q Now, you say --13 Exemplar means exem -- other vehicles. corporate testing program. A: As I said, one of my opinions is that --14 14 Q Other vehicles. that this vehicle is defective, one of the reasons is 15 Correct. because Chrysler doesn't have the test for false And that -- that's when we get into talking 16 detent. They never developed an FMEA for false about the Grand Cherokee, and -- and I think another 17

> has any relationship to these vehicular defects and -and injuries. So my point is all that adds up and comes out of not only Haller, but out of other Chrysler cases I've had, their C802 responses to the government, and that gives you all the information you need to know

about foreseeability notice, the Chrysler safety policy

detent. They don't even admit that the false detent

19

20

21

earlier model --

A Yes.

A That's correct.

correct?

Q -- Durango that you talked about earlier,

components, are you talking about the components in

O Okay. Now, the testing of exemplar

the -- the bucks that we've been discussing?

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Case 2:05-cv-00003 Document 32-2 Filed in TXSD on 10/19/05 Page 43 of 84 Page 166 Page 168 as it relates to -- in general how they're designed, Q Okay. And you said you can be there, but yet their design process, how they go about designing this 2 what? Not -transmission system, and why that design process is 3 A It's not locked, but it's in park. flawed and why it explains this defect, the lack of an In park where? FMEA, the lack -- or a proper FMEA, the lack of design In the transmission. validation. All those things interact and they're part Okay. And -- and in -- in your mind, why is of my opinions, so I don't want to -- but all that that a defective condition? information doesn't come from this file, okay. A Because there's no way that a person should be Q Okay. I got you. 9 able to, because there's looseness in the cable 10 All right. 10 linkage, have that lever stay there without 11 Q Now, moving on down you have a bunch of 11 intentionally placing it there. In other words, this 12 separate lettered --12 is not my intention, this is unintentional bounce back 13 A Yes. 13 positioning of the shift lever on the land between park 14 -- points, and I'll go through those to the 14 and reverse as opposed to the person intentionally or extent I have questions about them. 15 mistakenly putting it there, --16 A Okay. 16 Q Okay. 17 Q Of course, A is, you know, kind of the 17 A -- which you talked about previously where I 18 catchall deal up front, obviously, but you believe 18 say "Yeah, there is driver error." Some people do 19 there's a -- the 2002 Dodge Durango is unreasonably 19 have driver error --20 dangerous and defective due to defects associated with 20 O Some -automatic transmission gear selection system and the 21 A -- where they knowingly and intentionally --22 brake-shift interlock system? 22 if they knowing and intentionally put it in false park, 23 Correct. or a park that's not in park lock, assuming they know Q I read that correctly, didn't I? 24 24 that, that can be driver error. But if they -- if the 25 You did. 25 system allows them to put it there and they don't know Page 167 Page 169 Q Okay. Now, the manufacturing defects that it's there, then the system's at fault. 2 you're referring to, that is specific as to the Q When you talk about bounce back, are you brake-shift interlock device, and we've already talked talking about a situation where the operator moves the about that, correct, about the tab? shift lever from any other gear towards gated park and A No. The key interlock system and the loose they -- the tang goes over and hits the park stop on cable. the insert plate where it doesn't - the tang doesn't Q Okay. fall down into the notch, it bounces back and rests on Right. that peak or on the -- on the land between So the key interlock issue and then the the park and reverse gates? 10 Looseness in the --10 A Yeah, the way it works --11 - loose cable or slack of the cable? 11 Is that what you --

12 Looseness in the cable, yeah.

Q Okay. Tell me about that. We - I mean, we

didn't get into depth about that earlier, so why don't

you tell me what your complaint is with respect to

the - the cable or the shift linkage in this vehicle.

17 A You can -- you can have bounce back where you

18 can put the -- the cable allows you to put the shift

lever -- gear shift lever on the end -- edge of the

20 land between park and reverse with the system in park,

but it's not in park.

13

25

Q And when you say on — on the edge, you have 22

the -- the tang on the edge right before it drops off

24 into the park gate in the column, correct?

A That's correct.

12 A -- is that -- that's right. The person

13 speeds -- shifts it up, hits that land, and then if you

14 let go of that handle it should automatically engage

park lock. That's my position of the system. No

matter what you do, when you -- as soon as you hit that

17 stop and you let go of that handle, it should

18 automatically engage the park lock.

19 In this system, if you do that and you let

20 go of the handle and because of your movement of your

hand and the slack in the system because of the loose

22 cable, you can let go of the handle and it'll bounce

back and land on that edge and not be in lock park.

That should never be able to happen on a system unless

you intentionally do that.

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- position?
- A Just take it, put it in drive or reverse,
- shift it up, hit the stop, and just do what a person

Q How are you able to achieve that bounce back

- would, let go of the handle. Sometimes it'll go in
- the slot, sometimes it'll bounce back and land on the
- land because the cable is loose and it doesn't force it
- into the locked gate.
- Q And how do you --
- A And also because of the park. The other 10
- 11 problem is you have the effort problem where you have
- the park pawl blocked. You get the feedback through
- the system and the cable will actually help assist it, 13
- 14 your handle, because you're getting feedback.
- 15 Q And how do you --
- 16 A It's a push cable.
- 17 - how do you determine in a bounce back
- situation that the tang comes to rest in a position
- 19 other than gated park?
- 20 A How do I do it? Oh, I just --
- 21 Q How - how do you determine that it's in a
- 22 position other than gated park?
- 23 A Well, I can do it two ways. I can look at it
- 24 usually and see that the shift lever is closer to the
- 25 column, that's one, and staying there; No. 2 is because

- Page 172
- Q Now, specific defects, and you address this in
- point No. E down here where we've talked about the
- false park position between the park and reverse.
  - A Right
- Q You say park and reverse detents. Do you
- mean to say park and reverse gates?
- No. The -- the false park position is -- is
- associated with the detents in the transmission. The
- shift lever lands where it lands, but the -- on the
- insert plate, but the rooster comb position, if it's on 10
- the peak, that's false -- that's classic false park. 11
- 12 Q When -- when you say on the peak, you mean
- 13 literally resting on the top of that pointed peak?
- 14 A Correct, literally.
- Q Okay. You would agree with me that that is
- 16 a -- the -- I guess the chances or the likelihood of
- 17 someone actually achieving that position are fairly
- 18
- 19 A I don't agree with that.
- 20 You think it can be done when someone's not
- intentionally trying to put it there?
- A Oh, I know it can be done without somebody 22
- 23 intentionally doing it.
- 24 O And how do you know that?
- 25 Because I have evaluated thousands of

- you just touch it and it will pop into the gate. You
- hit it and -- or move it and it will go down into the
- gate. That's how I determine it.
- Q Okay. Have you done any studies to determine
- the frequency with which an operator of this system can
- achieve a bounce back position and the tang comes to
- rest in a position other than fully gated park? A Have I done a study? No.
  - Q Now, when you're on the edge of the land, as
- -- as you have described in this bounce back position,
- what you're saying is in the transmission you're
- 12 already in park, --
- 13 A That's correct.
- 14 Q -- but -- but the shift lever itself is not in
- 15 gated park.

8

16

- A That's correct.
- Q Okay. So the -- the park pawl would either 17
- be abutted or blocked, as you called, or actually 18
- 19 inserted into the -- the park gear itself?
- A Yeah. Depending on the terrain and -- and 20
- what we talked about. In other words, if it's on 21
- level ground, it could be blocked or it could be
- engaged, depending on the -- the grade or ramp. You
- couldn't do that because it would -- it would -- it
- would cause roll back and lock it up.

- transmissions over the last 23 years and I can put it

A And that's got peaks -- plastic peaks. I can

- on every one of them. I can put it on your Haller
- vehicle with the fix in it.
  - Q And how do you know it's on the --
- put it on there. I can put that in false park.
- 7 Q Okay. How do you know it's on the top of the
- peak on the rooster comb when you can't see the rooster 8
- 9 comb?
- 10 A Because I can -- I do it more than once. I
- don't do it just once. I do it more than once, and I 11
- can -- once I get the feel for it, I can put it in
- almost every time. But I'm -- I will give -- I'll
- grant you this, that it is more difficult with the peak 14
- than the old rooster comb to get it to go into false
- park. I'm not -- I will tell you that.
- 17 Q On the Vetters rooster comb?
- A That is true. I won't -- I won't tell you 18
- that it is more difficult, but you can get it in, and
- you can do it unintentionally or intentionally. But I
- -- I agree, it is more difficult. 21
- Q Now, point No. 2 here on E, you say 22
- "Relatively flat land on inner shift plate allowing 23
- placement of gear shift lever between park and
- reverse." That's where we're talking about the gate

Case 2:03 ev 00000 Document 02 2 The	d III 17(3D 011 10/13/03 1 age 43 01 04
Page 174	Page 176  1 how are you able to determine the point at which you
2 A Yes, the land	2 can get hydraulic bleed? Describe — describe how you
3 Q — in the column, correct?	3 went about finding that.
4 A between park and reverse on the insert	
5 plate, that's correct.	
6 Q Okay.	
7 A Shift see, they they also call it shift	The state of the s
8 plate,	- The state of the
9 Q Okay.	Then you go do die same diling,
10 A Okay.	<ul> <li>9 you establish from park, you go towards reverse and you</li> <li>10 will get to the point where it will engage reverse, so</li> </ul>
11 Q Now, point No. 3, "Uncontrolled hydraulic	11 you have the engagement and disengagement range and
12 bleed position between park and reverse detents."	12 they're not aligned.
13 Let's let's discuss that a little bit because	13 See, when you go to park to reverse, it's
14 you've you brought up the bleed condition earlier,	14 different when you go to reverse and park on this
15 but we — I haven't asked you any questions about it.	15 system because of the lag and and tolerancing and
16 What what are you talking about when you say there's	16 the mechanical linkage.
17 a hydraulic bleed condition on this vehicle?	17 Q So what you're saying in — in — let's
18 A Hydraulic bleed just means that there's a	18 isolate –
19 between the point of neutral hydraulic neutral and	19 A Yeah.
20 transmission on idle where the transmission is	20 Q the movement when you're going from
21 disconnected from the engine drive mechanism. That's	21 reverse towards park. You said you moved the shift
22 hydraulic neutral. They're totally disconnected.	22 lever slowly.
23 Reverse means that you have full hydraulic	23 A Right,
24 engagement where the entire hydraulic system is at full	24 Q Un -
25 pressure in the in the valve body and powered	25 A Very slow.
and transmission are connected in powered reverse.  Hydraulic bleed is a point where you can  where the valve is sitting setting, and because of the design, hydraulic fluid will will bleed at a specific flow rate and pressure and then will engage reverse over time.  Q Does a bleed condition exist in every automatic transmission vehicle?  A Pretty much.  Q And and why is that?  A Because the the tolerances and the design of the hydraulics and the quality control perimeters and the build variations prevent a shut-off without tolerance hydraulic shut-off without a tolerance.  Q Now,  A That's why. Because of its build variations and tolerances and design of the control mechanisms where every part has tolerance, and and those	1 Q until you get to a point where you reach 2 hydraulic neutral or, another way of saying it, you 3 have reverse dropout. 4 A If you want to say that, that's fine. 5 Q Okay. 6 A I I call it disengagement. 7 Q Okay. We'll use your term, then. So you're 8 moving it slowly from reverse towards park and you have 9 reverse disengagement. 10 A Correct. 11 Q And you can actually the operator can feel 12 that, correct? 13 A Oh, yeah. 14 Q Okay. 15 A You'll sense it right away because your foot's 16 on the brake, the vehicle will when you take your 17 foot off, the vehicle will remain stationary. 18 Q Okay. Do you 19 A That's neutral.
20 tolerances add up and so when when when the land 21 of the spool valve is supposed to shut off the the	20 Q Assuming it's on a flat surface?
	21 A Yeah. I understand.
	22 Q Okay.
	23 A Of course.
	Q Now, are you saying that you move it so slowly
25 Q How are you — on — on the Vetters vehicle,	25 that just after you get to that reverse release point

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- 1 that valve is still not completely closed, therefore
- 2 allowing hydraulic fluid to continue to get into that
- 3 area?
- 4 A No. No. That's not -- what I'm trying to do
- 5 is I have to get the engagement/disengagement point to
- get the rage of where a bleed could occur. That's how
- 7 I set up to determine where -- where the range of
- 8 hydraulic bleed could occur. Between those two points,
- 9 when I just defined on the shift insert plate and on
- 10 the transmission, you can get hydraulic bleed, so what
- 11 you do is you put that -- you hold that shift lever in
- 12 that position and -- and the vehicle will be in
- 13 neutral, and then all of a sudden it will slowly bleed
- 14 and back up --
- 15 Q And why is it bleeding?
- 16 A -- over time.
- 17 Q Why --
- 18 A Because the tolerant the the spool valve
- 19 in the -- in the manual -- spool valve in the
- 20 transmission cannot, in that position, shut off the
- 21 port -- hydraulic port that directs the fluid to the
- 22 clutches and the bands in the transmission, so it will
- 23 engage with enough pressure. It slowly bleeds into
- 24 reverse and then normally what happens when that bleed
- 25 starts and the vehicle starts to move it will go into

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- Q and the way you're able to evaluate that
- 2 and achieve it is, as you've described, you're bringing
- 3 that lever slowly over to where you -- you just get to
- 4 the point where you have reverse release, correct?
- 5 A Well, I know that the range, and I get the
- reverse release and then I move the lever into slightly
- 7 more and leave it there and if it will stay there. It
- 8 has to stay there.
- 9 Q Okay.
- 10 A You can't, you know, hold it there. Some
- 11 vehicles you have to do that because it will pop back
- 12 in reverse.
- 13 Q Okay.
- 14 A But if you hold it there and it stays -- and
- 15 if you let go of the handle and it stays there, remains
- 6 stationary, and then all of a sudden it starts to back
- 17 up because of bleed, then you've got the A hydraulic
- bleed point, not necessary -- you don't have them all
- 19 because there's more than that, but that's one of them.
- 20 I told you what the range is.
  - Q And you -- and you -- in order to -- to define
- 2 this you have to purposely find that area where you can
- 3 achieve that bleed condition, correct?
- 24 A Well, as -- as -- as a scientific evaluation
- 25 to figure out where it is to see if it has it, that's

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- full hydraulic reverse then.
- 2 That's not always true, but most -- more
- 3 than -- more vehicles that I've tested have gone into
- power -- full power reverse than not, so there's a
- 5 higher percentage that will, but some of them don't.
- 6 Some of them stay in hydraulic bleed and will back up
- 7 slowly.
- 8 Q How is it that you're able to identify that
- 9 there is a bleed condition?
- 10 A I just did that. I told you.
- 11 Q Is it because --
- 12 A I --
- 13 Q -- it's not moving at one point and then
- 14 after an undefined period of time it begins to move?
- 15 A Yeah. I mean, if you put the vehicle in
- 16 neutral and it sits there and the -- and the
- 17 transmission engine are disengaged and then all of a
- 18 sudden you don't do anything else, but you hear --
- 19 you'll hear the engine in the vehicle start to lug
- 20 because the hydraulic pressure is starting to kick in
- 21 and it's starting to engage the clutches of the
- 22 transmission which loads the engine, and then you'll
- 23 all of a sudden see the vehicle back up.
- 24 O And the --
- 25 A I mean, that's hydraulic bleed.

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- what you do. And once you find that it has it, it has it, so all you have to do is somebody has to put it in
- 3 that position and it will hydraulically bleed
- 4 eventually.
- 5 Q Okay. Now, in in the case of an ordinary
- 6 operator, just take anybody that, you know, that you
- 7 know or have experience with or have evaluated in the
- 8 past, would you agree that it is not typical for a
- 9 person operating a 2002 Durango --
- 0 A Excuse me.
- 11 Q to have a shift movement which is very slow
- 12 and intentionally if they're attempting to achieve
- 13 secured park?
  - MR. SICO: Objection, calls for
- 5 speculation.

- 16 A It depends on the person. I think that the
- 7 average age -- young age person, no. I think they
- 18 don't have any trouble. They go -- they just shift
- 19 it. There's no slow shift. I -- it depends on the
- 20 age of the person, it depends on the position of the
- 21 person, it depends on what they're doing, how attentive
- 22 they are.
- 23 Q Now, when you when you reach getting
- 24 back to the reverse towards park movement. When you
- 25 find that area where you get a bleed-on condition,

Page 182 Page 184 where is the tang on the insert plate? and that that, by God, is lock secured park. 1 A Somewhere between park and reverse. I'd have A Absolutely, in the transmission. to go back and go through the video to figure that out. Q In the transmission. Q Can -- and --Right. Absolutely locked park. It's --Or go back to the vehicle. It's still on the A it's there, it's going to stay there, and it's vehicle. automatic. Q And how would you - I mean, looking at the Q Now, can you tell me what vehicles are out 8 video, what -- what would you be looking for to -- to there today that have this positive detenting gear define where it is? selection system that you propose or think should be in 10 A I think I stated it. 10 this vehicle? 11 Q So you verbally stated it on there? A I haven't seen it. A I think I did, yeah. 12 Q Now, increase spring tension. You talk about 13 Okay. 13 the spring - well, you tell us. What spring are you 14 A That's my recollection, yeah. talking about? Q Okay. And -- and you said between park and A The cam levers ball roller cam detent on the 15 reverse. It's on the flat part of the insert plate 16 rooster comb -- linear rooster comb on this case. 17 between park and reverse gates. 17 Q What -- what -- the -- the spring in the A I knew it was on the flat between park and 18 Vetters vehicle, what kind of force or what -- how reverse, but where you're asking me I don't remember. would you quantify that in terms of the spring tension 19 20 Q Okay. 20 or spring force? A It's definitely between park and reverse on 21 A I think Rosenblueth measured that, and it's 21 22 the land. No question about that, 22 quantified two ways. One is free length and two is Q And -- and what -- what about on the rooster 23. engaged and -- or it's engaged at two spots, one is 24 comb, where - where would the - the ball be when engaged in detent and one is as it moves up the rooster 25 you're able to achieve this bleed-on condition? 25 comb peak the force increases on the cam lever spring, Page 183 Page 185 A As I recall, between one-third and one half 1 so you have to increase that -2 detent. That's my recollection, not without going 2 Q Okay. 3 back and reviewing the whole video. 3 A -- so it snaps in. Q Now, point 4 here you talk about, let's see, Q And what --5 lack of a positive detent gear selection system such as And we did that on the -- on the other buck. increasing spring tension and elimination of the hydraulic bleed position. I guess my question is, 7 A I think it's a 15 pound or 12 pound versus the 8 what -- what do you mean by positive detenting gear 8 production. selection system? 9 Q So the alternative design that you would A Positive detenting means automatic detenting, 10 10 propose, that spring should have a tension or force of 11 passive. 11 12 to 15 pounds? 12 Q To - to the layperson, how -- how would you A No. I think that's -- I -- again, Jerry did 12 13 that, so I'd have -- he -- he's going to be deposed and 14

- 13 explain that?
- A They have -- they don't have to do anything
- 15 other than shift the gear to P and it's automatically
- 16 in the locked park position or the gated park position.
- It's there. It's an automatic thing. The person doesn't have to rely on what they do, the system does
- 19 it for them, -
- 20 Q Okay.
- ---which makes a lot of sense to me.
- Q What -- so what you're saying is you want a 22
- system where the individual wants to go to lock secured
- park, they move it that direction, they see P
- 25 highlighted on their indicator, their visual indicator,

- he'll give you that information.
- 15 Q Okay.
- 16 A I don't have that information at this point.
- 17 Q Well, let me ask you, do you have an opinion
- on what kind of spring should be in this system that 18
- 19 would be --
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 -- not defective?
- 22 Yes. Greater than the one that's in the --
- 23. higher than the one that has been produced, OEM by
- 24 Chrysler. It definitely has to be higher.
- 25 Q What is the spring force on the OEM spring in

8

13

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this vehicle?

- A I told you, I don't know yet.
- 3 Q You just haven't measured it or you just don't
- 4 know?
- A Well, the -- I didn't get the drawing for this
- 6 cam roller. That would be on the drawing, or it's a
- spec -- it could be a specification.
- 8 Q Is there any way --
- A It could be one of the specifications. I
- 10 don't -- the answer is I don't know because I don't
- 11 have the spec. It could be on a spec. It should be
- 12 specification SF or PF. The specification of Chrysler
- 13 should say that there should be X pounds or should be
- 14 on the assembly drawing that the spring force should be
- 15 X pounds, and it should be a check.
- 16 Q Is there any way you can quantify what the
- 17 alternative design would be? Would it be 10 percent
- 18 more, 50 percent more, 100 percent more?
- 19 A I could with the -- with the caveat that I
- 20 have to get the specification for the maximum shift
- 21 efforts that Chrysler allows the product because that
- 22 may have to be adjusted because they may not be
- 23 aligned. In other words, if Chrysler spec says that
- 24 the shift effort from park to reverse can't exceed 15
- 25 pounds, let's say, or 20 inch pounds, whatever --

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- A That was part of it, but the problem is when
- 2 they kept increasing it, they had a problem with the
- 3 blockage which forced it backwards. They -- the
- 4 blockage was -- was -- was a big problem for Ford
- because it would kick the shift -- it would self shift
- 6 the system out of park into reverse. That's pretty
- 7 bad.
  - Q The next point you have in here, lack of a
- 9 proper FMEA. Tell us what you mean by that.
- 10 A If they did a proper FMEA they would have
- 11 found everything that I just talked about as -- in
- 12 terms of identifying it as a potential defect --
  - O Identifying -
  - A -- or failure -- or potential failure
- 15 analysis. They would have found the -- they would
- have found the problem of the housing failure, the tab
- 17 failure, or the -- or the lack of assembly gate for the
- 18 brake interlock, they would have found the defect in
- 19 the key -- ignition key, they would have found the
- 20 defect or failure mode of the loose cable, they would
- 21 have found the false park, they would have defined.
- 22 Each one of these variables, they would
- 23 have set up a test procedure for it and they would have
- 24 established the risks associated with if they don't fix
- 5 that problem what's going happen to people, or

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- whether they want to talk about torque, whether they
- 2 want to talk about force, if that's the spec, then we
- 3 have to align the rooster comb spring force to that
- 4 effort so that it doesn't exceed the Chrysler spec or
- we have to increase the Chrysler spec, which is what
- 6 Ford did and Chrysler did on the -- Chrysler had to do
- 7 that on their recall for the Jeep Cherokee, they had to
- 8 change their specs. So until I get that information, 9 I don't have a recommendation, and I haven't received
- 10 it.
- 11 Q Okay. So if if the shift force required
- 12 to move the shift lever from one position to another is
- 13 higher, would you recommend that the spring force be
- 14 higher?

19

- 15 A Only if it—there -- you gotta do it within
- 16 a human factors range. You can only go so high and
- 7 then the people are going to have a problem because
- 18 it's going to be hard for them to shift.
  - Q Okay. And do you know why --
- 20 A And that's been all defined. Ford defined
- 21 that, GM defined it, NHTSA defined that in C802, and we
- 22 did that when I was at the company.
- Q And the problem with the Ford and C802 is they
- 4 had too -- too much force was required for an operator
- 25 to move the shift lever in certain positions, correct?

- Page 189 potentially what could happen to people, and then -- or
- 2 in terms of the hazard to the user, and this would have
- 3 been turned around a long time ago.
- Unfortunately, I can tell you that I've
- 5 looked at Ford, GM, Chrysler and Japanese FMEAs and
- 6 they don't even consider false park. It's not even in
- 7 the equation. They don't consider bleed point. It's
- 8 not even in the equation. It's a reason to be safe --
  - Q So basically, --
- 10 A -- because it meets the federal standard.
  - Q -- in -- in a nutshell, what you're saying is
- 12 they should have some procedures or policies in place
- 13 to to be able to identify potential failures or
- 14 potential hazards presented by their design, be it
- 15 false park, loose cable, a broken tab on a housing for
- 16 a solenoid, things of that nature like you've discussed
- 17 here so far, correct?

11

- 18 A Yeah. And I'll point you to the FMEA that
- 19 Chrysler, GM and Ford co-published in the SAE. It's an
- 20 SAE procedure and they published it, and it says
- exactly what I just said, that the engineer should
   consider any conceivable failure mode and -- on the
- 23 system that -- that could pose a hazard or unnecess
- 24 unreasonable risk to the user.
  - Now, it wasn't too much of a brainer to

Page 190 Page 192 1 figure out that the false park was posing a risk to the gated park. 2 consumer. A That is correct. Q Let me ask you this: The next point you -3 Q Okay. Is there any other - you're talking you reference a defective ignition and steering lock about the steering lock mechanism. Is there a defect mechanism which allows removal of the ignition key with with respect to the steering lock mechanism? gear selection in false park and a steering wheel No, because it -- it was running. I mean... rotation with the ignition key removed. Okav. 8 We talked about that, I guess, at length The reason that I considered that was the -earlier, and as we sit here today you don't exactly whether the engine was running at some point or not was know why that is not operating as designed in the 10. 10 a -- was a function of the facts, and once I got all Vetters vehicle, correct? 11 the information the steering would not be locked with 12 A Why the ignition key can be removed? 12 the vehicle running, okay, so ... 13 Q No. Why there is an issue with that system. 13 Q Point 7 is brake-shift interlock. It's either 14 MR. SICO: Objection, vaque. 14 a defective one or a total absence. You've determined 15 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Do you know what caused it? 15 that this Vetters vehicle does have a brake-shift 16 A I'm sorry. 16 interlock feature, correct? 17 Q Well, let me ask it --17 A Oh, definitely. Absolutely, yes. 18 We're losing. 18 Q But it's - it does -- it does not function as 19 - a different way. 19 designed? 20 Yeah. I lost you. 20 A It doesn't function and it's defective, yes. 21 Q Let me -- the key interlock system, okay, --21 Q Okay. Now, you've indicated - I'm looking 22 22 down at Point J, "DaimlerChrysler, the automotive 23 Q -- you identify that it doesn't work in -- in 23 industry in general, and independent safety researchers 24 Vetters vehicle. It doesn't work as designed. identified the hazards of sudden, unexpected shifting 24 25 A That is -- no, it doesn't work in accordance into powered reverse and the hazard of being able to Page 193 with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard, and I shift gears without depressing the brake pedal in at 2 don't know if it's de -- obviously, it's designed in a 2. least the 1980s." What are you relying on in - in way that it can allow the key to be removed. 3 support of that? I mean, what studies, what Q Allow the key to be removed when the shift investigations? lever is in some position other than --A. As far -- as far as the first part of that A Park lock. paragraph, that's -- that goes all the way back to C802 Q -- gated park? and customer complaints, both for GM and Chrysler and A Yeah. And understand that that's different 8 lawsuits that were occurring. Remember, Ford wasn't from the -- the defect of -- of the -- not locking out 9 the only one that was getting hammered with C802, it's 10 the gear selection system -just that they had the most frequent and NHTSA 11 Q Okay. So --11 concentrated on them. So there's prior notice about 12

A -- with the -- with the key out. That's different. This is a different one. This is where

14 you can remove the key, take the key out.

15 Q Okay.

16 A Okay.

Q. When the -- when the engine's not running and 17

it's in a -- in a gear other than park?

A No. With the engine off, with the shift lever 20 on the edge of the insert plate not in fully gated park

you can take the key out. That's a defect. That

22 violates FMVSS 105, as well.

Q Okay. What you're saying is a non-defective

system you should not be able to remove the key when

the engine's off unless the shift lever is in fully

12 this problem all the way back before the recall, which

goes back into the '70s.

13

14 And then the -- to shift gears without the 15 depressing the brake pedal, well, we know that the -

16 that the gear interlock system would prevent that,

17 okay.

18 Q` Now, -

They knew that back in the 1980s when the

20 sudden acceleration issues were occurring with Audi and

21 other vehicles, GM, Ford. All -- all those vehicles

22 were not only investigated by NHTSA, certain models,

23 not all their vehicles, but certain models, but also

lawsuits and NHTSA concerns with sudden acceleration. 24

They knew that the brake interlock system was a

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- ${f 1}$  solution to preventing not the only sudden
- acceleration, but would have a positive effect on the
- 3 park to reverse if it was done right.
- 4 Q Now, point L here, "DaimlerChrysler was aware
- 5 of the false park position syndrome prior to production
- of the subject vehicle." What do you base that on?
- A C802, lawsuits, OSIs, con -- customer
- 8 complaints that go back into the time frame of the
- 9 '70s.
- 10 Q So what what you're saying is there had
- 11 been complaints by customers where they have complained
- 12 that they shifted or thought they shifted to park but
- 13 yet the vehicle rolled into powered gear --
- 14 A That's one.
- 15 Q and they thought it was in secured park?
- 16 A That's one, and then the C802 NHTSA
- 17 investigation established, and I had -- and we might as
- 18 well just go with me. I mean, I had depositions with
- 19 Chrysler before and told them what this defect is
- 20 before this one. So they're on notice of
- 21 foreseeability just because I told them, so add me in
- 22 there, too.
- 23 Q M, "DaimlerChrysler violated the industrial
- 24 safety standard of hazard prevention. "What -- what
- 25 are you referring to?

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- 1 Unfortunately, I think that Lee Carr and everybody
- 2 agree that it doesn't work.
- 3 Q Okay.
  - A Everybody agrees. All the experts, even for
- 5 -- for Ford and GM and Chrysler admit that the owner's
- manual just doesn't work in terms of warning. It does
- 7 in some areas, but some areas it doesn't. It's not
- 8 that effective, unfortunately. That's why it's
- 9 important to follow that -- the stand -- safety
- 10 standard of hazard prevention so that -- because
- 11 warning is the minimum level of safety obligation of a
- 12 manufacturer.

13

- Q Now, you've -- you've testified in other cases
- 4 that warnings should consist of language in an owner's
- 15 manual. You've advocated that, correct?
  - A I'm an advocate. I believe that you should
- 17 put it in the owner's manual. There's no question that
- 18 you should do that. The effectiveness of it is what
- 19 I'm telling you is not -- is -- is what the problem is.
- 20 Q Okay. And I understand. You're I mean,
- 21 obviously, you're not a psychologist or psychiatrist
- 22 and you haven't gotten into that part of a warnings
- 23 issue, correct?
- 24 A Yeah. As far as the -- the phraseology or
- 25 the wording of it, I'd have to use those people because

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- 1 A I define that, I think, in the paper.
- 2 It's -- it's -- yeah, page five. It goes into that
- 3 pretty detailed, I think.
  - Q Okay. Down there at the bottom of the page?
- 5 A Yeah.
  - Q Okay. I got you.
- 7 A Okay.
- 8 Q Now, point O down here, "DaimlerChrysler
- 9 properly failed to warn the users of the 2002 Durango
- 10 of of the hazards," and when you talk about hazards,
- 11 I'm assuming you're talking about what you have defined
- 12 as a false park condition and the non-operation of the
- 13 bitsy in in this particular vehicle.
- 14 A Well, actually, hazard is -- is park -- a
- 15 vehicle going into-power -- sudden unexpected powered
- 16 reverse. That's -- that's the hazard. The defects
- 17 are -- explain why it's hazardous, but the hazard is
- 18 that this vehicle goes into sudden unexpected powered
- 19 reverse.
- 20 Q Okay. Do you agree that an owner's manual
- 21 is is one place, and a good place, to give operators
- 22 instructions and and warnings with respect to, you
- 23 know, the operation of a motor vehicle?
- 24 A Well, I think it's -- I think it's a good
- 25 place to go to to add information for the -- the owner.

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  I think they're more qualified to convey information to
- a user. But as far as the -- the rest of it, the
- 3 standards, the SAE and the ASME standards of how the
- 4 warning should be prepared, sized, lettered, colored,
- 5 designated, I'm an expert in that. But as far as the
- 6 wording, I'd have to have to some help.
- 7 Q Now, you --

8

- A I can do it, but I need some help.
- Q Okay. You've testified in the past that both
- 10 Ford and GM should put language in their owner's manual
- 11 advising operators that whenever they exit a vehicle
- 12 they should shut off the engine, set the park brake and
- 13 make sure that the vehicle is in secured park.
- 14 A Well, I've testified -- my testimony is that's
- 15 true, but I -- you -- you explain to them what that
- 6 means by secured park. That's the problem. That kind
- 7 of language -- I can go this far: That kind of
- 18 language is what causes the problem.
  - When you say secured park, what does that
- 20 mean? That could mean that the vehicle is stationary.
- 21 That's a problematic term. But certainly the language
- 22 should be a minimum that says that, but then it should
- 23 be defined as to what that means --
- 24 O Okay.
- 25 A -- by secured park.

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Q You -- you've advocated before, even in other

- cases with other vehicles, that there should be
- 3 language in the owner's manual advising persons that if
- 4 they're going to exit their vehicle, they better shut
- 5 the engine off, correct?
  - A Oh, I think that's -- I'm an advocate that that's a good idea, --
- Q Okay.

6

- 9 A -- but know, of course, that that's not
- 10 reasonable for all people, but certainly it's a good
- 1 thing to do in the owner's manual. No question.
- 12 Q And you've also advocated in -- in other
- 13 matters that an operator should -- each and every time
- 14 they intend to exit a vehicle should set the park brake
- 15 and -- and that that -- an owner's manual should
- 16 contain language to that effect.
- 17 A I think that's a -- a perfectly good
- 18 recommendation. Unfortunately, as I said, it doesn't
- 19 work.
- 20 Q Now, that would especially be true having a
- 21 language in there about setting the park brake if
- 22 someone's going to exit the vehicle and leave the
- 23 engine running, correct?
- 24 A Yeah. I think that's true. I think if -- I
- 25 think that the -- the issue is that you shouldn't --

- 1 before exiting the vehicle?
- 2 A It's not only a good idea, it's required under
- 3 the minimum -- minimum obligation of the hazard
- 4 prevention. It's a -- it's an obligation. They have
- 5 to do that.
- Q Okay. As a matter of fact, are you aware that
- 7 almost every state, I think maybe 49 states, in fact,
- 8 have laws that operators operating motor vehicles
- 9 should, before exiting the vehicle, shut down the
- 10 engine, set the park brake, and ensure that the vehicle
- 11 is in park?

12

- A If they are, then they got a real problem
- 13 because they're going to put a lot of employees out of
- 14 work because some employees can't operate. They can't
  - work and do that. It's impossible. If you look at
- 16 some of the conditions that occur where employees are
- 17 forced to do their job and they can't do what that
- 18 says, then I think they got a problem, but that's my
- 19 own impression.
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A I know -- I know that there are jobs where the
- 22 employees can't do what that law says. So if that is a
- 23 law, it's unusual.
- 24 Q Okay. My question is, are you aware that
  - there are many states that do have that law?

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- 1 knowing the parking -- knowing the gear selection
- 2 system or parking gear selection system is defective,
- 3 you -- you should have an alternate system, and the
- 4 only other alternate system on this vehicle is a
- 5 parking brake system.
- Q Well, another good reason to -- to tell owners
- 7 about shutting down the engine and setting the park
- B brake is because owners can make mistakes in their
- 9 shifting of a vehicle; is that correct?
- 10 A That one's hard to understand, other than -- I
- 11 have a real tough problem when people talk about that
- 12 because, you know, the industry designs in a latent
- 13 defect and then they say it's the person's fault for
- 14 positioning it there. I don't understand that, but
- 15 okay, that's just-me. Maybe I have a problem
- 16 understanding.
- 17 But when you design a defect into a
- 18 vehicle and people put it there, I guess I -- I don't
- 19 understand how you can look at the person and say,
- 20 "Well, you shouldn't have done that."
- Q Well, if if a manufacturer recognizes that
- 22 operators can make mistakes in shifting a vehicle,
- 23 given that, do you think it's a good idea that they
- 24 should put in the owner's manual that the operator
  - 5 should shut down the engine and set the park brake

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- A I have not seen that law citation or statute.
- 2 I have not seen it.
- 3 Q Now, going back to the report. I'm down at Q.
- 4 We've already talked about the hydraulic bleed
- 5 restricted to one-eighth detent --
  - A Right.

- 7 Q -- detent motion total. That's -- what you're
- 8 talking about, there should be a tolerance there for
- 9 one-eighth movement within the reverse detent. Beyond
- 10 that, should be designed to ensure that there is no
- 11 hydraulic bleed in the system.
- 12 A That's correct.
- 13 Q Okay. Now, Point R here, --
- 14 A Okay.
- 15 Q -- you indicate "DaimlerChrysler has withheld
- 16 or misrepresented information and material relevant to
- 17 the federal government or agency's determination of
- 18 adequacy for the pertinent safety standards or
- 19 regulations." What -- what -- what are you saying
- 20 Chrysler has withheld or misrepresented?
- 21 A Well, their representatives in Haller, and all
- 22 the cases I've ever had with them, state the -- the
- 23 fact that they meet the federal standard makes the
- 24 vehicle reasonably safe --
- 25 Q Okay. So --

Page 202 Page 204 A -- without -- without stating that the -- the O There are two shoes, -standards are in fact minimum regulatory standards, Yeah. - or sandals, rather? they're intended to be exceeded, that vehicles that Right. Sandals, actually. Sandals, yeah. meet the standards have -- they have been advised that 4 these vehicles are defective, that they do back up, Q Okay. Now, the second paragraph there under Part S, you recite that the investigating officer re -that they -- there is a park to reverse occurrences officer's report reflects that the vehicle was parked 7 that happen, and that the misrepresentations are that they -- that Chrysler and the automotive industry says in the driveway when it slipped into reverse. Just that it meets the federal standards, therefore it's like yourself, would you agree the officer could not define or tell us exactly where that vehicle was reasonably safe. I don't agree with that. 10 positioned before it began to move rearward? 11 Q Okay. So when you're talking about withheld A Well, I don't know what information he has, so or misrepresented information, you're -- you're --12 13 I don't know. I'm saying that I can't, maybe he knows you're talking about statements by the manufacturer 13. that the vehicle meets federal motor vehicle safety something I don't. 14 Q Okay. standards? A I'll leave it at that. 16 A Yeah. That's their defense. Q And you claim that -- that this Vetters 17 By the way, have you read his deposition, do 17 vehicle does not meet federal motor vehicle safety A I haven't -- I haven't read it, no. 19 standards with respect to the transmission system. 19 20 Officer Fernandez. 20 A 105, yeah. 21 Okay. And 105 being specifically what? No. But if he says he has no -- no further -more information than I do, I don't -- I don't see how 22 The brake. 23 he could place the vehicle. 23 Q The brake-shift interlock? Okay. Now, you also state here "The report 24 Α No, the key. 24 25 Q The key interlock. I'm sorry. also states that Mrs. Vetters attempted to get back Page 205 Page 203 into the vehicle." Let me ask you, I know this is the Yeah. officer's statement, but do you have an opinion as to 2 I misspoke. whether or not Mrs. Vetters attempted to get back in 3 That's okay. Would you agree with me that the transmission this vehicle? A I do. selector system on this vehicle did comply with federal motor vehicle safety standards? And - and what's your opinion? I think she did. A As far as the gear PRNDL, yes, I agree with Q And what do you base that on? that, and the portions of 105. I agree with that. The -- the position of the shift lever and Q Now, if you get in here, Point S, is just further discussion, I think, about the accident and 10 steering wheel. 11 Q Okay. some other points, but you indicate here, and I'm 11 A The steering wheel was turned to the right. 12 reading on from the third sentence, "Incoming mail from 12 her mail box, her glasses and cell - cell phone were 13 Position of the shift lever being found in 13 found in a blood pool in which she came to rest." 14 reverse, --14 15 A Right. 15 You're talking about the debris or items. that were -- that actually appear in the photographs 16 16 A Steering wheel turned to the right. 17 17 you've reviewed, correct? Q And the steering wheel turned to the right. 18 A Yes. In the police photographs I saw these 18 And then there's some fin -- there's some kind 19 items in the blood pool, yeah. 19 of prints on the sill rearward of the door opening. 20 20 21 21 Q Okay. Do you know when -- those -- those A Or near -- in or near them, yeah. 22 prints - like this vehicle is, I guess, sort of dusty 22 Q Okay. 23 or dirty. 23 A There was also shoes --24 Α Yeah. 24 Q Okay. 25 Maybe it hadn't been washed before this 25 Α -- that were --

Page 206 accident, but there's -- there's some markings on there

2 that are consistent with a hand, or fingers, or

3 something.

A That's what it looks like to me.

Q Okay. Do you know, based on your

investigation in this, as to when those prints were

7 placed on that door?

A Well, I can't say that I know. That would be

100 percent. But within a reasonable degree,

0 certainly you can't -- you can't rule out that that

11 mark wasn't made by her attempting to get in the

2 vehicle when she slipped, or whatever happened to her

3 and she fell out of the vehicle. You can't take that

14 away from it, so if you can't discount it, then you

15 can't -- then you can't say it didn't exist, so

l6 certainly it can't be ruled out that that's not a piece

7 of in evidence this case, just like the two hand prints

18 at the -- the deck lid can't be ruled out.

19 Q Okay. And also --

20

A That -- that has nothing to do with this

21 accident in the since of -- those are hand prints, and

2 I'm not going to testify --

23 Q From closing the lift gate?

24 A -- that she -- yeah, that the vehicle backed

25 over, but that, I think, is from closing the lift gate.

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1 I don't think -- I don't think anybody is going to

2 argue that.

3 Q Okay. Well, likewise, -

4 A So where was she when she got run over?

Q — do you know whether she closed the door

6 after exiting — exiting the vehicle to go to the

7 mailbox?

8

17

A The door's open at the scene. Mind

9 understanding is the door was open as -- when the

10 vehicle was found, so I think I wrote in here, didn't

11 I, when -- when you were going through there you didn't

12 finish it. It said the police said the door was

13 closed.

14 Q Okay. You just said it was open. Was it --

15 was it found open or was it found closed?

16 A The scene photos show it open.

Q Okay. Do you know who opened that door, or

18 how it became opened?

19 A I don't -- my -- if that condition was -- is

20 representative of the vehicle at the rest without

21 anybody doing anything with the vehicle, then that

means she's the only one that could have done that

23 because she was the only person there, so she opened it

24 and left it open.

25 Q Okay. If —

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3

6

But it's -- it's important because she might have done

2 that either that day or the -- it had to be recent

3 because if you're driving that vehicle, especially down

4 by the sill, you're going to cover it up, and that

5 looked pretty fresh.

Q Okay. And would -- would you agree with me

7 with respect to the hand prints on — on the sill of

8 the door there that you can't rule out that those were

9 placed there the evening before when she shut her door

10 to go into the house for the evening?

11 A I can't rule it out, but fingerprints?

12 Q Okay.

13 A What the heck is her hand doing? And it's

14 smudged, it's not a clear print. It's not -- I mean,

15 it's -- it's smudged, so I -- okay. It could have

16 happened, but --

Q Well, my point is you can't rule that out, can

18 you?

17

19 A I can't rule it out, but that means I can't

20 rule out that it didn't happen on the day, so we're

21 laying -- we're laying ground work here that somebody

22 can't say it didn't happen --

23 Q Yeah.

24 A -- and somebody can say it did. The question

25 is, somehow she -- she got run over by this vehicle.

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A Now, did she close it? I -- I have no

2 information.

Q To say one way or the other?

A No. I have information that says it was open.

I don't have information that says it was closed.

Q Okay. If -- if the testimony in this case

7 from the lady that came upon the scene that was jogging

in the neighborhood, the neighbor, the husband, the

9 officer, the EMTs that arrived at the scene, if they've

10 all testified that the door was found at rest position

11 in the closed position, would you dispute that?

12 A No. And the vehicle still could have had it

13 open, but when it hits the -- as the vehicle goes, it

14 closed the door, so it doesn't -- it doesn't take it

15 out of the equation.

16 Q So the inertia of the impact with the curb --

17 A Or her

18 Q -- or -- or coming to rest in the yard could

19 have actually caused the door to close?

A Or her, yeah, closed the door, --

Q Okay.

22 A -- or when it hit the gutt -- when it hit the

23 gutter.

20

21

24 MR. SICO: Do you — yeah. Its been a

25 while.

Page 212 Page 210 a normal shift movement towards gated park? MR. SONNIER: Yeah. We haven't take a 1 break in a while. Let's do that. A Correct. 3 VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. Q And your intention is to get it into gated (WHEREUPON AT THIS TIME A SHORT park? My intention is to put that thing in gated A 5 BREAK WAS TAKEN.) VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of 6 park. 7 Q Okay. And you said you did this more than videotape No. 3 of the deposition of John Stilson. once, but less than five times, --Today's date is October 13th, 2005. It is 2:58 p.m. 8 9 A Right. Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, earlier we were -- so between two and five times you attempted talking about a situation that you referred to as a 10 to do this, correct? bounce back condition --11 11 That's right. 12 A Right. 12 A. -- where, you know, you're shifting from a 13 Q Okay. 13 14 On the Vetters vehicle, yeah. 14 gear towards gated park and the tang contacts the park Q On the Vetters vehicle. And how many times stop the insert plate and when you let it go you 15 were you able to achieve a situation where the tang contend that the tang can actually bounce back and --16 17 ended up in a position other than fully gated park? and end up resting on the land --17 A Every time after a while. I mean, it's 18 18 A Sure. Q - on the insert plate. And you said you did 19 just -- you get the feel of the -- when you hit the 19 stop, you get the feel after a while of the -- how you an evaluation of that condition, correct? 20 20 21 21 -- how you release the lever. A Yes. How many -- how many times did you attempt to .22 You said every -- every time after a while. 22 You didn't do it more than four times, correct? You've 23 do that on this Vetters vehicle? 23 already said that. You did it less than -- you did it 24 A I don't remember, but it was more than once. less than five times, or attempted to do it less than 25 O Was it more than twice? Page 213 Page 211 1 five times. 1 A Yes. A Well, that's my recollection. I don't know Q Was it more than five times? how many times I did it, but I think it was less -- I A I don't think so. 3 Q So more than once, less than five times? think it was less than five, or five or less. Q Okay. And is it your testimony that you Correct. And by bounce back, I told you, you don't have to -- it doesn't mean you necessarily achieved a situation - a bounce back situation and the completely let go of the handle. You just don't go tang ended up somewhere other than gated park in each like that. You hit it and then you -- your hand one of those instances? actually -- the explanation is your hand actually A One I -- once I learned how to do it, yeah, on reacts to that stop and what you'll do is you'll take this system, yeah, every time. Q So you - so you - you were attempting to see 11 the handle and you'll let go of it slowly and it will bounce, and the bounce back is that it will land on if you could get it to -- to bounce back on that -- on 12 the land, as you've described, correct? 13 A Yeah. That's just like a false park. I'm an 14 Now, you could probably throw it up there 15 and let -- 100 percent let that happen. I -- that's 15 expert. I'm an engineer. I want to see if the system not the test that I did. I did the other one, -will do it. 16 17 17 Q Okay. Q Okay. 18 A -- which is the operator test. That's what an 18 See, the first thing you have to make a operator would do. They would hit the stop and then determination is the system capable of doing that? And the second thing is, if it does, what conditions does their hand, as it comes off the shift lever, they think 20 it happen? And so I evaluate both. 21 it automatically drops into the slot because they hit 21 22 the stop, but where actually the way their hand comes 22 Q And you said one --23 A When you -- when you say intentionally, I' 23 off it lands on the land. wasn't intentionally trying to find it. I was trying 24 Q So when you're doing your test, what you were doing -- would you characterize your shift movement as 25 to -- intentionally trying to find out if it existed on

Page 214 Page 216 1 the subject vehicle. You know that its chances of hitting that spot Q The first time you did it, were you able to 2 get greater. achieve a situation where the tang was in a position Q What - what is it other than gated park? You can feel it. I don't remember the sequence. -- exactly that you learned that a -- that 0 6 Do you -allowed you to achieve that position on the land? I just remember doing a normal shift and then A That this system doesn't have an automatic I wanted to see if -- if I released the handle in what 8 park lock. I call a conventional operator's man -- manner, and the O Well, now --10 difference -- distinction is very positive in the sense 10 A A person has to manually put it in. 11 that what -- what can be thought of of a person hitting 11 Q But -- but physically what did you learn, as the stop and then intentionally shifting into the gear 12 the person moving the shift lever, to be able to change 12 -- knowingly, intentionally taking -- being cognizant 13 your conduct the next time in order to get it to come 14 that they hit the stop and now they take the lever and 14 to rest on the land? they force it or drop it into park. That's one way you 15 A Nothing, just keep doing it till it happened. can shift that system. There's no question about that. 16 In other words, you're letting it happen. It has 17 Q So one way you can shift it - what you're 17 a -- a chance of when you let go of the handle -- it's 18 saying is you can hit the - hit the park stop at 18 supposed to. This system is supposed to automatically 19 the -- on the other side of the park gate and ride it 19 engage the slot with the return spring. 20 down where the tang does rest in fully gated park? 20 If you let go of that handle, that --21 A That is certainly one way you can do that. 21 that -- that system has a return spring that engages 22 that shift lever. It's supposed to automatically pop 23 There's nothing that prevents you to do that, 23 it into the slot, the -- the problem is it doesn't 24 and you can do that. happen because of what I just told you, and that's what 25 Q Okay. the evaluation is for. Can you get this system, if you Page 215 Page 217 A The question is -- is that my experience has 1 let go of it, so that it will bounce back and land on been that you can hit that stop and there's a bounce 2 the land? And yes, it will. 3 back. It -- it -- what it does is the lever bounces 3 Q Now, on the day of this accident, in all back and it starts to feed back backwards, and you -honesty, you don't know what Ms. Vetters did on this if you let your hand go of the lever, which everybody vehicle with respect to shifting after she came to a thinks it's going to drop in, instead it lands on that stop but before she exited the vehicle, correct? edge, and that -- I don't remember how many times it A Well, I have more of a view of what she didn't happened, or how many times it didn't do it, but I know 8 do than what she did. that I tested for it between two and five times. 9 Q Okay. You know --10 O And --10 A We know what she didn't do. 11 A And I -- and I -- and in those testing I was 11 -- you know she didn't achieve gated park. 12 successful in getting it to do that. 12 A We know that she didn't put the shift lever in 13 Q But you don't think you were successful each 13 gated park. 14 and every time, correct? 14 Q Okay. 15 A Not at first, no, --15 A That's one -- there is a possibility that --16 Okay. that -- by the way, on this vehicle where she could 17 -- because it takes a while to get the feel 17 have done that, it still happens, but I don't think 18 for the system. I mean, it's a --18 it's probable. Q I think you said once you learn how to do it, 19 Q Now --20 it was - it was easy to accomplish that position. 20 She can still have that in gated park because 21 correct? the interlock system failed and inadvertently contact 22 A Oh, yeah, because then you know how -- you

that lever and pull it out of park into reverse. She

can do that. That can -- you can do that, but her --

A -- I don't think that is probable.

23

24

25

Q Okay.

23

24

25

bouncing back.

Q So --

know -- you can feel in your hand that the lever's

2

7

11

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- Certainly, -- certainly, you can do it in this
- 3 system because the park interlock -- brake interlock is

Q Okay.

- Q So what you're saying is it's not as probable
- she achieved gated park and then upon reentering the
- vehicle touched the shift lever causing it to go out of
- gated park into hydraulic reverse because the bitsy
- wasn't functioning properly.
- A Yeah. I don't think that's probable. She 10
- never got it into gated park. I think that is more
- probable. It makes more sense. 12
- 13 Q You think it's more likely she did not achieve
- gated park in this instance? 14
- A In this instance, based on the information I 15
- 16
- Q You don't know what Ms. Vetters's shift habits 17
- 18 were in terms of when she's shifting to park whether
- she's one that -- that lets her hand ride it down into
- 20 gated park, do you?
- A Do I know that? I couldn't know that, no. 21
- 22 Q Okay.
- A I don't know that. I'm just telling you about
- 24 the average person.
- 25 Q Okay.

- Q Not in false park?
  - Not in false park as I've defined it for you.
- 3
- The transmission was in park detent, in my
- opinion, in this case.
  - Q Okay. Well --
  - That's not false park.
- In park detent. You're talking about detent
- in the transmission on the rooster comb?
- 10 I am.
  - Q Okay.
- A I think it was in park detent as the most
- 13 probable scenario.
  - Q Okay. And in that position where is the
- 15 shift lever?
- 16 A In the -- you're talking about in the
- 17 scenario?
- 18 Q Yeah. In -- in that most probable scenario.
- 19 A It's on the -- it's on edge or on the land
- between park and reverse because of the -- that
  - condition can be achieved.
- 22 Q Okay. So let's get -- get back to this,
- 23 then.
- 24 Uh-huh.
- 25 Q And actually, I want to back up to that

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- A The average operator. I don't know -- I
- don't know what happened, what her custom and practice
- 3
- Q Now, getting back to your report, and forgive
- me for -- I don't want to go over all this because
- we've talked about many of these things, so I don't
- want to waste your time.
- You basically have come up with in your
- report, you -- you kind of come up with two different
- accident scenarios, correct? And I'm I'm looking on 10
- 12 A Okay.
- 13 - kind of right there in the middle of the Q
- 14 page
- 15 A Yeah.
- there. No. 1 being the gear selector was 16
- positioned between park and reverse and self shifted to
- 18 reverse.
- 19 A Right.
- Q That's what you were referring to a minute
- 21 ago. That's the most likely scenario in this accident,
- 22 correct, in your opinion?
- A No. I don't think this was in false park.
- 24 That's not the more probable one. The more probable
- one is it was not in false park.

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- previous paragraph because there's a couple of things.
- I'm reading here, "In the above scenario, it is likely
- Ms. Vetters would have been seated in the vehicle when
- shifting occurred and it is unlikely that she would
- have been dragged under the vehicle, run over and
- suffered fatal injuries." You're talking about after
- she reentered the vehicle?
- A Yeah. I don't think there is a -- I don't --
- what I'm trying to say is I don't think it's reasonable
- to expect that she got in the seat --
- 11 O Okay.
- 12 -- and then was thrown out of the vehicle.
- 13 Q Okay.
- 14 A I don't think that makes any sense, --
- 15

- -- but that's my -- that's my opinion, right. 16
  - Q Okay. Okay. Your next sentence there, it
  - states "Assuming that the vehicle was merely left in
- 19 reverse when she exited the vehicle, the vehicle would
- 20 have moved rapidly rearwards and would not have allowed
- Mrs. Vetters to reach her mailbox and return to the
- 22 vehicle prior to its movement out of the driveway and
- 23 across the street."
- 24 Now, in - in that particular scenario,
- 25 what you're talking about is a situation where all four

Page 222 of the tires are situated on the slope part of the 2 driveway, correct? 3 A No. There's only -- from what I -- what I'm understanding is there's only a very specific position in that gutter where this vehicle can be stopped and allowed to remain in reverse meaning it would have to be right there. That's one position in this whole -one position out of this whole scenario where this vehicle can be left in reverse and not back up. 10 There's potentially one position in this whole system 11 where that could happen, whereas, there's multipositions where the vehicle could be left and achieve 13 the scenario that I'm talking about that I have an 14 opinion on. 15 Q Okay. Well, I'm talking about this sentence. here. You're saying "Assuming that the vehicle was 17 merely left in reverse when she exited vehicle, the 18 vehicle -- vehicle would have moved rapidly rearwards." Okay. 20 Q That's a situation where all four of the tires 21 are on the slope part of the driveway, correct? 22 A No. I've said that they also could be

partially in the road or they could be in the gutter --

23

24

25

partially in the gutter.

Q Okay.

Page 224 -- that shows you. Q The videotape that you told us about earlier that you -- you have reviewed, correct? Oh, I reviewed that videotape. Okay. His testing showed that it always goes to the gutter. Q Do -- do you -- is it common for you as a consultant to rely on testing that the lawyers do in a 10 A It depends on whether it's relevant or not. 11 12 The judge will make that decision. 13 Q Okay. 14 A If the judge thinks it's a -- he's an officer of the court. If the judge think it's admissible, then 15 16 I'll -- I'll look at it; if not, then no. But it certainly is a piece of information. 17 18 Q Okay. And again, you have not been out there at the scene with this vehicle to test it yourself, 19 20 correct? 21 A I have not, at this point, done that. 22 Q And -- and you are not saying that there is 23 not a place whatsoever out there at this accident scene 24 where it can be left in reverse yet remain stationary?

Page 223 A Okay. Q And when you say partially in the gutter, what tires and exactly where in the gutter? A The rear tires in the gutter. Well, from my understanding from Mr. Sico and their testing is there's only -- and from the deposition, I think, of the in-house representative, I can't think of his name right now, or -- or from somebody to Mr. Sico, the indication is there's only one position that that 10 vehicle will remain in -- in reverse and not move, and so the deal is that she has to either push her foot out or lean against the B pillar to get the vehicle to move 13 or push her foot on the gas pedal. 14: Q Okay, And -15 Because you're not going to get this vehicle to move out of reverse potentially in one of the areas 17 of the gutter. That vehicle has to be in that 18 particular position. 19 Q When you say in -- in a testing, you're 20 referring to the testing Mr. Sico did? 21 A Either that or you guys did. 22 Q Well, you said the testing he did. 23 A He did some testing that's on that 24 videotape ---Q Okay. 25

Page 225 A No, I haven't said that. I said there may be -- there's a potential for the gutter position where you possibly could put this vehicle and it might remain 3 stationary. That's possible. Q Okay. So when you're -- when you're talking about if a vehicle's left in reverse, it would move 7 rearward rapidly, --8 A This one does. 9 Q - that -- that's assuming that there's --10 there's nothing obstructing the tires preventing it 11 from rolling, correct? 12 Yeah. That's right. A 13 Okay. 14 Yeah. 15 Q Now, the next paragraph, "Likely scenarios, 16 gear selector was positioned between park and reverse 17 and self shifted to reverse," and what you told me 18 earlier is that you believe under this scenario No. 1, 19 the transmission is in the park detent, meaning it's in 20 the park detent at the rooster comb, correct? 21 A No. One is -- one is where you're in false

park. We didn't -- we didn't go to which one.

Q Well, you said No. 1 was not false park, so --

22

23

24

25

A Did I?

Yeah.

25

You're not saying that?

11

Page 226

- 1 A I thought we were up on this upper paragraph,
- 2 not the lower paragraph. That must be my fault. I'm
- 3 sorry.
- 4 Q That's okay. Well, let's let's go through
- 5 this, then.
- 6 A Okay.
- 7 Q The paragraph "Thus, the likely accident
- 8 scenarios."
- 9 A Okay.
- 10 Q You have --
- 11 A I was on the up one. I was on the up one.
- 12 Q Okay.
- 13 A Okay. I'm sorry.
- 14 Q I think -- I think they probably relate to an
- 15 extent, but I think the previous paragraph you're kind
- 16 of ruling out some issues when we talk about leaving it
- 17 in reverse and being --
- 18 A Yeah. That's what I thought we were talking
- 19 about.
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A But I'm sorry.
- 22 Q So let me -- let me direct you, then, to the
- 23 paragraph that starts --
- 24 A All right.
- 25 Q -- "Thus, the likely accident scenario."

- day of the accident.
- 2 Q You're talking about No. 1?
- 3 A Yeah. If it was functioning properly, then -
  - then this vehicle had to be in a false park.
- 5 Q Okay. So if bitsy functioning properly you
- 6 had to have what you term a false park condition?
  - A Yes. Correct. On this vehicle, yes.
- 8 Q And -- and that's scenario No. 1 in that
- paragraph, correct?
- 10 A That's correct.
  - Q Okay. So let me just make sure. I'm going
- 12 to ask you a couple of questions about that to make
- 13 sure I understand your -- your theory and basis for
- 14 that. Assuming the bitsy is function -- functioning
- 15 properly, the false park would be a situation where the
- 16 tang on the shift lever is positioned where?
- 17 A On the land between park and reverse
- 18 somewhere.
- 19 Q And where would the -- the rooster -- position
- 20 on the rooster comb be?
- 21 A Most probably on the peak, or near it.
- 22 Q On top of the peak?
- 23 A Yes, or near it.
- 24 Q And when you say near it, to which side?
- 25 A Generally, it would be the more -- the common

Page 227

- A Okay.
- 2 Q Okay. Basically, you have one, two, and
- 3 three here, correct?
- 4 A Right.
- Q So let's just take them one a time. No. 1,
- 6 "Gear selector was positioned between park and reverse
- 7 and self shifted to reverse," and I think you told me a
- 8 few minutes ago that you believe this is the most
- 9 likely scenario in this particular accident.
- 10 A No.
- 11 Q Is that not correct?
- 12 A No, that's not correct.
- 13 Q Okay.
- 14 A That -- that -- what that means -- the self
- 15 shifting into reverse, my position is that I believe
- she put it in park lock in the transmission or detent;
- 17 but it wasn't in fully gated park in the shift lever
- 18 and inadvertent contact was made and -- because the
- 19 brake interlock was defective and it went down into
- 20 reverse. That's -- that's the most likely scenario
- 21 that -- that I have at this point based on all the
- 22 information, physical evidence, and -- and what I --
- 23 what I know at this point.
- 24 This particular one would be if the -- the
- 25 brake interlock system was functioning properly on the

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- 1 hydraulic would be towards the reverse side.
  - Q The reverse side.
- 3 A Right. We talked about that.
  - Q Okay. And in -- in that position, where is
- 5 the park pawl in relation to the park gear?
- A Could -- most probably blocked or partially --
- or partially engaged. What we have is we probably
- 8 would have a partially engaged position. That would
- 9 be most probable.
- 10 Q And why would you think it's most probable
- 11 that there's a partially engaged condition with the
- 12 park pawl?
- 13 A That's to hold the vehicle.
  - Q Because you're somewhere other than the --
- 15 A Right.
- 16 Q -- with the tires on the bottom of that
- 17 trough?

14

- A If it's in the -- if it's in the trough, it's
- 19 a potential that it would make it less likely for the
- 20 parking -- parking ball to be engaged because it might
- 21 not have to. But again, we're looking at options here.
- 22 Q Okay. Now, to carry out this No. 1, then,
- 23 tang is on the land on the insert plate, the rooster
- comb, the ball is either on top of the peak or on the
- 25 reverse side of the peak, park pawl is either blocked

Page 230 Page 232 or more probably partially engaged -drive shaft. 1 A Correct. It would be partially engaged, yeah. 2 2 Q But the --3 Q - on the slope in the driveway, and where A You -- what would have to happen is the would the PRNDL indicator be? What -- what would be parking pawl would have to stop that. indicated on the PRNDL indicator in this position? Q The - the park gear, though, is separate and A I don't know. I'd have to test that one. I apart from the clutches and the other components of the don't remember whether that's the position where the transmission, -reverse is -- light is still on or in between. I'd A Oh, yeah. 8 have to go back and check that. 9 Q -- correct? 10 Q Now, in this particular scenario, --10 They have nothing to do with each other. 11 A When I say I don't know, I say I don't 11 Okay. So then how is it that the turning of remember. There's a difference. 12 the clutches, the engagement of hydraulic reverse Q Okay. Would you -- would you have that 13 13 causes the park gear to rotate and kick the park pawl 14 information in your notes? 14 out? 15 A It's in the -- it's on the tape. A Wait a minute. We're missing some points 15 16 Q On the DVD? 16 here. First of all, that reverse -- that gear 17 A Yeah. 17 rotates. 18 Okay. Now, in this particular scenario, what 18 Q And when it - when it rotates, even so would cause, in your opinion, the vehicle to move 19 19 slightly because of the forces of the spring, the park 20. rearward? 20 pawl is actually going to go further into the park gear 21 A Hydraulic bleed and/or vibration, which is --21 as opposed to out. 22 Engine vibration? 22 A Well, that's the --23 A Yeah. 23 Q Isn't that true? 24 And this would be a situation where there was That's -- that's called the spring force. 25 no striking or inadvertently hitting the shift lever, 25 No, because it's -- no, because the park -- the pawl Page 231 Page 233 1 correct? has gone its full travel which you - I know what A That's right. This would be a self shift. 2 you're saying, but you're thinking there's blockage 3 That was what I was qualifying. 3 here. It's not the full blockage where the -- the Q Just a self shift? pawl has been compressed to its maximum amount for the A Self shift, yeah. return spring. It's -- it's to a point in the park In this particular scenario, how can you engagement system where the pawl has only engaged a 7 explain how the park pawl disengages from a partially fraction or a percentage of the tooth. engaged position at -- at the park gear? 8 Q And how can you quantify? I mean, ten A Because the -- of the shift. The vehicle percent? Five percent? 10 isn't in reverse, it's in neutral, so the partial 10 A I don't know. I can't quantify that. I mean, 11 engagement, the gear isn't moving. But once you put 11 if I could do that, I could go to Las Vegas and make that vehicle in reverse, the gear moves, it kicks it 12 billions of dollars. I can't do that. 13 out. That's what it's supposed to do. That's what 13 Q Okay. Now, when - when the - and I'm 14 ratchet is. assuming since the vehicle is on a slope, the tires -Q How -- how does -there - there's some torque there, there's some force A And it might have ratcheted. It might have 16 which causes the park gear to -- to want to rotate, 17 even been at the ratchet point when -- as it went down 17 corrected? 18 the driveway, I'll never know, but that's certainly an 18 Absolutely. 19 explanation. 19 Q But what you're saying is the park pawl is Q What - what forces are present on either the 20 partially engaged --21 park pawl or the park gear to force the pawl out of an 21 A Uh-huh. 22 engaged or partially engaged position? 22 -- and it's -- it's preventing that park pawl A The torque of the engine trying to rotate the from continuing to rotate. 23 24 -- the gear. The vehicle's in reverse, the -- the

24

25

25 clutches and the bands want to -- want to rotate the

A That's correct.

Q Okay. And that's what holds it there while

Page 234

1 she goes to the mailbox?

Page 234

1 Q That's your testimony?

2 A While she gets out.

3 Q Okay.

4 A That'll -- and that'll do that. The vehicle

5 will do that --

Q And --

A -- because it's not engaged in reverse. It's

8 in engaged in neutral.

9 Q And there's -- there's more force on the park 10 gear and the park pawl in that situation versus if the

11 vehicle were situated on a -- on a perfectly flat slab.

12 Would you agree with that?

13 A I agree. Well -- yeah, I'd agree with that.

14 Sure.

15 Q Okay.

16 A Of course. Absolutely.

17 Q So again, what -- what is it, given that

18 additional force that's now present on the park gear

9 and the park pawl, that allows the park pawl to be

20 kicked out of the park gear?

21 A Well, let's try 800 to 1000 RPMs at idle. Why

22 don't we try that? That's what that engine wants to 23 run at. I mean, you think that park pawl's going to

24 stop that? Okay. Go ahead. It won't.

25 Q But that --

Page 236

Q macs your tesumony:

2 A That's my testimony.

3 Q And --

4 A That's ratchet, and I'll show you ratchet

5 everyday of the week.

Q -- did you -- did you do any testing or any

7 videotape that -- that shows that?

A Have I done that? On other cases I have, not

9 this one.

10 Q Have you done it on the Vetters vehicle?

A No.

12 Q Okay.

11

13 A I have not done that.

14 Q Now, let me — without spending all day on

15 that scenario, let's talk about scenario No. 2 here on

16 page five. "The failure or absence of the brake-shift

17 interlock a loud the vehicle to be inadvertently

18 shifted from park to reverse upon attempted reentry

19 into the vehicle," da, da, da. I'm assuming this is

20 the one where you're focused on the brake-shift

21 interlock feature and it not working on this vehicle;

22 is that correct?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Okay. In scenario No. 2 where's the vehicle

25 parked, or stopped, rather?

Page 235

A It's going to flip that thing.

Q But the RPMs on the engine and the gears,

you've already told us, is separate and distinct from

4 the park gear system, correct?

A No. Once that vehicle wants to rotate -- once

that -- once that vehicle -- the vehicle is in park,

7 but it's not in reverse, but it goes into reverse

8 through hydraulic bleed. That -- as soon as that --

that engages the drive shaft, the prop shaft's going

10 backwards. The parking gear is trying to prevent

11 that. It's not.

12 It's going -- it's going to -- it's either

going to do one of two things. It's either going to

pop into park and the shift lever is going to pop into

15 park and the ball detent is going to fall into park so

6 that it takes the reverse out of the system, or more

17 probably it's going to go into reverse, which is what

18 it always does, and now it's in full reverse and the

19 parking gear, once that parking ball detent moves into

20 full hydraulic reverse and the powered reverse, this

21 vehicle is backing up. It's taking it -- the parking

22 gear --

23 Q It's backing up, but the pawl is still holding

24 it, correct?

A It's going to try, but it can't do it.

Page 237

A Somewhere by the sidewalk and the door. It

could be anywhere in that vicinity because she's going

3 to get out to go to the mail, so --

Q Are all four tires on the slope part of the

5 driveway?

6 A Could be. Could be partially near the

gutter, could be past the gutter.

8 Q Okay.

A Don't know. I don't know.

10 Q Okay. And that's what I'm just -- I'm

11 curious --

14

19

23

12 A Yeah. I know.

13 Q -- as to whether or not you have an opinion.

A I don't -- I don't -- well --

15 Q Could - could the rear tires be in the -- the

16 bottom of that trough?

17 A They could be, sure.

18 Q Okay.

A But not in -- not in certain -- not in the

20 position to where it can't get out of the trough if

21 it's in reverse. That's not going to happen and,

22 therefore, that didn't happen.

Q Okay. Now, the other thing I asked you

24 about --

25 A And so we understand that. In other words, if

Case 2:05-cv-00003 Document 32-2 Filed in TXSD on 10/19/05 Page 61 of 84 Page 238 Page 240 1 it's in reverse and it's in the trough and it can't 1 park gear? back up, it can't back up. So Ford's position that she 2 A At that point it would be fully engaged or left it in reverse and it didn't back up, how did it 3 blocked and it rolled back when she got out. Either back up? So I -- I look at it pretty distinctively in way it's engaged. terms of both of our -- your -- your expert's positions Q So either fully -- fully engaged or -- or or your -- your client's positions and my positions. partially engaged such that it's preventing the vehicle If it's in -- if it's in reverse and it's from moving? in a ditch and it doesn't back up, how does it suddenly A Well, she obviously got out of the vehicle, so 8 back up? So now you got to create a situation where it 9 she took her foot off the brake and it would have 10 backs up. 10 automatically engaged the park gear in full lock park. 11. Q Okay. 11 Q So in a -- in a situation where if you assume 12 A You know that. 12 the vehicle is parked on the slope, that all four 13 MR. SONNIER: Let me object to wheels on a slope part of the driveway, the park pawl 13 14 responsiveness. I've probably asked a bad question. 14 would either be fully engaged or partially engaged 15 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Scenario No. 2, you said, you 15 16 know, the vehicle may or may not be on the slope. 16 Q -- and some -- somehow has to restrict the 17 Where is the shift lever in scenario No. 2? 17 movement of the park gear, correct? A It's on the edge of the land or near the edge 18 A It's fully engaged in this scenario because 19 of the land between park and reverse -- next to park. 19 the park de -- the ball detent is in full park at the Excuse me. 20 20 transmission, therefore, the parking gear pawl is fully 21 Q So on the edge of the land either to one side 21 engaged. 22 or the other? 22 Q Okay. So what -- what happens in scenario 23 A No. It's on -- towards park. 23 No. 2? 24 Q Towards the park side? 24 A She returns the vehicle and -- and in 25 Park. 25 attempting to get inside inadvertently makes contact Page 239 Q But the tang is resting on the -- the flat with the shift lever in some way, which I don't know. 2 space up there? I can't explain that, but I can tell you that's what A That's correct. 3 happened based on the fact that the steering wheel is Q And where is the PRNDL indicator in this turned to the right, which is good evidence that she 5 scenario, -might have reached for the steering wheel and slipped 6 A Most probably either --6 or used that as an entry mode, which some people do, Q - or -- or do you know? 7 or, two, in the process of getting in she slipped and A Well, it's -- it could be indicating P but, 8 hit the steering wheel and the shift lever and that's again, it could be blank. Most probably it's 9 why you see it in the -- in the right turn mode. indicating P because the -- the shift lever went all 10 Q Okay. Now, if she's reentering the vehicle 11 . the way to park. 11: and -- and does nothing more than grab or -- or touch Q Now, you had indicated to us earlier that in a 12 12 the steering wheel, that's not going to cause the shift 13 situation where you have the tang up on the land on the 13 lever to move, is that correct, out of the gated --14 insert plate closer on the edge almost in the park 14 A No. gate, that in that position, based on your evaluation, 15 -- out of the gated park? 16 the -- the indicator showed either R or was blank. 16 A It's not the steering wheel, it's her hand. 17 A No. No. No. That was false -- that was 17 I understand. 18 the peak from reverse. No. If you're -- if you're up 18 A The steering wheel -- okay. All right. All on the edge of P going into park, it can be -- the park 19 right. So any of the --

61 (Pages 238 to 241)

20

22

23

24

25.

Q We'll get to that in a second. But just

or bumping the steering wheel with her hand is not

in this scenario, correct?

going to cause the shift lever to go out of gated park

A It depends on where she does it. If she does

merely either touching the steering wheel with her hand

20 can be illuminated without it being in locked park.

Q And where is the park pawl in relation to the

Q Okay. So where is the rooster comb in

21 That's what I told you.

A Park -- dark detent.

23 scenario No. 2?

22

24

Page 242 Page 244 1 it up here by the shift lever, yeah, and up at the top talking about there? A Yeah. I mean, what happens in the -- in the and the steering wheel rotates down, yeah, --2 combination is that the -- all the defects are present But I'm -and any one of them could have -- the false park, the -- she's going to knock it out. -- but I'm saying she doesn't hit the shift inadvertent contact, any one of those could have caused this to happen. 6 lever. Q So -- so basically what you're saying is you A. Oh. Q I'm talking about just touching the steering can't rule out No. 1 scenario or No. 2 scenario. 8 wheel only. Touching the steering wheel --They're -- they're both likely scenarios. A No. I -- that's where I was before we did the A No, I don't think -- touching the steering 10 10 tear-down. Now that we got the tear-down, I'm -- I'm wheel I don't think alone would -- would cause this 11 11 saying that the most probable one is -- this is before 12 vehicle to go into -- not from this position, no. the tear-down -- most probable one is two. With one 13 Q Okay. In this particular scenario, it would it's a possibility. It's -- it's there. It could. If 14 be your opinion that she somehow makes contact with the 14 -- if -- again, if -- if somehow more information is shift lever causing it to -- to go out of park, out of 15 forthcoming that changes two, then I'll change two to 16 detented park? A That's correct. 17 one, but right now the most probable is two with the 17 18 information -- all the information. Now, this was at Q Okay. the time of the report. 19 A Absolutely. 19 20 Q Okay. 20 Q And what -- what witness are you aware of that 21 has testified that saw her hand or any part of her body 21 Yeah. Now, going to the next page, Mr. Stilson, page hit the shift lever? 22 22 23 six, you talk about hazards that can occur with vehicle MR. SICO: Objection, speculation, 23 in false park. Let me - let me back up here for a 24 argumentative. A I -- I don't have any witness testimony to 25 second. Page 245 Page 243 The - accident scenario No. 1 is a false that effect. Q Okay. What -- what direct evidence do you park condition, correct? have that she had any kind of inadvertent contact or 3 Α Correct. purposeful contact with the shift lever in this 4 That's assuming a properly functioning 5 scenario? bitsy -A The best evidence -- I'm sorry. 6 That's correct. A MR. SICO: Objection, vague. Go ahead. 7 or brake-shift interlock system. A The best evidence we have is the vehicle was That's right. 8 8 Okay. No. 2 is not a false park situation. found in reverse. That's the best piece of evidence 9 It's a -- a -- she did achieve gated or detented park that everybody has. How did it get into reverse if and absence of the bitsy resulted in, you know, shift she put it in park? So I understand your position, but 11 lever moving out of -- out of detented park, correct? 12 you understand I don't agree with it, I didn't agree. 12 with it in Haller, I didn't agree with it in all the A Yeah. The defective brake interlock system 13 allowed the vehicle to be inadvertently contact the rest of them where your experts are -- and Chrysler 14 14 said that the woman left it there, the person left it 15 shift lever and cause it to go back. in reverse. I'm sorry. I don't agree with that. I 16 Okav. It didn't self shift in that scenario. You don't think it's logical nor does it make any sense for 17 17 a 58-year-old elementary school teacher to leave a understand that. 18 18 Q Yeah. Actually, -19 vehicle in reverse. 19 20 20 A Two it doesn't self shift. MR. SONNIER: I object to responsiveness. 21 Q -- in scenario No. 2 it has to -- you agree (By Mr. Sonnier) And -- and -- the scenario 21 No. 3, you just said a combination of the two the only way it comes out is an operator, a dog, a cat, 22 23 scenarios. 23. somebody --

24

25

24

A Right.

Q Can you expand on that or tell us what you're

Yeah.

Q -- moves that shift lever, touches that shift

Page 246 Page 248 1 lever. And why does it get worse over time with 2 2. A Most probably she would have to touch the usage? 3 A Because of the plastic parts, the -- the way Q Okay. And did you -- in your analysis, have it's pinned at the -- well, I'm -- this one I'll show you measured the amount of force that would be required you. It's a little easier because it's hard to to take or to move that shift lever out of detented describe. 6 7. These -- these are the bucks that were 8 A Only subjectively. I haven't done it with 8 built. It starts at the pin connection right here, and any measurement devices, but I told you I took it out this pin connection has looseness in and out and and tested it to my satisfaction. somewhat fore and aft, and then you --10 10 11 Q Okay. And what -- what's your conclusion on 11 VIDEOGRAPHER: Is it possible to turn that 12 the force necessary to move it from that position into towards the video because I can't --12 hydraulic reverse? 13 THE WITNESS: Yeah. I'll --14 A It's not -- it can be done. It's not 14 VIDEOGRAPHER: -- see what you're showing 15 excessive. There's nothing stopping it from moving. over there. Thank you. 15 A This -- this shift cable, the way it's pinned 16 Q Okay. 16 17 A It's going to move. on, has side to side and up and down movement that 17 18 In here back on page six again you talk about 18 allows some looseness in it. That's the beginning of powered vehicle movement rearward, that little b, that 19 it. This particular part right here, connection where paragraph underneath there. This is a discussion 20 the solenoid connects to the brake interlock system is 21 about determining whether a false park exists. 21 loose to the bracket and this bracket connection right 22 You say "This can occur due to a tolerance 22 here has flexibility. 23 lag between the shift lever forward movement and the 23 Q But what you were wiggling there by the 24 transmission rooster comb," and that's -- that's what I solenoid, that doesn't go to the transmission, does it? 24 A Where? 25 want to explore because we haven't talked a lot about 25 Page 247 Page 249 that. Tolerance lag, what do you mean by that? The -- the wire you held right next to the A That's the -- the cable link. 2 solenoid, does that go to the transmission? Q That's the -- the linkage from the -- from the 3 A Oh, this is part of -- this is part of the column down to the transmission? looseness in the cable system. When you -- when you The cable -- the cable and its mounting engage the -- the brake interlock, this system locks it 6 system. 6 up. But when it's on the land, which is -- I'm going 7 Q Okay. 7 to show you the defect right here -- I'm on the land A All of that. The -- the way the cable is 8 right now and that brake interlock is engaged. That's mounted to the hardware and the way -- and the cable 9 why this is defective, but we'll get to that later. itself. From the -- from the gear shift selector down 10 And if you -- if you let that brake the transmission there's a -- it's loose. interlock system engage itself so that you can't pull 11 12 Q Why --12 it out, but you can put it on the land, you can flex 13 A It's excessive looseness in this case. 13 this whole system and that's looseness. This bracket 14 -- why is it loose? 14 has flex in it, this connection is loose right here. 15 Because of the way it's designed. 15 You can see the -- can you get that on? 16 Q And what is it about the design that causes it This tolerance where this connector right here is loose 16 17 to be loose? and allowing sloppiness, and then you go down here, 17 18 A The connection. there's two valleys down here. I will switch it 18 19 Q I mean, is it designed to be loose or is it 19 around for you.

Okay. Here's one. Can you see the

Q And you - you're referring to the connection

looseness in this cable connection here at the bracket?

20

21

22

23

24

25

again, right?

Q Okay.

A The connection, right.

20 something that occurs after a certain amount of use

A Well, the way it's designed it's going to get

worse over time because of usage, but it -- in the very

beginning it has some looseness, but that gets worse

21 with the vehicle?

with operation.

3

11

15

16

19

Page 250

- A And that allows the cable to shift. And then
- you have the same lateral pin looseness here, but it's
- not as bad as the transmission, and then when you get
- down here this -- I don't know if you can pick that up
- because I got to take a hold of it -- there -- I can
- move this cable that far with my finger and the cable
- is moving because the lever moves.
- Q And -- and what are the consequences of -- of
- that which you just showed us?
- A When you shift, this is a push cable so that 10
- it takes -- when you initially shift it, it takes out 11
- the lag because this system pushes that. This travels 12
- further -- the shift travels further in the motion than 13
- the cable end by the transmission and you get more 14
- motion. But when you let go of the system, you get it
- back, and that's the bounce back where you just hit the
- edge and it bounces back. I just did it there. 17
- O So primarily what you're focused on in in 18
- saying that there's lag in the system because of the 19
- design, the the connections the way in which the 20
- connections are done introduces slack or lag into the
- 22 system, correct?
- A Yeah, because the cable sections have a 23
- freedom of motion that allows the cable transfer
- pushing it from one spot to another, there's lost

- Page 252
- a connection at the end of the cable and the
- transmission, correct?
  - That's correct, the lever.
    - It is attached to a fixed point.
  - It's supposed to be fixed, yes. I'll put it
  - that way.
  - Okay. Let me back up for a second. Your
- two accident scenarios. We were talking about one,
- this is the false park deal --
- 10 A Yes.
  - -- where you say she achieved -- somehow
- achieved what you call false park, that it went into
- powered reverse either due to bleed of hydraulic fluid 13
  - or vibration from the engine, correct?
  - A Where are you at? On page six?
    - O No. I'm not looking at anything in
- particular. I'm -- I'm? 17
- Oh! 18
  - I'm looking back at my notes, but yeah.
- I thought you were -- I thought you were 20
  - quoting me. Okay.
- 22 Q Back -- back on page five, --
- 23 Yeah.
- Q scenarios one and two we've already talked 24
- 25 about, --

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- motion. When you first start to shift, it pushes.
- You get lost motion between there and what happens at
- the transmission and it keeps going, keeps going, and
- then when it snaps into park you get that motion back,
- the looseness, and then it allows you to shift the --
- move the handle shift lever back onto the false --
- false park or land -- that's not the false park
- position, but it's false park in terms of the system is
- not in park.
- Q And this cable is attached up in the column to 10
- 11 a particular point, correct?
- A Yeah, the shift lever. 12
- Q Okay. And --13
- 14 A Shift lever -- actually, it's not the shift
- lever itself, but the shift lever pawl plate.
- Q And the -- the shift cable at the transmission 16
- 17 end is attached to a particular point, correct?
- A Well, there's a -- the fixed point of the
- transmission, then there's the flexible point at the 19
- 20 outer manual lever.
- Q Okay.
- A There's two connections, so I don't know which 22
- 23 one you're talking about.
- Q So that there's a -- Okay. Well, the end of
- 25 the − I'm just referring − the cable itself, there's

- - Q and you said No. 1 is is where you
- believe she achieved what you call a false park
- position, --
  - A Correct.
  - Q and and it assumes a properly
- functioning brake-shift interlock.
  - A Yes.
- Q I just want to make sure I've identified what
- 10 you believe precipitated the vehicle going into powered
- reverse is either a bleed condition of the -- of the
- 12 fluid or vibration from the engine which resulted in a
- self shift of the lever.
- A Well, a bleed, yeah.
- Q Okay. It could be either bleed or vibration?
- A Because the -- the cable is loose enough that
- 17 it can -- it can -- the lever can move slightly, or the
- -- or the manual valve can move. Either way, it's
- 19 moving towards reverse bleed.
- Q Now, getting over to page eight, and I'm just
- 21 wrapping up your report here, -
- A Okay. 22
- Q you -- you're discussing self -- or, excuse
- me, the shift synchronization issue --
- 25 A Yes.

Page 253

Case 2:00 of coood Boodificite of 2 1 files	1111 17(0D 011 10/10/00 1 age 00 01 04
Page 254	Page 256
1 Q between the steering column insert plate	1 Q Let me ask you this: Would you agree it's
2 and a linear transmission manual detent, and you've	critical that park gate be separate from the other
3 identified several issues here, correct?	3 gates, other gears?
4 A Right.	4 A Oh, yeah. I think you have to isolate it
5 Q The first one being "The operator feels a	5 Q Okay.
6 different detent position than is that is longer in	6 A one way or another, whether you use a gate
7 duration than the other detents." Now, what you're	7 or whether you would use a positive system that just
8 the different detent position, you're talking about a	8 locks it in through either a solenoid, or electronic,
9 detent position at the rooster comb in the	9 or a mechanical device that that it's just like a
10 transmission.	10 dead bolt, it locks it out.
11 A No. This is the this is the the	11 Q Okay.
12 steering column and the transmission manual detent.	12 A I don't care how you do it but, yeah, it has
13 Q Okay. So	13 to be isolated.
14 A This is the shift insert plate.	14 Q You want it to be isolated
15 Q Okay. So maybe another way of saying would	15 A Yes.
16 be the operator feels a different detent gate that is	16 Q — so that the — the operator has some
17 longer in duration than the other detents in the	17. feedback. There has to be more of a purposeful
18 transmission?	18 posi — you know, movement to get it in the park
19 A Yeah. If you'd like to look at it that way,	19 position where the vehicle would be secured.
20 that's fine.	20 A Well, I don't think that so much as it is that
21 Q Okay. I just want to make sure that — that I	21 you want the you want the operator to know that they
22 understand what what detents or gates you're talking	
23 about because	
♣ The second of the second	23 use the Chrysler's words are clear. They define 24 park in their manual. They say park is where the
24 A No. That is true of the rooster comb, too. 25 I wasn't referring to that, but that happens to be true	
25 A wash cretering to that, but that happens to be title	25 vehicle engine has been disengaged and the transmission
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Page 255  1 also of the rooster comb because the there's a	Page 257  1 is fully locked. I mean, that's that's what you
2 further drop, a greater drop down the reverse or the	2 want.
3 park ramp and there's a little room in there for it to	3 Q Okay. And, in this particular system, when I
4 roll forward, so they're probably it's probably true	4 shift the lever from reverse, or any other gear,
5 of the rooster comb, too, but it's more directed at the	5 towards gated park and I achieve gated park and that
6 insert plate, or as you call the gate.	6 tang drops down in the in the gated park deal in the
7 Q Okay. Now, point 2 here you say, "Movement of	7 column, I am also in detented park in the transmission
8. the shift lever handle to park requires a longer	8 and the park pawl is -
9 motion." That's saying because there's lag in the	9 A That is
10 cable, you have to go further over to the park gate in	10 Q is either fully engaged or partially
11 order or before you achieve detented park in the	11 engaged, correct?
12 transmission at the rooster comb.	12 A No. At that point, if it's if it's full
13 A Yeah. You're going to over travel. In other	13 park detent, it's fully engaged,
14 words, you you can over travel. At some points you	14 O Okay.
15 can, depending how you do the how the shift	
16 mechanism is left, you can have over travel.	
17 Q Have have you measured or is there any way	16 Q Okay.
	17 A It's either in or out.
<ul><li>18 you can quantify the amount of what you call lag in</li><li>19 this system?</li></ul>	18 Q So another — another way of saying it, — 19 A There's no partial.
[18] 그리티 아내 한테 그리는 음식 열심 다 사람들이 어떻게 되는 경기를 다 된 점점 시작하다 다 달라다	
1 //) A I don't know Mock weekship wo'd have	<ul> <li>In the last service will be in the last of the factor of the last service.</li> </ul>
20 A I don't know. Most probably we'd have to	20 Q and I'll use your terminology, when I
20 A I don't know. Most probably we'd have to 21 take apart the transmission on the subject vehicle or 22 do some some serious instrumentation to figure out.	<ul> <li>In the last service will be in the last of the factor of the last service.</li> </ul>

column, I am in-detented park in the transmission and

the park pawl is either fully engaged or it's where the

25 end of it is on the top of one of the teeth on the park

23

24

23 without looking at the inner manual and knowing the

24 exact positions. FAA or Carr's people think they can

do it with their systems.

Page 260 Page 258 notch appears deeper than all others with a width gear. greater than the rectangular shaped lock tang." What 2 That's correct. A do you mean by that? 3 0 Okay. A I'm not -- I can't find that. Is it the last It's blocked, yeah. sentence? Q Okay. Q That last paragraph, yeah. It's one or the other. 6 "The design of the system allows the tang to O No. 4 here -- that point No. 4 you say "The detent into park is not as crisp as the other positions rest on flat." No, page eight. Page eight. 9 because the ball plunger is not snapped into the park Q 10 Yeah. detent." What do you mean by that? 10 A The -- from the crest to the park detent in 11 Are you on page eight? 11 Yeah. I'm on the last paragraph. 12 12 the -- in the rooster comb, it's not a snap on this O It says, "There is a flat land between the 13 vehicle. You don't feel a snap. The -- the 13 distinction is on this -- on the other buck where we reverse and park notch." 14 A Yeah. That the -- the slot is -- the -- the have the higher force cam lever spring it snaps in 15 15 because the force is greater. This doesn't have a park lock, as you call it, the -- the park lock slot, 16 16 the tang is narrower than the slot, so there -- in snap feel, at least it doesn't for me. 17 17 other words, you can move the -- the lever, hit the Q Okay. And ball plunger, what are you talking .18 18 stop to slide down and there will be a gap. 19 about? What's the ball plunger? 19 A That's the cam follower. That's the cam 20 Q Okay. 20 21 Okay. 21 lever, cam follower. Q There's a paragraph down here after these 22 And so the -- the width of the tang is 22 narrower than the opening? numbered items. I need to go through that for a 23 A Yeah. You asked me that about the first part 24 24 second. "It is also possible, due to hand motion of the deposition. function, that when the operator hits the stop on the 25 Page 261 Page 259 Q Okay. manual lever it will rebound with their hand and "Is the width of the.... release the lever on the flat land." That's what 2 And it has to be that way so the tang can you've been talking about in terms of rebound, correct? 3 insert ---That's what I'm talking about. 5 Exactly. Q Okay. And you say, "When this happens, if A the engine is not turned off and the key removed, the Q -- into the gate, correct? 6 Yeah. You want to make sure it gets in. driver may not recognize the position," correct? But you also say here "The park notch appears 8 A That's correct. deeper." Are you talking about deeper in --And then you say, "These tactical factors were Depth. It is deep. 10 found in several consumers studies." What tactical 10 11 Q In depth? factors are you talking about? 11 It's deeper than any other detent. 12 A The fact that the person can do what I said in 12 Okay. And you want it to be that way, the first sentence. 13 Q 13 correct? 14 14 Q Okay. With this system you'd have to have it that A That was -- that was uncovered that it can 15 Α 15 happen in -- with this type of transmission. In a 16 way. 16 substantially similar transmission NHTSA found that 17 Q Okav. 17 A There's no choice. 18 Q You're -- you're not critical of the fact that 19 O Okay. Now, the --19 20 this park gate is deeper than the other gates in the A By the way, so the did manufacturer. They 21 system? found it you could do it too. 21 No, I'm not critical of that. Q Down at the bottom of the page you're talking 22 22 Q Okay. In fact, you've previously testified in about I think the insert plate again, which is in the 23 23 other cases that you prefer to have a deeper park gate steering column. Talking about flat land between on the insert plate in the column, right? reverse and park notch, and you go on to say, "The park

Page 262 Page 264 A That is correct. not. Q Do you believe that an operator has 2 Let me - in this accident scenario, did the responsibility to ensure a vehicle's in secured park 3 nonfunctioning key interlock cause Mrs. Vetters to back before the exiting the vehicle when they leave the up? engine running? A I don't know. That's a legal question. I'm A I think they have a responsibility to believe not going there because that's -- my opinion is that that they've done that. it's a substantially contributing factor. Whether it Q Okay. This particular vehicle, the Vetters caused it or not, I think that's a legal issue, really. vehicle, has several cues or indicators that could That's a tough one. It really is. cause a person to know what gear they're in, the first 10 10 Q Well, from an engineering standpoint, knowing 11 being the PRNDL indicator itself, correct? the systems, the fact the key interlock didn't work 11 12 A No, because we showed that's defective. You didn't cause the vehicle to back up in powered reverse. 12 13 could have it in the land and not be in the parked A Well, I think the way I look at it is if I 13 gate -- locked gate and still have it illuminated, so shoot you with a bullet and you die, it doesn't matter 14 14 that's a defect. 15 if I stab you in the chest, okay. 16 Q Okay. Let's talk about the alternative 16 Q Okay. design that you brought up earlier. No. 1, you talk 17 17 A If I stab you in the chest, you fell down, I about a different geometric configuration of the insert walked up and blow your brains out because you're plate in the -- in the column. And -incapacitated, it's a substantially contributing factor 19 19 20 Well, at this point, to shortcut that, if the 20 that I could walk up and blow your brains out, so I manufacturing defects are eliminated, we don't need all think, yeah, the -- the knife didn't kill you, but the 21 that for this -- for the purposes of this case -- the 22 gun did, but they're still causally related to you --23 issues in this case. 23 what happened to you, --24 Q Okay. 24 Q Okay. 25 In other words, as it relates to the issues, 25 -- so that's kind of the way I'm looking at Page 265 Page 263 the brake interlock manufacturing defect and the key 1 defect manufacture -- the key lock are defective 2 Q So you - assuming there was a properly and -- and, therefore, that's what is the proximate 3 functioning brake-shift interlock in this vehicle, -cause of why this vehicle backed up in powered reverse. A Okay. So if the brake interlock, those manufacturing defects Q -- and assuming the -- and assuming the -- the didn't occur, we wouldn't have this accident, -key interlock was not functioning as found by you, Q Okay. 7 would this accident still happen? -- so that's my position. 8 A I don't think so because I don't think she Q Well, let -- let me ask you this: could have got it out. I don't think the cable defect A If we have to go -- we have to go one step 10 would be there. I think they would have -- see what beyond that, then there would be other things that we I'm trying to say? The cable defect is -- is 11 12 12 associated with the key interlock, okay. So if we get 13 Q Let — let me ask you this: you — you 13 rid of the cable defect where you can put this system 14 indicated earlier that the -- the fact the key on the -- on the edge and -- and engage the brake 14 interlock was not functioning on this vehicle as - as 15 interlock, you should -- you can engage it, but in this found by you is not a direct cause of Mrs. Vetters's 16 case it was malfunctioning. I think the key interlock 17 vehicle backing up at the scene of this accident on is -- is directly associated with the cable link, so I 17 18 that date, correct? 18 think all those three defects mold together to get --19 A It's not a direct cause, but it certainly is a 19 Q How -- how is the key interlock -- what does

67 (Pages 262 to 265)

that have to do with the positioning of the shift lever

I can put this particular system --

A Just a minute. I'll show you on this buck.

MR. SICO: You gotta turn the key on.

THE WITNESS: I will. I will.

20

21

22

23

24

25

in this accident?

20 sub -- a substantially contributing factor because it

21 establishes the -- the quality defects getting through

22 the plant, it establishes that the system cable linkage

23 is defective, which is contributory, and that the --

the key -- the person can put it in that position,

remove the key and think that's in lock park and it's

Page 268 Page 266 engineer, whether that was a proximate cause of this VIDEOGRAPHER: Do you need to turn that accident or not, can you? 2 towards me? A Not without a -- a definition of what 3 THE WITNESS: Yeah. Let me put it towards proximate cause is in the statute. I'd have to you. That's not what I was trying to do. 4 understand that much better. But my understanding of A Okay. I'm on -- right now I've got the system 5 proximate cause is that substantially contributing 6 in full park and this lever is on the land on the edge factors are a part of proximate cause. of the insert plate right now. O Okay. Q When you -- when you say in full park, what do A Okay. you mean by that? O Was the key in Ms. Vetters's vehicle found in 10 **Everything is in park. The -- here. This** 11 or out of that key slot? gear -- come over here. The pawl gear is fully in the 11 I don't know. No one told me. park gear, the detent of the rooster comb was fully in 12 12 Okay. If - if -13 the detent, but this lever is sitting on top of the 14 I assume the engine was running, so the key insert plate on this vehicle right now. 14 15 15 Q Okay. And --Q Okay. And you have no evidence that she ever 16 16 That's where it's at. removed the key at any point during this accident event 17 -- is the PRNDL indicator on? 17 or scenario, do you? 18 No. I can't tell you what that is on this A No, but it's symptomatic. As I said, it's a 19 thing because --19 20 contributing factor because the fact that that can Does it operate on this buck? 20 happen is a consequence that this whole gear selection 21 No. I don't have that. But I can tell you system is defective. It's a -- it's a symptom. what happened to the subject vehicle in this position. 22 22 23 Q So you're saying because one thing's bad, the 23 Now, when you have this vehicle in this position and you put it totally in park lock, you're 24 whole thing must be bad? 24 A No, because one thing's bad contributed to the supposed to be able to, if it's locked, start it and 25 Page 269 Page 267 fact that it happened. If one -- one thing bad helped move the key. Okay. So I can move the key because contribute to the -- to the reason why this whole thing it's in full park. Let's put it on the land so you occurred, it's a symptom of why she -- she had a cold, can park in reverse. Here's your key. 3 but all of a sudden she died of pneumonia. Now, if an operator is driving this Q Is the fact the key interlock didn't work, vehicle and they can take this key out with this system does -- does that impact how she shifted this lever on in this false park position or this defective position 6 the day in question of her accident? where it's not fully engaged, that becomes a habit A Yeah, because she can -- she can leave it in forming thing where they leave it there and they don't that edge and pull the key out. even know it and they take the key out. Q But do you have any evidence in this case that 10 10 That's not supposed to happen. They she ever pulled the key out? can't get that key out of there unless that vehicle is, by law, in a fully parked detented position, so that's A I don't care if she pulled the key out on this 12 day. She got used to being able to -- she is not No. 1. And No. 2 is this little lever here is you turn 13 13 supposed to be able to pull that key out if that it, now it's -- this is the way that this vehicle operated on the day of the accident is if you turn this system's on that ledge, which means if Chrysler 15 designed and -- and manufactured a product where she key to the locked position, it can't lock out the gear 16 could leave it on the ledge and take the key out, that shift system because this was malfunctioning. 17 17 means she can get it in that position where it can be 18 Now, that's an indication, again, of a --18 inadvertently contacted and the brake interlock doesn't a quality defect that got through the plant. So I --19 19 20 20 I mean, I'll -- I guess the judge is going to have to 21 It -- it's a symptom that -- where the 21 decide how that relates to overall causation. I think person has a cold and developed pneumonia, and that's 22 they are substantially contributing factors to the the way I'm looking at. Now, if that's proximate 23 23 accident. That's what I think. Now, whether that's

24

24

25

a proximate cause, I don't know.

Q Sir, you -- you can't say based as an

cause, that's proximate cause.

Q The — we started out this little exchange

Page 270 Page 272 1 talking about the insert plate -in a 45 RFE transmission for a Chrysler vehicle? Yeah. A I told you that. I was trying to tell you, Q -- on the column and, my question is, do you that's right. The heavy loaded spring, you didn't say believe that that insert plate in and of itself is that it's at the rooster comb. defective in this vehicle? Q Well, I did, but the record will speak for itself. So now that you've heard --A Not in and of itself. It's the system. The 6 whole system has to be -- as we went through it, and I Well, my -think you went through it in detail and rigorously, the 8 -- my question, can you answer the question? whole system contributes to the entire defective 9 A Yeah. The answer is that I don't -- I don't condition that makes it reasonably dangerous, not just 10 10 recall that they increased the spring load at the 11 that insert plate, no. 11 rooster comb. They increased the overall system 12 Q Okay. Now, you also have a buck that you've 12 spring load, --13 looked at constructed by or at the direction of Mr. 13 O Has --Rosenblueth that has a modified insert plate, correct? 14 14 A -- and I have evaluated it. 15 A Correct. 15 Q - has -- has John Stilson tested a heavier 16 Q Have you ever tested that modified part in a load spring in a 45 RFE transmission? 17 production vehicle? 17 MR. SICO: In the rooster comb? 18 A No, I have not. 18 MR. SONNIER: In the rooster comb. 19 A I believe I have, but not at the rooster comb. Q Okay. We talked about an increased spring in 19 20 the transmission earlier. You think it should be 20 Q Okay. What spring have you tested? What -greater than whatever the OEM spring is. 21 A They added a separate spring to the column 22 A I think that would be a good idea, yeah. 22 lock, and that -- that increased the spring load of the 23 Q Have -- have you ever tested a heavier load whole system. That's why I said I have tested it and 23 24 spring in a production vehicle? 24 I know what it does. 25 A Yes. 25 Q And where does --Page 271 Page 273 A Chrysler recommended that as a fix. By adding Q Okay. Have you ever tested in a 2002 2 Durango? the extra spring load and the detent, that was their Α. 3 solution to the -- to the recall of the Jeep. Q You've tested in a 45 RFE transmission? Q And -- and where is that spring? A That, and that was Ford's fix -- part of A. It's in the added -- well, there were two of Ford's fix to the C6 and C4. them. One was the recall kit and the second was the Q Wait a minute. I'm asking about Chrysler's final production kit where they -- the spring is on 8 45 RFE transmission. 8 A It's part of the fix in the -- in the -- in 9 Q You're talking about the spring on the plunger 10 the Jeep case. 10 · to -11 Q Okay. 11 A Yeah, where it pops into the -- you know, 12 A Yes. 12 there's a little -- it's similar to this, it's a cam 13 Q Have you -- in the Jeep case you think there spring, and in the -- in the console mechanism they 13 14 was a heavier -- heavier load spring in the 14 added the spring detent roller that popped into the 15 transmission? 15 detents on the production and the -- and the field fix A It was -- no. It was added. There as a for the -- for the recall kit, so that added more 16

17 spring added to the column which really -- all the --

Q Mr. Stilson, I'm not talking about the column,

19 I'm talking about in the transmission. You've

18

20 testified at length today about a spring behind the

roller ball that is associated with the rooster comb in

22 this vehicle inside the transmission, and you believe

23 that this particular system should have had a heavier

load spring than what was in their OEM, and my question

25 to you is, have you ever tested a heavier load spring

17 spring tension to the shift sequence, --

Q And --

18

25

19 A -- so indirectly I have evaluated it.

20 And the - the Dakota does not have that

21 particular shift mechanism -- I mean, excuse me, the

Durango, the '02 Durango does not have the same shift 22 .

mechanism as that found in the Jeep Grand Cherokees

24 that you've been talking about?

A No. I'm talking about the console, that's

Page 276 **Page 274** A Yes. 1 correct. Q And — and based on everything we've read from Q Right. They're -- they're different.

- A They're different in the sense that they're a 3 different location. They do the same -- they perform the same function.
- Q And they have different hardware, too, don't they?
- 8 A Well, this one does. This was a -- this was a waste of hardware, but that's okay. A lot of money spent on that for nothing. It didn't fix the problem. 10
- MR. SONNIER: Objection to responsiveness. 11 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) The shift lever is not the 12
- 13 same, is it? 14 A No, it's different.
- Q The -- the insert plate is completely 15 different, correct? 16
- A In terms of what we talked about. We had 17 talked about that. I said geometrically and shape 18
- wise, they're different, but functionally and 19 operationally they're the same. 20
- Q The -- on the Grand Cherokee, it requires a different motion by the operator to shift park versus 22 . what you have to do with this Durango on the column, 23 -
- 24 correct? 25 A I'd agree with that.

- the, you know, witness testimony, statements and all that, you can't rule out that she stopped the vehicle in that position before she exited to retrieve the
- mail; is that correct?
- A I can't rule that that's a potential position. No, I can't rule that out.
- Q Okay. Do you know whether -- if the vehicle was in that position, as shown in Discovery Exhibit No. 49, if you leave the transmission in hydraulic reverse,
- 12 whether it will remain stationary for, you know, a
- period of time? 13

14

18

- A I don't know.
- Q Okay. If it were to remain stationary for a 15 16 period of time, would that surprise you?
- 17 A Depends.
  - Q On what?
- What it took to get it into this position. 19
- Q Okay. Would you agree with me, Mr. Stilson, 20
- that you can't rule out that Ms. Vetters stopped the 21
- vehicle in the position as shown in Discovery Exhibit 22
- 23 No. 49 and that she exited the vehicle leaving it in
- reverse before she went to retrieve the mail? 24
- A I can't rule it out as a possibility, but I 25

Page 275

- Q There are some photographs here that I was going to show you. These are my photographs. I — we started talking about this earlier, but I got
- sidetracked and did not show you these. I'd like to 5
- 6 MR. SONNIER: I am going to mark this as Exhibit No. 49 -- Discovery Exhibit No. 49.
- (WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 49 WAS MARKED.) 8
- Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Just take a look at that, if 10 you could, sir.
  - A Okay.

11

do so.

- O I'll represent to you that's the Vetters 12 13 vehicle in the Vetters's driveway out there when -
- 14 when my experts --
- 15 A Okay.
- 16 O -- inspected and tested this vehicle.
- 17 A Okay.
- Q Do you see in that particular photograph where 18
- the rear tires are are placed?
- 20 A I do.
- Q. Okay. And we -- we've talked about, you 21
- know, possibilities or, you know, there's obviously
- 23 many different locations the vehicle could have been
- 24 stopped by her before she exits to go retrieve the
- mail, correct?

- Page 277 would never address it as a probability, but certainly
- I can't rule it out as a possibility.
- Q Okay.
  - A I would not do that. I weighed that. I
- considered it.
- 6 Q And in terms of its not a -- not being a
- probability, what do you base that on?
- A I just -- it's -- I've never had a case where
- a person who survived this -- these park to reverse
- instances ever left the vehicle in reverse, the person
- who lived who could be here and say, "I -- I shifted it
- 12 -into park and I got out and it backed up."
- 13 O Okay.
  - Those -- that's the testimony. It's sworn,
- 15 it's under oath, and the witness testimony validated
- 16 that the vehicle was either in full reverse or in
- part -- or not -- between park and reverse at the time
- that they came and -- and shifted the vehicle, so that
- testimony is -- stands on the record. I've never had 19
- a case where a live witness has -- to an accident has 20
- ever said they left the vehicle in reverse, that's No. 21
- 22 1. No. 2 --
- Q Let me -- let me ask you this before you get 23
- off that topic --
- 25 A Sure.

	3C 2:03 CV 00000 Bocament 02 2 Thea		17.3D 011 10/13/03 1 age 71 01 04
	Page 278		Page 280
1	Q — and then I'll let — I'll let you —	1	Q When you say a known defective condition,
2	A Sure.	2	known by who?
.3	Q continue on with that answer.	3	A Chrysler.
4	A Sure.	4	Q And — and what — what — what do they know?
5	Q But you would agree with me, and I think you	5	What is it that, you know, you have reviewed or seen in
6	acknowledged earlier, that witnesses can make	6	this particular matter that indicates to you that
7	mistakes,	7	Chrysler knew there was a defective condition in Ms.
8	MR. SICO: Objection.	8	Vetters's vehicle?
9	Q (By Mr. Sonnier) — both in what they do and	9	A What is Jeep? What is C802? What is what
10		10	did they Chrysler did nothing to change the
11	MR. SICO: Objection, argumentative.	11	situation, except put a brake interlock into it. They
12	가는 그는 그들이 가게 되는 것이 하는 것이 그렇게 그릇한 그를 받는 것이 되어 되었다. 그래 되었습니다.	12	didn't do anything. This system is just like every
	oath.	į.	other system that's like this. It's substantially
14		14	similar. It has a false park and a the syndrome of
15		15	the intrinsic design defect. It's latent and it's
16		16	intrinsic. It's designed in and you can't get it out
		1	unless you do something different, as I explained to
17	아이는 아이 아이들은 이루스 맛이 생활 수 없는 사람은 사람들을 하는 것이 나를 통해.	17	
18	small and minimal.	18	you, therefore, this system is known to have this
19	Q Okay.	19	defect. I don't care whether Chrysler denies it or
20	A But I would not make the mistake of not	20	not. It doesn't matter to me that they deny it.
21	knowing that I left left the vehicle in reverse.	21	The OSIs, the number of allegations,
22	I'll assure you that.	22	NHTSA, the fact that they admitted the Jeep was a
23	Q Okay.	23	defect, even though they they they said that they
24	A That's what I wouldn't make. I mean, I just	24	went out and recalled it because of of customer
25	can't comprehend a 58-year-old another thing, I	25	satisfaction, they they accepted that that this
1 2	Page 279 can't comprehend a 58-year-old elementary school teacher leaving a vehicle in reverse and thinking	1 2	Page 281 system had a defect or they wouldn't have recalled it and they wouldn't have gone through the pain and
3	that that this is a safe situation. I just can't	3	suffering of paying all that money to fix a problem
4	comprehend that.	4	that doesn't exist.
5	But, obviously, you said it's possible,	5	I've got letters all the way back into the
6	and it's people do that by mistakenly, but I	6	'60s that prove that Ford was knowledgeable of this
7	can't comprehend a 58-year-old elementary school	7	defect false defect detent problem and
8	teacher who takes care of third graders and has a	8	contributed continues all the way up through the
وا	husband who's going to commit suicide, that basically	9	C802, Chrysler's OSIs. The knowledge and
10		10	foreseeability of this defect is is apparent.
11	reverse they are committing suicide or they could hurt	11	Now, you want you want to throw all
12	somebody else because this vehicle could back up.	12	that away and say, "Well, she just left it in reverse,"
13	[Validate] [18] 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	13	landa era era filma olika filmstava filmska filmska era kalandaren (
14	Q Okay.	I	that's fine with me.
15	A No. 3 is	14 15	Q Now, you
		ı	A That's okay.
16	MR. SONNIER: Object to responsiveness,	16	Q you're aware that there are engineers out
17	医二氏管 化多二化二二烷 化二二烷 医水杨二氏病 医多种毒素 化二氯甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基	17	there with a good educational background, lengthy
18	A You asked my reasons, I'm giving you	18	experience, both with auto manufacturers and then
19	Q No. I understand.	19	outside engineering firms that disagree with your
20	A Those are my reasons. All right.	20	position.
21	No. 3 is that this vehicle has a known	21	A Oh, I'm well aware of that.
22	defective false park and park to reverse syndrome	22	Q Okay.
23	condition, and we found the manufacturing defects that	23	A They have a right to their opinion.
24	established why this can happen, which makes it more	24	Q Now, by the way, there's no investigation on
25	probable than not that those defective conditions.	25	the 2002 model year Dodge Durango by NHTSA; is that

Page 284 Page 282 There's 68, Dodge Durango complaints to NHTSA PR, and correct? that's 68 in my file. I haven't got there yet. A No. I think I showed you -- oh, I showed you Q Okay. That's fine. that 2005 recall, didn't I? But I -- I know they're there and I've been Q No. My --A I know. I just want to make sure I was -- I advised by Mr. Sico that -- that in his impression there are OSIs, but I have to go there. answered your question. Q Okay. So since you haven't reviewed that MR. SONNIER: Objection, form. material, I'm -- I'm assuming you haven't inspected any But I want to make sure you have that. of those other vehicles that are subject of those 9 My question is -complaints. 10 A That's true. And again, I -- I'm not --Q - are you aware of whether NHTSA's ever 11 11 we're looking at a unique situation of a manufacturing opened an investigation on the 2002 Durango relating to defect in this case, -the transmission system? 13 A I haven't -- I have not heard of that. 14 Q Okay. Have you --14 Okay. Have you ever written any letters to A -- so I don't expect to find what we're 15 looking at here. 16 NHTSA suggesting that they open an investigation into 16 Q Okay. Have you contacted any of the owners or the transmission system of the 2002 Dodge Durango? 17 17 persons involved in any of those complaints? A No. I contacted them directly. 18 A I haven't, no. 19 O On -- with reference to this vehicle? 19 Q Okay. Do you believe that there are any 20 A No. This was back in original Ford transmission systems out there in any production investigations with NHTSA. I contacted -- Mr. Hornicle 21 22 vehicle that are non-defective? and other people at that time were on the 22 A I don't know. I haven't evaluated them all. 23 administration and I advised them. I contacted 60 23 Minutes. I advised a lot of people about this problem Okay. Of those that you have considered over 24 the years, is there any that you believe are and approached a public interest deal to try to get 25 Page 285 Page 283 non-defective in design? people aware, knowledgeable of the -- of the hazard. 1 A The ones that I've evaluated, no. I mean, the Q My question is: Have you ever contacted 2 NHTSA specifically regarding anything relating to the ones that I've evaluated I found a design defect of some form. Now, whether they are reasonably transmission system of the 2002 Durango? dangerous, that's another question, but I certainly Not yet. have found the defects. Q Now, I don't know that -- you -- you mentioned Q Are there some where you have found defects in some OSIs or other similar incidents earlier. Let me the design of the transmission system, yet concluded let me kind of ask you that. Are you aware of any that it was not unreasonably dangerous? -- any other complaints relating to transmission system Under the conditions of that accident, yeah. of a 2002 Dodge Durango or the 45 RFE transmission? 10 10 11 Sure. A I'm aware that Mr. Sico said that he -- there O Okay. So it's dependent on the condition of 12 are other OSIs. That's all I can tell you. 12 the accident as to whether or not it's an unreasonably 13 13 Q Okay. I think he's dangerous product? 14 14 A I don't have them. If -- if I do, I don't A Law says proximate cause. I don't say it, I remember reading them yet. 15 15 just follow the law. 16 Q Okay. He may -- may -- I think I've seen it Q No. My question is, somewhere, -17 I follow the law. 18 18 A Okay. Q -- is it dependent on -- on the circumstances 19 Q -- but he may have sent you some materials, of the particular accident as to whether or not you you know, little excerpts, or whatever, from the NHTSA believe it's unreasonably dangerous? database regarding transmission related issues. 21 A Only as it relates to the legal premise of 22 Okay. proximate cause. I mean, if it's not a proximate O What you're telling me, you just haven't 23 23 cause, it doesn't matter. It's not unreasonably 24 24 reviewed it up to this point.

dangerous in the view of the law, not me. I -- it

A I haven't -- I haven't gotten there.

Page 286 Page 288 doesn't matter what I say. Whether it's not or is, 2 the law says it's not unreasonably dangerous if there's Q And tell us the role you played at Chrysler 3 no proximate cause. with respect to transmission systems. Q Okay. So off the top of your head, you - you A I worked -- I worked on A 904 and A 707 or can't name for us any transmissions that you consider 727, one or the other, developing performance testing. to be non-defective. I worked at the Chrysler proving ground and at the A I'm not aware of any that -- that are out transmission laboratory, which consisted of tear-downs, there, but I can't. I haven't evaluated the -- all of testing, dynamometer testing, vehicle testing. the transmissions that are out there. But the ones Q So when you say you -- with the A 904 and the that I've reviewed, they meet the federal standards and A 727 or A 707, whichever it was, -they're designed substantially similar to the subject 11 A I think it was 727. one, the ones I've evaluated and, yeah, they're 12 -- you -- you worked developing performance 13 defective. Are they unreasonably dangerous? It 13 testing for transmission systems - for those two depends. transmission systems. 15 Q And does that include Ford vehicles? 15 A Well, develop and evaluating. It was 16 Sure. 16 evaluation. It was a design validation system. 17 GM vehicles? 17 18 Sure. 18 But there was design there, too, because the 19 Toyota? 19 development people could make suggestions to the design 20 Sure. people for changes. 21 Q Okay. 21 Q Okay. Did -- did you ever design or 22 22 participate in the design of a specific transmission Some of them. Not all of them. The ones that 23 I've evaluated, remember. system in any Chrysler vehicles when you were employed Okay. 24 0 24 at Chrysler? 25 A The ones I evaluated. 25 A Not -- not -- well, we were -- we -- when I Page 287 Page 289 Q How many transmission related matters have you was there, we were evaluating some friction material, been hired to consult on -so in that sense, yeah, the clutches and a new -- a 3 Oh! new transmission oil, so not in the development of the mechanical systems, but the -- those two I did, yeah. 4 Q - over the past 20 years? A In the old days, it was a lot. Not anymore. Q Okay. Now, with respect to your employment 6 I haven't -- I kind of -- Simon Tamiyu (sic), as you at Chrysler, did you ever design or participate in the know, died, and so I -- I'm -- I'm sure they're going 7 design of any of the gear selection systems to start coming back to me to help them out in terms of transmissions on Chrysler vehicles? making a determination to whether the -- the A I think the only involvement I had would have 10 performance of the vehicle was proper, but used to be I been the PRNDL cluster bezel because I worked on the 10 11 had -- I don't know. I was probably running maybe 10, instrument panel design part of the cluster bezel. 11 12 15 cases a year, but over the last five years it's been 12 Q So --13 sparse. I think I've only had maybe three or four in 13 A That would be it. I wasn't involved in the 14 the last five years that I've worked on. gear selection system, except for maybe the PRNDL. 14 Q Now, I'm not going to go through your CV at Q And would that be the design of the instrument 15 15 16 length here, but I do want to ask you a couple of 16 panel itself? questions, if I could. You note in here regarding Yeah. That was integral with the instrument 17 previous employment you -- you've been employed by Ford 18 panel subsystems, yeah. 19 Motor Company, by Chrysler Corporation at different 19 Q So that involved like placement of the — of points in time. 20 the PRNDL indicator, the -- the electronic part of it? 21 A Right. 21 A Visibility, all the standards and the fact 22 Q When you were with Chrysler Corporation, was 22 that it meets the sequencing --23 it part of your job duties at any level to -- to work 23 Okay. 24 on or be -- to work on transmission systems in their 24 -- of 102 and the fact that it -- it operates 25 vehicles? and it indicates properly, things like that, yes.

Page 290 Page 292 Q Okay.

But I didn't work directly on the -- on the

gear selection system beyond the interaction at that

level. In other words, you -- we worked as system engineers, so we had to make sure that if the shift

lever was in drive, that the PRNDL indicated drive.

Q And that's before the performance testing, or

would that be part of the performance testing?

A No, that's after. I worked for instrument panel after that. 10

Q Okay. With respect to - you said you 11

12 developed performance testing at Chrysler. Did that

concern the transmission systems of those two systems 13

you identified earlier? 14

A Well, as I said, the clutches in the 15

transmission fluid, yeah.

Q Okay. What did you do with respect to the clutches? What was your involvement?

18

A We were testing a new -- we were testing a new

oil and a new clutch material -- well, friction 20

material. I don't remember the specifics of the whole 21

thing. 22

17

19

Q So ---23

A We were testing a new friction material for 24

the disk plates, and I think it was paper as opposed to

correct that problem, I don't think it's going to work.

I can't see how you can make it work if you can't -- if

you can't positively block out the park detent.

O Let me -- let me ask you --

It means the transmission can shift backwards.

- let me ask you this: Are you aware of

whether Mrs. Vetters ever had any other incidents where

the vehicle unintentionally moved rearward?

A I'm not aware of any. If they happened, I

haven't been told of it.

Q Okay. So she was able to drive this vehicle

as much as she drove it. I think she -- are you aware

she was the primary driver of this Durango?

A I was told that --

Okay.

16 A -- because I asked that, yeah.

And are you aware - I think the mileage on 17

that vehicle right now is somewhere around 39,400

miles. Does that sound about right?

20 A Yeah. That's the mileage. Yes. Right.

Q Okay. So as far as you know, that vehicle

had been driven at least that amount of miles and there

was not one other incident similar to what she had last

24 December.

21

1

A As far as I know of, that's correct. 25

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gritty, so we were evaluating whether or not the paper

waffle, they call them the waffle plates, whether or

not they could give you the proper performance for

shift quality, run away, other things.

Q Did you -- when you were at Ford, did you ever

design or participate in the design of a gear selection

system on any of the Ford vehicles?

A Not directly. Again, I was their system

interaction, but I wasn't directly involved with the

9

14

20

Q The 45 RFE transmission that was in Ms.

Vetters's vehicle, do you agree with me that that

13 system can be used in a safe manner?

MR. SICO: Objection, form, incomplete

15 hypothetical.

A I need to understand the format. You mean by

itself or with a system?

O The system as it was in Ms. Vetters's vehicle 18

as designed, can it be used safely?

MR. SICO: Same objection.

A I don't see it as a probability because they 21

don't have a lock out for park detent.

A You can -- you can self shift. That system 24

25 can self shift. So unless there's something done to

Q Okay.

2 . With that vehicle, yeah.

Your wife actually drove a Durango at one

point in time; is that correct?

A She did.

O Do you remember what model year it was?

2001.

Q Okay. Did it have the same transmission as

Ms. Vetters's --

A No. 10

11 - vehicle? What - what was different about

12

19

13 A It had the pre -- it didn't have the

14 interlock. It doesn't have the brake interlock, and

it probably had the different rooster comb and - and

shifting system --

17 Q Okay.

-- in the transmission.

Q Do -- do you know that?

A Well, I know what Chrysler said that 2001 they 20

switched to 2001 from the rooster comb that was in

22 basically all their vehicles and the manual valve

system to 2002 was all new, so I can only tell you what

they say. I haven't gone and taken it apart. 24

Q Okay. And where -- where did you obtain that

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Page 294 Page 296 information? because of that? A I think the -- through Mr. Sico, through the 2 A Well, first of all, I would take this cable representative, either Chrysler representatives or and I would identify, like I did, all the causes of why through the -- some information he received -this flexing of the sheath that the cable slides Q Okay. Let me ask you -through allows it to move. I would first identify all -- through discovery, through the discovery of them and then I would restructure the bracketry and process. the cable so that -- to remove the flexure. That's Q Okay. Let me ask you this: On your wife's all you can do. Nothing wrong with the cable. The 2001 Durango, did you make any modifications to the cable is a -- is a very good system, by the way. 10 gear selection system in that vehicle? Q So the cable itself you don't have an issue 11 A I did not. with, it's just the connections where the cable is Q Okay. Do you know whether your wife's 2001 12 12 attached to various parts? 13 Durango had the same insert plate in the column as Ms. 13 A Well, we gotta be careful because the cable 14 Vetters's vehicle? has the connectors that connect to the bracketry so A No. I -- as far as I know of it didn't, based 15 15 it's a system, but the cable itself I have no problem on, again, the same information that they redesigned 16 16 with. The cable is okay. 17 all that ---17 Q And it's the cable itself -- when you Q Okay. 18 18 manipulate the shift lever, it's the cable itself that A -- because they put the brake interlock in moves from the shift lever down into the transmission, 19 20 and they redesigned the whole insert system, as far as 20 I know. 21 A Yes. The cable, but the -- it's the 22 compliance, we'll call it, in the system that allows it MR. SONNIER: I think I am getting close 22 : to the end here guys. I am just -- why don't we take 23 a little break ---24 Q Okay. And --25 MR. SICO: Okay. 25. A That's part of it. Now, the other piece of Page 295 Page 297 MR. SONNIER: -- and let me go through my 1 that puzzle is whether or not the -- that particular notes. I may very well be finished, --2. cable was changed or altered from its length. THE WITNESS: All right. Q Okay. You mean the -- the cable in the MR. SONNIER: -- but if you can give me, I Vetters vehicle? 5 mean, like three or four minutes. A At -- at production. VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at Okay. Whether it meets design specs? 4:29 p.m. Right. A 8 (WHEREUPON AT THIS TIME A SHORT 8 9 **BREAK WAS TAKEN.)** 9 We gotta lot -- we got some quality issues 10 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record at 10 here, and what I'm worried about is that this 11 4:37 p.m. particular cable came into the plant and either wasn't 11 12 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Mr. Stilson, a couple of 12 to print or -- or it was early specification and it was 13 follow-up questions. Earlier, you know, we were 13 -- it was a little long and allows this motion. 14 talking about the lag in the system and you were kind 14 Q Okay. 15 enough to go over there and -- and show us on the buck 15 That's another possibility. 16 some of the things that you had identified on the 16 Q Okay. As we sit here today, you just can't 17 Vetters vehicle, and one of the things that you 17 comment on - on whether that's the case or not? 18 emphasized with respect to your analysis of the lag in 18: A I don't know. I've looked at the drawings, 19 the system is the connection points for the -- the 19 but they don't give me enough information to make that 20 shift cable, correct? 20 determination for the Job 1 cable. 21 A The lateral movement, yeah. 21 Q Okay. Now, you're saying you'd redo the 22 22 bracketry on this. What exactly would you do to the 23 A And some little flex, yeah. 23 24 Q What changes, if any, would -- would you 24 A I showed you that -- how that bracket moves, recommend to reduce or eliminate lag in the system and I -- I'd structure it so that the -- this is a cam

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- 1 lever bracket, they can fix that. They can increase
- 2 gage, they can change the material, or they can add
- 3 gussets on the side, form gussets so that it won't
- 4 flex.
- 5 Q Okay.
- 6 A That's easy.
- Q All automatic transmission systems with a --
- 8 with a cable system like this would have brackets used
- to attach the cable to various parts, correct?
- 10 A I agree with that.
- 11 Q Okay. Are there any brackets you've observed
- 12 on any other system that you believe are adequate or -
- 13 or would be non-defective in your -- in your view?
- 14 A I'd have to go back and check the Haller
- 15 vehicle. There was a pretty heavy duty bracket that
  - 6 attached the transmission on that Haller system --
- 17 O Okay.
- 18 A -- which got rid of the flexure. There was
- no -- that one -- the Haller vehicle didn't have this
- 20 problem. You couldn't remove the key with the system
- 21 in park.
- 22 Q Now, just with respect to the -- the lag in
- 23 the system and the -- the shift cable itself, what
- 24 you're saying is the lateral movement or lateral
- 25 movement is introduced in the system because of the --

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- 1 created by the connections and brackets that you've
- 2 been talking about?
- 3 A Not yet, but we talked about, again, taking
- 4 the column and the cable out, and at that point in time
- 5 if -- if I have -- if my schedule allows me, I'd like
- to be there and I can make some of these
- 7 measurements --
- Q Okay.
- A -- when we remove the cable from the vehicle
- 10 with the column, the subject vehicle we're talking
- 1 about.
- 12 Q Now, we've also talked about this concept
- 13 about bounce back when you -- the operator's moving the
- 14 shift lever into gated park. Is there any design
- 15 changes that you would recommend to eliminate or
- reduce -- or to reduce that particular issue?
- 17 A Well, one way is to -- it would be to move the
- 18 stop. I told you to make it deeper.
- 19 Q Would that -- would it -- would that mean
- 20 making the -- the gate itself wider?
  - A Yes. Over travel so you can shoot -- shoot
- the lever past the part in the -- in the shift lever
- 3 and in the transmission so that it -- it locks it
- 24 into -- you prevent the bounce back because it can't
- 25 ever land on the land. That's one way.

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- the brackets that you identified.
- 2 A You mean for the connectors? No. That's
- 3 because there's a pin with a -- a bushing that just
- slides over that and snaps in.
- Q You're talking the brackets that connect?
- 6 A Yeah. That's a bracket. That pan -- let
- me -- let's go to the column. The column has an
- 8 aluminum lever that's connected to the shift lever
- 9 that's connected to a pin, and there's flexure in that
- 0 system. It's a mechanical system. It has a certain
- 1 amount of flex.
  - Q Flexion in the in the pin or or the
- 13 cable itself?

12

- 14 A The whole system. Not the cable, but the pin
- 15 connection to the cable end. That whole system has
- 16 flexure in it because it's mechanical. It has a
- 17 certain amount.
- 18 Q And you think because there is some flexion
- 19 there that that can cause lag in the shift cable itself
- 20 and affect its function?
- A It contributes to it. It doesn't cause it by
- 22 itself, but all that stuff adds up. Everything is
- 23 adding up in there to let that cable.
- 24 Q Is there any way, or -- or have you quantified
- 25 or in any way measured the amount of lag in this system

- The other way is to have the pos --
- external, mechanical, or electronic positive engagement
- 3 system that forces the shift lever always into the lock
- 4 gate position so it -- and the other way is eliminate
- 5 the lag or the loose -- looseness in the linkage in the
- 6 linkage mechanisms so that you can't -- once that
- 7 handle's in there, it's locked in there.
- 8 Of course, you understand all this is
- 9 predicated on the fact that the park interlock system
- 10 or the brake interlock system malfunctioned. Had that
- 11 -not happened, the system wouldn't have backed up. You
- 12 -can't knock it out of park.
- 13 Q Now, let me ask you this: You -- you
- 14 mentioned another thing you could do with respect to
- 15 the bounce back issue is introduce external -- an
- 16 external engagement system. What do you mean by that?
- 17 A Like a dead bolt. A system that forces the
- 18 lever into the slot so it can't be left on a position
- 19 that's not locked.
- 20 Q And -- and where would this ball -- where
- 21 would this thing be located?
- 22 A Right where the shift insert -- well, on that
- 23 system, if I was locked into using that system, which I
- 24 wouldn't use, but let's assume that I had to, you would
- have to mount it somewhere in the column area so that

Page 302 Page 304 it either mechanically or electronically forced the A I'm not, no. 2 shift lever down into the lock plate -- lock gate 2 Q Have you ever been? No, I'm not. I don't have time for that. Q Are you aware of any other automatic Q The -- obviously, since you were hired as a transmission system that has such an external consultant in this case, you charge Mr. Sico some money engagement system? for your time and work in this matter, correct? A I haven't seen it, me personally. 7 A I do. Q Okay. Are you familiar with SAEJ915? 8 Q You don't work for free, do you? A I am. No. 10 Q What is it? How much do you charge Mr. Sico an hour for 10 11 I don't remember. I -- I know about it. I 11 your time in this case? don't remember what it is right now. I'd have to go 12 12 A \$500. back and look at it. 13 Q And is there any difference in your hourly 14 Q Okay. Basically, it's SAE recommended rate on whether you're looking at vehicles or reviewing practice with respect to manual control sequence. 15 15 documents versus giving deposition or trial testimony? A I might have it here. I just don't know. I 16 17 haven't looked at it for a while. I'm familiar with 17 Q Okay. 18 18 Same fee. 19 Q Do you agree that the Vetters transmission 19 Q So no matter what you do, if you're working on 20 system as designed complies with and meets SAEJ915? 20 the Vetters matter, for example, you charge him \$500 an 21 A Not without going back and looking at 915 and 21 . hour for your time? -- and making an evaluation, no, I wouldn't. I 22 A That's correct. 23 haven't done that. 23 Q Okay. Do you know how many hours you've 24 Q Okay. Have you ever written any articles or 24 : spent working on the Vetters lawsuit since you were 25 papers regarding transmission systems? 25 retained? Page 303 Page 305 A No, but it -- you can see from the work, the Q Have you ever published any articles relating report, inspection, the tear-down, and then getting 3 to transmission systems? prepared for the deposition, reviewing material. Hundreds of depositions, that's it, --That's it. Okay. 5 O Okav. -- and reports. So I don't know. I'm sure -- I'm not even And those would be depositions and reports sure all the invoices have been sent out for my time given in the context of a -- of a lawsuit? because it's been so quick, but I have no problem with A That's correct. Mr. Sico releasing, if he desires -- if it's his desire 10 Okay. 10 to, my invoices to you. I have no problem. 11 And then, of course, trial testimony, so... 11 Q Okay. Do you maintain, back in your office, 12 Q Okay. But in terms of -- I'm talking about you know, copies of invoices that you send to him? publications, like articles that you've written that 13 A Oh, yeah. My accountant does, sure. have been peer reviewed by other engineers. Have you 14 Q Okay. Do you maintain, or your accountant done anything like that in your career? maintain, a - a document that contains the amount of 15 A Every one of my -- well, if you're talking 16 time that you have in this particular matter? about like through technical organizations as opposed 17 A Well, in the form of the invoicing. That's to through personal injury product litigation, no, I 18 the way -- that's it. When invoice goes out, it would haven't done that. 19 say "Inspection, four hours, six hours," or whatever it 20: Q Either technical, you know, deals or was, and then it would be the charge, \$500 and -- plus, 20 21 educational institutions. 21 all the -- all the fees, --A Yeah. I understand. No, I haven't done 22 22 Okay. 23 that. 23 A -- all the expenses. Q Okay. Are you on any SAE committees Q An invoice generated, you have a copy of it

25 and you send a copy to Mr. Sico?

regarding transmission design?

	Page 306	Page 308
1	A Right.	1 exhibit. That's the 9/6/05 20002
2	Q Is that pretty much the way it works?	2 Q Yeah.
3	A That's the way it works.	3 A Dodge Durango inspection. That's in
4	Q Okay.	4 there.
5	MR. SONNIER: Yeah, I don't have those.	5 Q No. 45.
6	MR. SICO: Let me have if you	6 A It's very lengthy.
7	MR. SONNIER: At some point, you know, if	7 Q Do you know how long it is?
	you can just send them to me.	8 A I started to watch it and I fell asleep, so
8	MR. SICO: I don't know if we've got, at	9 it's pretty long.
9		10 Q Okay. You've also handed me and we've had
10	this point, any or not.  THE WITNESS: I don't know.	11 copies made of your file index. Your file basically
11		12 consists of three department boxes, correct?
12	MR. SONNIER: Okay.	13 A It did. Right now it shipped in two because
13	Q (By Mr. Sonnier) I'll just ask I'll ask you	14 one was so small it fit in three.
14	to check, you know,	[2016년 1887년 - 1986년 - 1988년 - 1987년 1888년 1
15	A Sure.	15 Q Okay.
16	Q and make sure that you send those to to	16 A Yes.
17	Mr. Sico and he'll make sure that they get to me.	17 Q And —
18	That's fine.	18 A And we put in other words, you put the
19	A Believe me, if they are sent to Mr. Sico,	19 contents of Box 1 in Box 3 so we could ship it easier.
20	they're going to be.	20 Q And these indexes contain a list of all the
21	MR. SICO: That's what I figured.	21 materials that you have in this file, the Vetters file?
22	THE WITNESS: It's an oversight. Thanks	22 A Other than what I described, that's that's
23	for reminding me. Supposed to be already sent out.	23 obviously a living document. It's as of the time that
24	MR. SICO: They may be.	24 it was printed up.
25	Q (By Mr. Sonnier) I just for identification	25 Q Has it — and do you know when these were
	Page 307	Page 309
1	purposes, I'm going to go head and mark a couple of	1 printed or prepared?
2	these just so	2 A They're pretty recent.
3	(WHEREUPON EXHIBIT NO. 50 WAS MARKED.)	3 Q Like within the last week or two?
4	Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Discovery Exhibit No. 50 is	4 A Yeah. I think that would be pretty those
5	is I'm telling you is a copy of your	5 are inclusive pretty much of all the material I have,
6	A Where are my notes?	6 other than I described. The videotapes, the
7	Q your notes.	7 photographs, the the CD and the the DVD, and the
8	MR. SICO: She's copying them.	8 2005, and I think the notice, and things like that
9	Q (By Mr. Sonnier) Emily took them.	9 advise you that that just got recently put into my
10	A Oh, sure.	10 file.
11	Q She she already copied them.	11 Q Okay.
12	A Right. She probably didn't realize she was	12 A And you have copies of everything that I have
	그러지, 그림은 문제, 하면하면 가득하는 그 살아가면 하는 사람이 되는 것이 없는 사람들이다.	13 now, as far as I know of.
13	supposed to give them back, my original.	14 O Okay. When you — when you did your
14	Q Just take a look at those and identify that	15 evaluation on this particular vehicle and you put the
15	선물 그는 그는 그는 것이 되는 것이 없었다. 그는 그를 하고 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 그를 모르는 것이 되었다.	16 the shift lever in a in a place where you call
16	A Exhibit 50 is a copy of my handwritten notes	[18] 2016년 - 1일 - 1
17	of October 3rd, 2005 at the time of the tear-down.	[10] [2] - 그림 [2] - 그는 없는 생생님 그 살아보고 있었다. 그 사람들이 함께 하고 싶었다요.
18	Q And does this cover both of the inspections?	
19	A No, just October 3rd.	19 park, how are you able to identify where the tang is on
20	Q Do you do you have any notes from your	20 that insert plate?
21	September inspection?	21 A Feel. You can move it back and forth to see
22	A No, the videotape.	22 where it is, relative position in the slots.
	O All you have is a videstane which I	23 Q Okay.
23	Q All you have is a videotape which which I	
23	already have, correct?	A That's all you can do well, without instrumentation, that's all you can do. Excuse me.

Page 310 Page 312 Q Okay. Now, this particular system is -- is to move, unless there's a severe cable looseness or capable of - well, let me - let me put it to you this 2 lag, extreme severity, you can't get the cam lever roller ball in -- from park detent into reverse without way: Would you agree that an operator is capable of 3 placing this particular gear selector system in gated moving some linkage -- some linkage. You've got to secured park? move some. A Sure. Q Okay. And that's - and that's where I was Q And you assume, given the number of miles on going, and probably you stated it better. So this this particular vehicle, that Mrs. Vetters was able to vehicle cannot move rearward in hydraulic reverse when accomplish that? the ball is in the park detent in the transmission; is A Sure. that correct? 10 10 11 Okay. Hundreds if not thousands of times. 11 À Not on this vehicle. 12 Would that be a fair assumption? 12 O Is that another way of saying -A I don't know her driving habits. I would say 13 That's another way of saying -- not on this 13 vehicle, no, that won't happen. that if she wanted to do it a thousand times, she gets 14 15 to do it a thousand times. 15 Q Okay. O Okay. You'd expect there would be a pretty 16 A That can happen, but not on this vehicle. 16 Okay. So the -- the only way that it's going 17 high number just given the mileage on the vehicle, 17 to move rearward in hydraulic reverse is if something 18 18 physically causes that ball to pull out of the -- the 19 A Actually, this is a -- for this occurrence, 19 it's pretty low mileage. 20 park detent into the reverse detent? 20 A Well, there's several ways. You can -- we've 21 Q Okay. 21 A Most -- most vehicles are higher mileage than 22 had door slams, tailgate slams, inadvertent contact --22 omitting bleed now, we're forgetting about bleed -- hit 23 this. This and Haller were two of the lowest mileage 23 24 vehicles I've had where this defect has come into play 24 -- hit -- vibrating the steering wheel, engine 25 so quickly. 25 vibration, very -- those kinds of conditions can cause Page 313 Page 311 that system to -- with the shift lever unlocked to Q Now, one of the complaints that I think I cause that ball detent, the roller detent, if you want, heard you -- you talk about earlier with respect to 2 your term false park mode on this system is when you --3 in the park detent to shift to reverse. You can do that with those kinds of conditions, but it has to be when you have a situation where the tang ends up short of gated park that you are in detented park in the some kind of disturbance. 6 Q And -- and that disturbance being what transmission, --A That's correct. exactly? 8 A Door slams, tailgate slams, people getting in -- correct? and out, inadvertent contact, vibration. There's --That's right. Q And when you're in detented park in the 10 I've done them all and I can get it to self shift 10 transmission, it also means you either have a fully without the shift lever in park lock slot. It will 12 engaged park pawl or at least a pawl that's abutted to 12 go. 13 or touching the park gear. 13 O Okay. A I'll get it, but it depends on what -- the -14 A That's correct. 14 the condition. Usually that happens with it blocked. 15 Q Okay. And is it your testimony that if you Q Do you know how much force it takes to take 16 have a condition -- a bleed condition where the 16 transmission fluid is -- is going into the reverse gear the detent roller ball out of the park detent? 17

79 (Pages 310 to 313)

A Not on this vehicle. I haven't measured it.

can put a force gage and measure it. I haven't -- I

A And there's a spec on the transmission. I

Q Okay. It takes some amount of force. Up to

That's why if we take -- when we take the cable off, I

18

19.

20

21

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23

24

25

haven't done it.

don't know what that is.

Q Okay.

18

21

22

23

that when it engages reverse gear it can cause the --

the detent ball at the rooster comb to go up and over

Q No. I'm asking you if that's what happens.

25 to -- that's -- that's a mechanical system. You have

A No, that's not my testimony. That's not my

No. Not -- if it's in park detent, you have

the peak into hydraulic reverse?

testimony because it wouldn't --

14

15

Page 314 this point in the case, you just haven't quantified that yet, correct? 2 A I have not quantified it, but there's no question there's a -- a force or -- you have to apply force to the manual -- outer manual lever to get this thing to shift. There's no question about that in my mind. Q And can engine vibration or door slam be a 9 force introduced into this vehicle that can cause the outer manual lever to move thereby also moving the detent ball out of the detented park position? 11. A With the pawl blocked and under certain 12 conditions I think you could do it, but it would -- it 13 would require some conditions. 14 15 Q Okay. And those conditions would be, again, 16 what? A False park. Classic false park and block 17 18 pawi. Q But -- but where does the force come from to 19 move the ball out of the detent position? 20 A Well, with that one it's gravity. You start 21

MR. SONNIER: Okay. We're done. 1 2 THE WITNESS: Okay. MR. SICO: Not quite. I've got just a 4 few myself. THE WITNESS: Okay. 5 MR. SONNIER: Should have known. 6 **EXAMINATION** 7 8 BY MR. SICO: 9 10

O Mr. Stilson, I have just a few questions for you. First I want to start with Exhibit No. 49, Discovery Exhibit No. 49 to this case, and just tell you that I think that picture represents the Vetters 12 vehicle in reverse with the vehicle -- with the motor running, and -- and presume that for me, okay. A Okay.

Page 316

Because I think there's some videotape that 16 Q we'll see of that that Mr. Koepele and another 17 18 gentleman did. If in fact the vehicle -- the Vetters vehicle is running and in reverse and it is abutted 19 against the blacktop of the road in that valley and 20 21 it's not moving, okay, --

22 A Okay.

23 -- is there some -- some fact related to that that helps you rule out a probability that that's how 24 the car was on the morning in question?

Page 315

straight up. You can -- you can close the door and I

with gravity. Let's cut the weight of gravity on it

that starts right now. The handle is trying to fall

down, so that's No. 1. No. 2 is the impact force.

It's a dynamic impact. It's impulse, momentum

- can cause that shift lever on -- on many vehicles to
- 3 move.

22

23

24

- Q Okay.
- A That's all it takes.
- Q In closing the door on the Vetters vehicle,
- were you able to get that lever to move?
- A I can't try.
- Q You didn't try it?
- A Never tried. I don't have any evidence that
- the door was closed that day, -11
- Q Okay. So --12
- 13 A -- so what's the point?
  - in in the on the Vetters vehicle,
- you don't know-whether, for example, closing a door can
- cause that shift lever to move off-the land into gated
- 17 reverse.
- A I don't know, and the only way I would do that 18
  - would be if Mr. Sico asks me because he has some reason
- 20 for me to do it. There's no reason to do it. There's
- no evidence the door was slammed on the day of the 21
- 22 accident before the vehicle moved, so what's the point?
- 23 But I don't know. I haven't done it.
- Q\_ Okay. 24
- 25 A If he asks me to do it, I'll do it.

Page 317 A Well, two things. First of all, if that were

- true, then the reverse light would be on because if you
- put this in reverse, the reverse -- backup light would
- be on in the vehicle, and I can't make out one way or
- another whether that's true.
  - Q Well, I'm asking you to presume it's on.
  - But assume -- assume that's true, okay. Well,
- no, because now you have -- if this vehicle is stuck
- now, you've gotta have some disturbance to unstick it.
- Something's gotta happen to make it move out of that
- position because it doesn't have the -- the required 11
- 12 torque and engine.

13

It's -- what -- what you're looking at is 14 what is sometimes referred to as breakaway. There's a certain amount of force that has to be delivered to the vehicle to force the tires to overcome the blockage.

- 17 Q I will tell you that I was there that day and there was force applied by the manner of placing the B 18
- pillar down the middle of one of the expert's backs and
- they pushed against the car to get it to move. Are
- you aware of any evidence in this case, using the
- definition direct evidence or other, as to whether or not somebody, or Mrs. Vetters, pushed that vehicle in 23
- 24 some respect or created any other disturbance?
- 25 MR. SONNIER: Objection, form.

Page 318 Page 320 A I don't have any evidence one way or another fully in park, yeah, that's -- that's basically what that -- that that -- that would have occurred, so 2 scenario No. 2 now. I don't think that Ms. -- I can tell you this: What Q Okay. If some information comes forward in you said is true. I don't think Mrs this case that we don't have now that suggests that Vetters? that is no longer the most probable scenario, what do -- Vetters was over there pushing on the B you believe the most probable scenario would then be? pillar. I can assure you that. A We'd have to go to one. We'd have to go to 8 Okay. 8 the false park position where the vehicle was in a A That's -- that's about what I'm going to say. position between park and reverse where it was capable 10 All right. 10 of retaining the vehicle, the parking pawl was capable A I won't say that -- that -- that it's not 11 11 of retaining the vehicle on the ramp and it was in the possible, but I don't think she's over there pushing on 12 parking -- the park and the parking rooster comb was the B pillar. 13 not in -- was in the false detent position. It was 13 14 VIDEOGRAPHER: I have five minutes of tape not -- it was either on the peak, or close to it, and 14 15 left. 15 then that shift lever was between the park and reverse 16 MR. SICO: Okay. 16 17 (By Mr. Sico) Earlier there was a discussion 17 Q Okay. 18 about inexperience with regards to the folks that may 18 That would be a false park position. 19 have evaluated this car coming off the -- the assembly 19 All right. 20 plant or the assembly form. 20 A It doesn't have to be the classical park --21 A Yeah. 21 false parks, but it certainly is a false park position. What do you mean by that kind of inexperience? 22 Q Last question I have for you is the — the 23 Are you talking about somebody that's been on the job 23 solenoid coupler, or coupling I guess is what I'll call 24 two weeks or some other kind of inexperience? it, I'm not exactly sure what the full name for it 24 25 No. They weren't experienced with this is -- where on the subject vehicle it is unclipped --Page 321 Page 319 system. They had -- this system was new for 2002 1 A Uh-huh. production, so they had to become familiar with it in 2 - and it no longer makes contact. You're the change from -- there's a -- there's a time when the familiar with that? 2001 stops and the 2002 starts to be integrated in the Α Sure. line during Job 1. 5 Okay. Q Okay. 6 The interlock. A And so what -- what -- that line integration 7 Q After your review of the bucks and the where they start to shift the systems, those people are 8 material and -- and the subject unit in this case, if inexperienced with that new system, not with what in fact -- well, do you have an opinion as to whether 9 10 they're doing. These are assembly people. 10 or not there could have been a time when on the Vetters 11 Q Okay. 11 vehicle that actually -- that assembly might have They're not inexperienced in assembly 12 worked and then later on, through stress or some other 13 operations, they're inexperienced with that new system. 13 reason, it may no longer work properly? 14 Q On page five of your report, you all talked 14 MR. SONNIER: Objection to form. about three scenarios at length and you've - I think 15 Sure. That's a possibility. 16 you've testified that you believe that what's most 16 What -- what would your opinion be? probable, based on what you know today, is scenario No. 17 My opinion would be that based on the fact 2. And first off, is that right? that I see the condition that it's -- that it's 18 19 A Well, in the sense of the specific defect of 19 separated, that if -- if it wasn't built that way and the brake interlock -- shift interlock -improperly clipped, that there -- that the retention 20 Q Okay. 21 system had to somehow fail, otherwise it wouldn't be 21

22

23

24

25

where it is:

witness.

MR. SICO: Thank you, sir. Pass the

**RE-EXAMINATION** 

22

23

24

Now -

-- failure mode that's correct.

And the system in park at the transmission and

parking pawl engaged and the -- the park lever not

Page 324 Page 322 Okay. You didn't take that cover off? BY MR. SONNIER: Q Did you -- real quick, and I think we'll be Absolutely not. 2 done. On -- on the housing of the solenoid, the -- you Okay. 3 A I waited. referred to it as a coupler. You -- you noted earlier You were asked about disturbances to the 5 that you found some damage to that, correct? vehicle, and that to -- to get a certain, you know, A No. I -- it appears to me that they just thing to happen to cause it to go into reverse in a didn't interlock it. hydraulic mode it may require something like closing a Q It's pulled -- it's kind of pulled away? The door, bumping the vehicle, opening a door; is that outside cover's pulled away? correct? 10 A The -- the cover has a little snap tab and 10 A Some external disturbance. It would require it's -- it's not engaged. 11 that. Other -- omitting hydraulic bleed. You don't 12 Q The tabs are not engaged? need that with hydraulic bleed, but you do that to self A Well, either that or it's failed. I don't 13 shift into reverse on this vehicle, on this system. I know which because I --14 agree with that. 15 O Okay. Q Okay. So a disturbance that could -- that 16 A -- I can't get in there to see it. 16 could cause that to move would -- would be opening, 17 Q Other than that, did you see any other 17 18 closing a door? 18 markings or conditions with the solenoid or the -- the 19 A Those are the potential systems that -- that housing for the solenoid? in my experience, over the years of testing these types A Within my visibility observing range, which 20 of systems with this kind of a rooster comb, this kind was very difficult on that to look at, I didn't see 21 of a hydraulic valve system, this kind of a gear shift 22 anything beyond that, but of course I'm not -- I -- at this point, until we take it out -- that's why I want 23 system --23 (AT WHICH TIME THE WITNESS'S CELL PHONE 24 to take it out. Either we're going to remove the 24 25 RINGS.) cable or we have to remove the whole steering column Page 325 Page 323 -- sorry -- that would be a scenario that because I -- I do want to look at that and find out, if would explain why it can do that. I can, why it separated. Q Do you know whether anyone had ever taken the Q Do you agree with me, that if -- if the vehicle's in a configuration where it's left in reverse cover or the shroud off of the steering column prior to but there's some obstruction behind the rear wheels, you inspecting this vehicle? that depending on the configuration of the obstruction A My -- well, do I know means do I know for a you can do something to the vehicle to cause it to fact? I don't know for a fact, but I know that there's no information that says that somebody did. There's overcome that obstruction? MR. SICO: Objection, in -- incomplete no repairs or information in the maintenance records that I was provided that would say somebody would take hypothetical, vague, ambiguous. that off --11 A I guess my problem is you're talking about inertia here. This is not a -- this is not a shift 12 Q Okay. 13 lever where you're applying a force or slamming a door. 13 -- for any reason. 14 You're -- you now have inertia. You gotta overcome the Q Did -- did you take it off during your 14 15 inspection of September the 6th, your first inspection? inertia of this vehicle to make it roll --Q Okay. A No. I -- Mr. Koepele --16 A -- over this system. You have to physically 17 17 THE WITNESS: Is that who was there? force this vehicle because if reverse isn't going to MR. SICO: No. I think he's talking about 18 get it over it, you have to provide -- or somebody has your first one. to provide some power or energy, and I -- I -- it's 20 Q (By Mr. Sonnier) I'm talking about your first inspection on September the 6th. just -- it could be done. It can be done, but it's 21 not something that is commonplace. A Oh, of course not. 22 22 23 For instance, I'll give you a good 23 Q The first time you looked at it. example. There's videotapes that I've done where we .--A I did no destructive testing whatsoever. 24 24 the way we measure just -- just to show it, the 25 Nothing. I didn't do anything.

	The second secon
Page 326	
2 engagement of the parking pawl, we have two people push	The dense time and held it for
3 this car backwards on level ground, two.	(The deposition concluded at 3.13 p.int.,
4 Q This car meaning which car are you talking	3 on 10/13/05.)
5 about?	
6 A The vehicles that I've tested. It takes two	5
7 people to push, sometimes it takes two people to push	1 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
8 that vehicle backwards to show that it in fact is on	8
9 ground.	9
10 MR. SICO: I think you're out of tape.	10
11 MR. SONNIER: I have just got a couple	11
12 more.	12
13 A So you've got one or two people pushing hard	13
14 and I have tried, and I have to tell you I have to push	14
15 hard and with my feet or push hard with my hands to	15
16 get the vehicle that to to simply move backwards	16
17 enough to do that little click into park. It's not an	17
18 easy prospect.	18
19 Q Okay. Now assuming —	10 19
20 A That's the inertia of the vehicle. Now this	20
21 is stuck.	20
22 Q Assuming the vehicle is in fully gated	22
23 reverse -	23
24 A Sure.	24
25 Q — at the column and in the transmission, the	25
depends on the size of the obstacle, correct?  A I wouldn't argue that. I can't argue that.  Q Okay. For example, if I'm on a surface and I put this vehicle out there and I put, you know, a 2 x 4 behind the wheels, that may be something that could obstruct movement of the vehicle even though it's left in hydraulic reverse.  A Oh, they do that in dealerships. They—they put—they're supposed to block out the wheels when they work on the vehicle.  Q Okay. But you agree with me that something like a 2 x 4 could be an obstruction introduced to prevent it from moving rearward when left in hydraulic reverse.  A Well, I'd rather see a 4 x 4, but 2 x 4 will obstruct it.  Q Okay. On the other hand, if I put a smaller item back there, it may not take as much force to overcome in order to get it to continue rearward in hydraulic reverse.  A I wouldn't argue with that.  MR. SONNIER: Okay. That's all I have.	JOHN STILSON  3 4 STATE OF TEXAS 5 COUNTY OF 6 SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me by said 7 Witness, JOHN STILSON, on this the day of 8, 2005. 9 10  11 Notary Public in and for the State of Texas  12 13  Typed or Printed Name of 14 Notary Public My Commission Expires:  15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24 THE WITNESS: Okay.	24
25 MR. SICO: We're done.	25

Page 330	Page 332
1 WITNESS CORRECTION SHEET	1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
The witness, JOHN STILSON, states he wishes to	2 CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION
3 make the following changes or corrections in his testimony as originally given:	STEVEN T. VETTERS, INDIVIDUALLY *
A	4 AND AS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE *
Page, Line 5 Now reads:	ESTATE OF SHARON G. VETTERS, * 5 DECEASED, AND FOR AND ON BEHALF *
5 Now reads:	ALL THOSE ENTITLED TO RECOVER FOR*
Should read: 6 Reason for Change:	6 THE DEATH OF SHARON G. VETTERS *
Page, Line	UNDER THE TEXAS WRONGFUL DEATH *
7 Now reads:	7 AND SURVIVAL ACTS, ERIN VETTERS * RUEL, STEVEN B. VETTERS, JOHN W. *
Should read:	8 STOCKTON, AND HAZEL L. STOCKTON *
8 Reason for Change:	
Page , Line 9 Now reads: Should read:	9 VS. * CA NO. 05-03
Should read:	10 DAIMLERCHRYSLER CORPORATION *
10 Reason for Change:	11
Page, Line 11 Now reads:	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE OF FILING  12 VIDEOTAPED ORAL DEPOSITION OF JOHN STILSON
Should read:	October 13, 2005
12 Reason for Change	13 The first section of the extended for the first section (
Page, Line	I, REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, Certified Shorthand Reporter  14 in and for the State of Texas, do hereby certify,
13 Now reads:Should read:	pursuant to the Rules and/or agreement of the parties
14 Reason for Change:	15 present, to the following:
(Attach additional pages, if necessary.)	16 Certify that \$ is the charge for the
15	preparation of the completed original deposition and 17 any copies of exhibits, which is hereby taxed against
16 JOHN STB SON, Witness	and payable by the plaintiff.
16 JOHN STILSON, Witness 17 STATE OF TEXAS *	18
18 SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me by the said	I further certify that the original deposition was  19 submitted to the witness on, 2005,
witness, JOHN STILSON, on this the day of	that same was to be examined and signed by the witness
19, 2005.	20 within days of said date and was was not
20	returned to CERTIFIED REPORTING AND VIDEO, Certified  21 Shorthand Reporters, by , and the
21 Notary Public in and for the	attached witness Correction Sheet contains changes, if
State of Texas	22 any, made by the witness, and that the
<b>22</b>	original/certified copy of the original deposition,
23 Typed or Printed Name of	23 together with copies of all exhibits, if any, was delivered to, 2005.
Notary Public	24
24 My Commission Expires:	I further certify that the following
25	includes all parties or counsel of record at the time     of taking said deposition:
	or taking said deposition.
Page 331	Page 333
Page 331	Page 333
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  3
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 3 I, REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, a Certified 4 Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Texas,	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  I further certify that a copy of this
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 3 I, REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, a Certified 4 Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Texas, 5 hereby certify that this deposition transcript is a	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  I further certify that a copy of this  certificate was served on all parties or their counsel
1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 3 I, REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, a Certified 4 Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Texas, 5 hereby certify that this deposition transcript is a 6 true record of the testimony given by the witness named	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  I further certify that a copy of this  certificate was served on all parties or their counsel named herein.
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1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 3 I, REBECCA A. HINOJOSA, a Certified 4 Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Texas, 5 hereby certify that this deposition transcript is a 6 true record of the testimony given by the witness named 7 herein, after said witness was duly sworn or affirmed 8 by me.	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  I further certify that a copy of this  certificate was served on all parties or their counsel named herein.
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE  I REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE  REPORTER'S CERTIFICA	Mr. Craig Sico, Counsel for Plaintiff(s)  Mr. Robert Sonnier, Counsel for Defendant(s)  I further certify that a copy of this  certificate was served on all parties or their counsel named herein.  WITNESS MY HAND, this the day of,  A.D. 2005.  REBECCA A. HINOJOSA  Certified Shorthand Reporter Certificate No. 3937
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